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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 139 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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COMPLETIONS
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THE METROPOLITAN
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Import Licensing Authority Decentralized

PROGRAMME FOR NEXT 6 MONTHS

Priority For Capital Goods And Drugs

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI).

THE Government of India today announced the import licensing programme for July-December 1950 with no major changes in the programme.

The programme provides for the continuity of policy of financing imports from the export earnings and releases from the Sterling Balances. High degree of priority is continued to be given to capital goods, essential machinery and essential consumer goods such as drugs, medicines and paper.

Some dollar cars in completely knocked down condition will be allowed.

Important changes in the licensing procedure have been announced, namely decentralization of licensing authority and extension of licensing period in some cases to 12 months instead of 6 months.

A Commerce Ministry press note said: "The Government of India's decisions governing the issue of licences for imports of goods falling under Part I (excluding items licensed by the Steel Import Controller) II, III, IV and V of the Import Trade Control Schedule for the licensing period July-December 1950 have been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary of June 15, 1950

"Adequate provision has been made for meeting the country's requirements of machinery and industrial raw materials and also for essential consumer goods. As far as possible, continuity of policy is maintained. Capital goods and machinery essential for the development of the country once again enjoy a high degree of priority.

The general aim of the policy is to provide for a foreign exchange budget so that the imports will not exceed earnings from exports in addition to releases from the Sterling Balances. The ceiling for commercial imports for July-December 1950 has been fixed with due regard to the country's essential requirements of capital goods, raw materials and essential consumer goods such as drugs and medicines and paper.

The new policy recognises India's needs of surgical instruments and adequate provision is made for the

(Continued on Page 7)

DOCK WORKERS' PROCESSION

Four thousand stevedores marched in procession on Wednesday evening, shouting slogans, and bearing placards. The procession which started from Carnac Bunder passed through Bhendi Bazar and J.J. Hospital area. No untoward incidents occurred.

RELIEF RUSHED TO FLOODED AREAS

People In Darjeeling Move To Safer Zones

CALCUTTA, June 14. (PTI)

FOOD and medical supplies are being rushed by air to Darjeeling and Kalimpong, West Bengal's summer resorts, which have been worst affected by landslides during the week-end's cyclone and heavy downpour throughout Eastern India. At one place nearly 18 inches of rain fell in 24 hours.

Only wireless communication is being maintained now between Assam, Darjeeling and some other places in West Bengal on one hand and the rest of India on the other. Rail, road and tele-communication throughout West Bengal and Assam have been badly affected.

Four rivers, Mayurakshi, Tista, Ajoyk and Cossye, which are in spate have flooded vast areas in South-West and North Bengal. Hundreds of cattle and domestic animals have been washed away. The flood however, have not claimed any human life so far. Flood waters were reported to be receiding today, but more rivers in Assam and East Bengal are feared to overflow their banks when the rainwater accumulated in Assam Hills reached the plains in a few days.

45 KILLED; 20 INJURED

Forty-five persons, all local inhabitants, were killed and 20 injured in the landslides in Darjeeling. This is the worst disaster in Darjeeling since the night of September 24, 1899, when more than 100 people were killed in landslides following 28 inches of rainfall in 36 hours.

Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal, who is now in Darjeeling, visited several affected areas and saw relief work. Large scale evacuation was carried out from several areas in Darjeeling during the past two days.

Mr. N. B. Maity, West Bengal's Minister for Supplies, who returned here today from an aerial survey of flood-affected areas in Midnapore, told pressmen that the coastal belts in Midnapore on the Bay of Bengal appeared deserted for "miles and miles". Thousands of people had already left their homes for Contai, a sub-divisional town in the District.

No estimate of the damage caused by the cyclones and heavy rain was available, but it was expected to be very heavy.

AFFECTED AREAS

The areas affected are stated to be Chowrasta, Jalapahar, North Point, Darogabazar and other points near Bloomfield police lines, Victoria Hospital and the railway station. Those whose houses are situated in danger zones have been evacuated to safer places like schools and other public institutions. The Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police have also left their bungalows. Prisoners in Darjeeling jail have been brought to town and kept under guard by the jail staff, assisted by the police. Oakden, where the Government's

(Continued on Page 7)

Mohan-Jo-Daro Is Now Safe

KARACHI, June 14 (UPI).

"Mohan-jo-Daro is now safe and the danger of submersion by the rising waters of the Indus has receded", Pakistan's Director of Archaeology, Moulvi Shamsuddin, told UPI here today.

Engineers and officials of the Sind PWD are already on the spot and precautionary measures are being taken. No needs has so far arisen to divert the waters of the Indus, but if need be this would be done to save the historic "city of the dead".

Nehru Tours Beauty Spots In Bali Island

SINGAPORE, (Bali) June 14. (PTI).

THOUSANDS of belles of Bali, clad in bright sarongs and multi-coloured blouses, and men and children enthusiastically gave three "Jai Hind" cheers for Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who halted here for an hour during his drive today to beauty spots in the island, cables P.T.I. Special Correspondent.

President Soekarno and Pandit Nehru addressed a mass meeting here and then motored to Cintamani, a mountain resort where they had lunch. Throughout the two hundred-mile drive across plains and mountains crowds lined most of the route. At one stage villagers from surrounding areas erected an avenue of palm leaves and bamboos for a distance of 30 miles.

At several points, Pandit Nehru and President Soekarno stopped the car to enable girls who came dancing with vases heaped with flowers to shower them upon them. At Bedoegoel and Boejan and other villages there were impromptu mass meetings where President Soekarno conducted Pandit Nehru and his daughter Mrs. Indira Gandhi to a rostrum and introduced India's Prime Minister to the audience as "Bung Nehru".

IN VILLAGES

On his return from Cintamani to Den Pasar Pandit Nehru halted to see mountain of lava at Goenoeng Batoer. This volcano erupted in 1926 and engulfed several villages.

He stopped at a few villages where the local populace received him with orchestras. At several points, priests chanted strange hymns in Javanese and threw flowers. Some priests, I was told, were chasing away evil spirits which might haunt our way.

While returning, the party was caught in a heavy downpour. Despite lashing rain crowds of Balinese villages, many stripped to the waist and holding banana leaves for umbrellas cheered the party.

The Raja of Bali entertained Pandit Nehru and President Soekarno to dinner tonight and for an hour the visitors watched Balinese dance pieces depicting Ramayana.

VISIT TO ARTIST

President Soekarno led the forty-car long convoy through blinding rain and pitch darkness to the house of the famous Belgian painter, Le Mayeur, where Pandit Nehru and President Soekarno studied by oil lamp the world famous paintings of Le Mayeur's beautiful Balinese wife Ni Pollik.

M. Le Mayeur explained to his guests he came to Bali 18 years ago to paint for six months but has never left the island since.

He married the beautiful Ni Pollik who is now practically his only subject.

President Soekarno today spoke at four meetings. At each he drew enthusiastic cheers by declaring "New Guinea will be Indonesian within this year".

R.C.P. Banned In Assam

SHILLONG, June 14 (PTI): The Revolutionary Communist Party of India has been declared unlawful in Assam.

Announcing this, a Gazette notification stated today: The Governor of Assam is of the opinion that every association in the State known as the Revolutionary Communist Party of India has for its object interference with the administration of law and with the maintenance of law and order, constituting danger to public peace. Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sec. 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act of 1908, the Governor declared every such association to be unlawful".

DONKEY CART UNION!

KARACHI, June 14 (UPI):— "Donkey cart owners unions", probably the first of its kind in the world, has been formed by the donkey cart owners of Karachi.

In a representation to the Government, the Association has urged upon the Government to speed up the registration of donkey carts in the city. It has also complained that out of a total of 2,000 donkey carts in Karachi, only 700 have so far been registered.

Military Adviser

General Courtney H. Hodges (U.S. Army, retired) who has been appointed by the United Nations as military adviser to Sir Owen Dixon, U.N. Mediator in Kashmir. Hodges, 63, will hold consultations at U.N. Headquarters in Lake Success this week, prior to his departure for the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent. He was first Deputy Commander to Gen. Omar N. Bradley, and led Allied troops in liberating Paris. He also led the troops that made the first contact with Russian forces in Germany.

S. AFRICA SITTING ON A VOLCANO

Red Coup Plan Alleged

'MOVE TO CUT OFF STRATEGIC POINTS IN COUNTRY'

CAPE TOWN, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).

SOUTH AFRICA was warned today by the Minister of Justice, Mr. Charles Ewart, that "a secret organisation among the natives led by Communists was preparing a coup on a date to be named."

Moving the second reading of the Government's Suppression of Communism Bill in the House of Assembly he declared that the members of the organisation were trained and instructed and placed in all the most important departments of public life.

On a given date, when "a secret sign" was given, one man would be ordered to poison water supplies. Another would cut off power and light at power-stations. Others were trained to murder people whom they wanted to keep out of the way.

Mr. Ewart said that he had a list obtained from the Communist Party offices, which was only one indication of the Communist determination to gain control of trade unions.

The trade unions which had Communist members included those representing municipal employees, teachers, iron and steel workers, laundry, railway and harbour workers, commercial travellers and journalists.

"We in South Africa are sitting on a volcano", he said. "Even South Africa's oldest statesman now battling against death (General Smuts) has described Communism as "this sinister, even if silent, process."

THE GROUND FOR GROWTH

Mr. Ewart described South Africa as a fertile field for Communism. Communist agitation, he said, was one of the main causes of periodic racial disturbances in the land.

The "ordinary native" did not understand" the doctrines of Marx, Trotsky and others", but the Communist Party exploited the conditons in the country to create imaginary grievances.

Non-Europeans were being persuaded into artificial hatred and envy and to overthrow the whole system in South Africa and eliminate the White man.

It was the declared policy of the South African Communist Party to "break down all race barriers", destroy all colour bars and extend the franchise to all adults, irrespective of race or colour with the full right to be elected to Parliament and other public bodies.

The Bill gave the Governor-General power to ban any publication if he was satisfied it propagated or furthered the cause of Commuiom or of an illegal organisation.

OPPOSITION

The Opposition amendment, which Mr. Strauss moved after Mr. Ewart had finished speaking, said that the House while "convinced of the necessity of combating Communism by legislation declines to pass the second reading of the Bill."

"In seeking to combat communistic totalitarianism it creates fascist despotism", the amendment said, "in that it clothes the executive with unnecessarily wide and despotic powers". It failed "to provide for full and effective access to the courts "and made "intolerable inroads upon the freedom of the citizen, including power to violate the sanctity of the home."

The Government must see that people did not drift into a state of despair and frustration", he declared. "There must be a correct social and economic policy."

PAKISTAN OFFICER EXPRESSES REGRET

Kashmir Incident

JAMMU, June 14 (PTI): Brigadier Sher Ali of the Pakistan Army has, it is authoritatively learnt, expressed regret over last Sunday's border incident in which one officer and five soldiers of the Kashmir forces were killed.

The Pakistan Brigadier who came from across the Pakistan side to express regret before the State troops, described the incident as "unfortunate."

TEXTILE TALKS LEAD TO NO DECISION

Conflicting Views On Cotton Problem

DECISION TO BE REACHED AT DELHI SOON

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE three-day textile talks initiated by Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, concluded today without any definite decision being arrived at. Mr. Mahatab will be leaving for Delhi tomorrow.

The Minister told the pressmen at the conclusion of the talks that there was a sharp difference of opinion as regards the solution of the cotton problem. The arguments on both the sides were "plausible, witty and equally strong." He declared that the Government of India will announce their final decision next week after considering the views expressed by various interests concerned.

Expressing what he called his personal opinion, Mr. Mahatab said that there were several points to be considered. There was in the first instance a shortage of cotton in the country, and steps were therefore to be taken to encourage intensive cotton cultivation. Care was to be taken to see that food production was in no way affected by this.

GANDHIAN WAY

According to the Minister, it was in the best interest of the country to follow the advice offered by Mahatma Gandhi in 1924, to cut the Gordian knot of the present textile tangle. That advice was "that all the mill-made cloth should be exported and the internal requirements of cloth should be met by the cottage industries."

The Minister stressed that it was absolutely necessary to maintain the export trade in the general interest of the country, and he therefore urged that the political party holding reins of administartion in the counrty should make a serious attempt to give effect to Mahatma's advice.

Mr. Mahatab said that whatever sacrifice, suffering and discipline that were necessary for the implementation of Gandhiji's advice should be forthcoming from the people. In this connection he cited the instance of Great Britain where the people had voluntarily undergone hardships for the maintenance of their export trade. It was desirable that India should emulate their example, he added.

The Minister asserted that if the people were to determine to forego the mill-made cloth for two years, he was confident that the problem that faced them today would be solved satisfactorily during that period. He had no doubt that the people were patriotic enough to follow that course.

TEXTILE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Textile Avisory Committee concluded its final session this afternoon with the Supply Minister in the chair. The report of the Sub-Committee appointed yesterday to investigate into the question of collective buying of cotton was considered in all its details at today's meeting. The general view expressed by the Sub Committee was that the prices of cotton should be raised. Detailed discussion indicated that all the Millowners' Associations except the Bombay Millowners' Association was prepared to give a trial to the scheme of collective buying.

The question of cotton prices for the

(Continued on Page 7)

3 Per Cent Loan Floated

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Government of India have announced the floating of a loan of Rs. 30 crores at three per cent, to be repaid at par in 1964.

The issue price is Rs. 100 per Rs. 100, and subscriptions will be received in the form of either cash or 2-1/2 per cent bonds, 1950, also at par.

Subscriptions will be received from June 19 to June 21, but may be closed earlier without notice.

Hunt For Reds In Ceylon

COLOMBO, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Ceyoln's Prime Minister Mr. Don Stephen Senanayake, has ordered one of his Cabinet ministers to investigate Communist activity in his department, a usually reliable source reported here today.

This was stated to be the latest step in a Government anti-Communist drive which has been going quietly for some time.

ANOTHER S. S. C. MUDDLE

Failed Student Passes!

RAJPIPLA, June 13 (PTI): Fifteen days after the S.S.C. results were declared, a local High School student received a telegram from the S.S.C. Board reversing their decision in his case.

Kanaiyalal Natwarlal was declared unsuccessful when the results were announced on May 29. Today he was telegraphically informed that he had passed the examination.

A week before, a Surat student who was declared passed on May 29, learnt from the Board that he has failed in the examination.

I. N. SHIPS IMPRESS INDONESIANS

ON BOARD I.N.S. "DELHI", June 14 (PTI): Between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M. today, ships of the Indian Naval Squadron were thrown open to the personnel of the Indonesian forces. The cleanliness of the ships and the smart bearing of the officers and ratings created a very good impression on the Indonesian officers.

Later in the afternoon, the public were shown round the ship and crowds of people were seen making their way to Madura jetty. Apart from the curiosity of seeing the ship it was evident that the Indonesian people desired to get acquainted with Indian officers and ratings.

EXPORT LICENCES TO PAKISTAN

Validity Period Extended

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): The validity of the provisional licences which had been issued for export of commodities like cotton textiles cotton yarn and mustard oil under the recent Indo-Pakistan Trade Agreement has been extended from June 15 to June 30, 1950, according to a pess note issued by the Ministry of Commerce today.

The note says that representations have been received that as no letters of credit have yet been anthorised by the State Bank of Pakistan, the date for production of letters of cerdit should be further extended. It has, therefore, been decided that provisional licences will remain valid till June 30, upto which date the licence holders will be allowed to produce letters of credit for purposes of confirmation.

Polish Envoy Killed

FRANKFURT, June 14 (PTI-Reuter) Mr. Caveri Pruszynshi, Polish Minister to Holland, was killed at Rhynern, about eight miles north-east of Dusseldorf, when his car collided with a German lorry, the Polish Consulate-General here stated today.

SECURITY COUNCIL DEADLOCK: NO SIGNS OF SETTLEMENT

Egypt And France Unwilling To Support Communist China

NEW YORK, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).

THE subjsct of Communist China's representation on the Security Council would not be settled this month, according to indications available here.

Mr. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary General, who said recently that a solution to this question "must be found in June or July", met the French representative on the Council, Mr. Jean Chauval, and the Egyptian representative, Mahmoud Fawzi Bey, yesterday.

NO CHANGE

M. Chauval has recently been to Paris for consultations with his Government. It is learned that after his talks with Mr. Chauval, Mr. Lie came to the conclusion that there was no prospect of an immediate change of attitude of the French Government to Communist China.

Mr. Lie has kept Mr. Benegal Narsing Rau, this month's President of the Council, informed of his activities.

Mr. Lie has apparently been concentrating his hopes on a change of attitude on the part of France and Egypt to secure a seven-vote majority in the Council for Communist representation, but it was believed that so far he had drawn blank with the representatives of the two countries.

Mr. Lie today met Mr. Gopala Menon, India's alternative delegate in the Security Council.

Mr. Rao, at present convalescing at Colarado Springs, is expected to return to Lake Success within a few days.

NO MEETING

Since there is no important question before the Council, it was considered possible that no meeting of the Council might be called merely as a formality.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna Per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8.

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted to marry a girl between 17 to 24 years (Punjabi) of good respectable poor family or prefer refugee fair looking and good habits. Apply to Box No. 8021 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Hindi knowing trained lady teacher B.Sc., or M.Sc., capable to take General Science in High School Classes. Salary Rs. 120/- p.m. Apply sharp with testimonials and teaching experience to the Principal, Vasanta College for Women, Kamachha, Benares."

(8030)

Wanted young matriculates with over 45 marks in English to work as Copy holder during day/night shifts. Starting salary Rs. 60 plus Rs. 40/- D.A. Apply in own hand writing with testimonials to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, between 3 p.m. and 4 p.m.

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Lucrative Business Career Awaits You. Join Davar's College of Commerce. Law Economics and Banking for suitable Professional Diploma Courses. Enrolments proceeding for Golden Jubilee Session commenced 12th June. Training personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

(1899)

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

INVESTMENT

Buy Indian Irons and other marketable shares on 40 per cent margin or cash basis. Write also for unique risk-free investment schemes — thousands benefited Investors' Cartel Limited, 198-1, Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta, Chairman—Rt. Hon. Lord Sinha.

(7978) (1)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to popularise our scheme of free distribution of pure Woollen Shawls, silky Sarees or genuine Wrist Watches against temporary but recoverable layout of Rs. 2/- only. Apply sharp: J. B. Thomas and Co. P. B. 328, Kanpur.

7985

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from industrialists for factory sites in the Faridabad township, 16 miles south of Delhi on the Delhi-Agra Road and on the main G. I. P. Railway line. Total available industrial area is 1,000 acres in plots of sizes varying between 1|2 acre and 20 acres.

2. The Bata Shoe Co., Ltd., have already concluded agreement with the Faridabad Development Board for 20 acre modern factory and have started work. 67 other applications received by Board for factory sites of various sizes are under consideration.

3. Development of the township has progressed sufficiently for industrialists to start work. 16 miles of road already built and partly metalled; Tube-wells yielding 35 lakh gallons a day already completed and pipelines laid; 6,000 KW power plant already arrived at site and erection expected to be completed early 1951 when power will be available at industrial rate prevailing in Delhi. Diesel generating sets already installed and limited quantity of power will be available for industries during interim period at cost. Telephone connections already available. Post and Telegraph office opened. Branch of Imperial Bank of India to be opened middle of June.

4. Applicants for factory sites should state their requirements as follows:—

(a) Land in acres;

(b) Electric power in KW; and

(c) Water in gallons per day.

Applicants should also state the nature of the industry they propose to establish and whether they have any past experience of the industry and the amount of capital to be invested on (a) plant and buildings; and (b) working capital.

SUDHIR GHOSH,
Secretary.

Faridabad Development Board.
C|o. The Ministry of
Rehabilitation.
NEW DELHI

8012

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ANDHRA INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, MASULIPATAM

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the Policy-holders of the Andhra Insurance Co., Ltd., Masulipatam will be held at the Company's Registered Office, "Andhra Insurance Buildings", Masulipatam on Saturday, the 21st October, 1950, at 3 P.M. to elect three Directors.

Only and all persons holding otherwise than as assignees one or more Policies of Life Insurance issued by the Company for a total sum of not less than Rs. 3,000|- including any bonuses that may have attached to them before the date of election (provided the Policies shall have been in force for not less than 3 years) shall be eligible for election as Directors, provided further that the assignment of the policies to the person who took-out the policy shall not disqualify that person from being eligible for election as a Director.

Applications are invited from eligible persons prepared to accept Office as elected Directors of the Company. Such applications shall be sent by Registered Post to the Head Office of the Company so as to reach on or before 21st August, 1950 and shall be made in the English Language or a principal language of the Madras State. The application shall further give the applicant's name and address and the numbers of and amounts of the sums assured by the policies by virtue of which he claims to be eligible for election.

Every Policyholder who desires to attend the meeting shall apply to the Company for a Certificate of Admission and such application should reach the Company on or before 21st August 1950 and the Company on being satisfied that the applicant holds a policy of Life Assurance issued by the Company not less than 6 months before the date of election will issue a certificate not later than 21st September 1950. Such certificate will, if applied for by post, be sent only to the address of the policyholder or if applied for in person be delivered only on production of the relevant policy. A certificate of admission shall not be transferable. Only policyholders who produce the certificate of admission granted to them shall be admitted to the meeting.

Policyholders can vote at the meeting either in person or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and in Form IV—A to the Schedule to the Insurance Rules under the hand of the appointer in favour of the policyholder. The proxies shall reach the Head Office of the Company on or before 3 P.M. on 21st September 1950.

By Order of the Board,
D. SUBRAHMANIAM,
M.A., F.I.A., F.S.S., (London).
Secretary

MASULIPATAM
D/- 1-6-1950

ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for "Electrical wiring of sub-station Buildings" at Ahmedabad, Baroda, Nadiad, Anand, Kalol and Barejadi in connection with the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme are invited from firms of licenced contractors by the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1. They will be received in his office up to 11-0 a.m. on 17th July 1950 and opened on the same day at 2-30 p.m. in the presence of such of the Tenderers as may desire to be present. The estimated cost of the work is Rs. 26,250 and the earnest money to be paid is Rs. 262.

2. Blank tender forms with specifications and conditions of contract can be obtained on payment of Rs. 25/- per copy on any working day up to the 30th June 1950. Firms outside Bombay may obtain copies on remittance of cost by money order. Tender sent by post should be sent in Registered cover and sealed superscribed with a heading "TENDER FOR ELECTRICAL WIRING OF SUB-STATION BUILDINGS" at Ahmedabad, etc."

The Electrical Commissioner reserves the right to reject any or all the quotations without assigning any reasons.

(8009)

THE EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

STEAMER FOR SALE

S.S. "AZADI" of the above Company lying in Bombay Harbour, about 1380 d.w. tons is offered for sale. Intending purchasers are requested to send an offer for the vessel as a trading unit or for braking purposes as and where she lies. The sale is subject to necessary permission from the Government of India. Details regarding speed, machinery, etc., could be had on application from the undersigned liquidators at Advani Chambers, 2nd floor, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. Every offer must be accompanied by earnest money of Rs. 5,000/-. Offers will be received upto 15th July, 1950. The Liquidators will not be bound to accept the highest offer or any other offer.

R. C. DIVAN
H. F. CAPTAIN
Liquidators
(8026)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3 Per Cent LOAN 1964

Limited To Rs. 30 Crores (Approximately)

Opening On 19th June, 1950 and Closing on 21st June, 1950

or

EARLIER WITHOUT NOTICE

Issue Price Rs. 100 Per Rs. 100 (Nominal)

Subscriptions will be received in the form of cash or 2½ Per Cent Bonds, 1950.

2½ PER CENT BONDS 1950 WILL BE ACCEPTED as SUBSCRIPTIONS at Rs. 100 for every Rs. 100 (Nominal) tendered for conversion.

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Imperial Bank of India branches in India.

For full particulars apply to any of these Offices, Branches or Treasuries.

(8027)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

RESERVATION OF FIRST CLASS BERTHS FROM CERTAIN INTERMEDIATE STATIONS

ARRANGEMENTS are being made with effect from July 11, 1950, for reservation of First Class berths by 35 Down Madras Express and 9 Down Madras Mail trains from the following Stations as shown against each:

TRAIN NO.	STATIONS
35 Down Madras Express	Kalyan, Karjat, Lonavla, Kirkee, Poona, Dhond, Kurduwadi, Sholapur.
9 Down Madras Mail	Kalyan

The number of berths available for this intermediate reservation is limited to 4 berths on 35 Down Madras Express and 2 berths on 9 Down Madras Mail on each day. RESERVATION WILL BE DONE ONLY FOR JOURNEYS EXCEEDING 250 MILES.

A non-refundable charge of Rupee one per ticket (child or adult) will be charged in addition to the fare.

Journey tickets for these reservations will be issued from ten days in advance at the stations. Tickets must be purchased at least seven days in advance. In case reservation is not arranged full fares will be refunded at the station itself.

The scheme will commence with effect from 35 Down Madras Express and 9 Down Madras Mail leaving Bombay Victoria Terminus on July 11, 1950. Tickets can be purchased at the stations mentioned above with effect from July 1, 1950.

Further particulars may be obtained from the stations concerned.

8024

RESERVATION OF FIRST CLASS BERTHS BY 1 DN. CALCUTTA MAIL VIA NAGPUR AND 197 DN. AMRITSAR EXPRESS TRAINS FROM CERTAIN INTERMEDIATE STATIONS

ARRANGEMENTS are being made with effect from July 11, 1950, for reservation of FIRST CLASS berths by 1 Dn. Calcutta Mail via Nagpur and 197 Dn. Amritsar Express trains from the following stations as shown against each.

TRAIN NO.	STATIONS
1 Dn. Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	Kalyan, Igatpuri, Devlali, Nasik Road, Manmad, Chalisgaon, Jalgaon and Bhusaval
197 Dn. Amritsar Express	Kalyan

The number of berths available for this intermediate reservation is limited to 6 berths on 1 Dn. and 2 berths on 197 Dn. on each day. Reservation will be done only for journeys exceeding 2500 miles.

A non-refundable charge of Rupee one per ticket (child or adult) will be charged in addition to the fare.

Journey tickets for these reservations will be issued from ten days in advance at the stations. Tickets must be purchased at least seven days in advance. In case reservation is not arranged full fares will be refunded at the Station itself.

The scheme will commence with effect from 1 Dn. and 197 Dn leaving Bombay Victoria Terminus on July 11, 1950. Tickets can be purchased at the stations mentioned above with effect from July 1, 1950.

Further particulars may be obtained from the stations concerned.

(7909)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 15/7/50 for TWO GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS IN PRINTING AND ALLIED TRADES. Selected candidates will be trained in England for a period not exceeding two years, and on completion of training will be required to serve in a Government Press. When a vacancy occurs they will be appointed as Assistant Managers on Rs. 300-450. AGE: Not more than 35 years in case of persons in Bombay Government Service and not more than 30 years in other cases on 1/10/50. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Inter Arts or Science or equivalent examination and (ii) Apprenticeship of not less than 3 years in letter press printing, composing and machine room work and familiarity with either monotype or linotype composing and general knowledge of lithographic printing Process including offset process. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope bearing 4 annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay." who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with the Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange office.

(8028)

BOMBAY STATE ROAD TRANSPORT CORPORATION

NOTICE TO SUPPLIERS OF COMMERCIAL VEHICLES (CHASSIS)

REPRESENTATIVES of Manufacturers of Commercial Vehicles (Chassis) interested in supplying such vehicles and chassis to the Bombay State Road Transport Corporation are requested to contact the Secretary, State Transport Corporation ON TELEPHONE (42964) and get an appointment to discuss with the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Corporation specifications, specialities and strong points of their respective makes. The Chairman will be in Bombay between 15th and 23rd inst.

(Sd.) D. D. SATHE
Provincial Motor Transport
Controller
(8034)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of (1) Old and unserviceable stores, and (2) Condemned timber hardwood logs. Tender forms obtainable from his office at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy in each case, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date of both 3rd July, 1950, at 13 p.m. (S.T.)

(8008)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified practising pleaders for preparing a waiting list of candidates fit for appointment as Sub Police Prosecutors in Thana District, so as to reach this office not later than 25th June 1950. Applications received after 25th June 1950 will not be entertained.

Conditions of service and other information in this connection can be had from the office of the undersigned.

S. U. MEHTA
District Superintendent of Police
THANA

(8029)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited in prescribed form for the part-time posts of (1) Lecturer in Accountancy and (2) Lecturer in Mercantile Law on Rs. 100/- (likely to be raised to Rs. 120/-) fixed pay p.m. each plus D.A. admissible under the rules for the evening classes of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay. For further particulars write to the Principal, Sydenham College. Last date for receiving applications 24TH JUNE, 1950. Two annas stamped self-addressed envelope to accompany enquiry.

(8025)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY,
Civil Supplies Department.
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS for the following posts under the Special Engineer, Milk Plan Construction Division, Bombay, in the scale shown against each are invited from the suitable candidates.

(a) 10 POSTS OF OVERSEERS in the scale of 80-5-100-8-140-EB-10-220-EB-10-270. Minimum qualifications B.E. & D.C.E. & practical experience of atleast 10 years essential in the PWD

(b) 4 POSTS OF SUB-OVERSEERS in the scale of 70-3-85-EB-4-105-EB-5-145. Sub-Overseer's course of the College of Engineering, Poona.

(c) 1 TRACER in the scale of 46-3-85-EB-4-105. Practical experience of atleast 5 years essential.

Applications should be addressed to the Special Engineer, Milk Plan Construction Division, Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1, before 23rd June 1950, stating therein age, domicile, qualifications experience, previous pay and minimum total salary they are willing to accept.

The posts carry in addition to their respective grade pay, the compensatory Local allowance, Housernt allowance and Dearness allowance at the rates as may be admissible under the rules in force from time to time in that respect.

The posts are purely temporary ones, terminable at one month's notice.

The applicants when called upon will have to appear for interview at the office of the Special Engineer, Milk Plan Construction Division, Bombay at their own expense.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Petition No. 416 of 1949

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913,

And

In the matter of the SHROFF'S BANK OF INDIA LIMITED (and reduced).

The SHROFF'S BANK OF INDIA LTD. (and Reduced) ... ... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order, dated the 2nd May, 1950, made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Dixit in the above matter sanctioning the alteration of the Memorandum of Association and confirming the reduction of the Share Capital of the above Company as specified therein has been registered with the Registrar of Companies on the 8th day of June, 1950.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1950.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN
Attorneys for
The Shroff's Bank of India Ltd. (and Reduced).

(8033)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SATRAMDAS SADHURAM has retired from the business carried on in the name and style of Jai Hind Oil Mills at 6, King Edward Road, Sewri, Bombay as from the 15th day of August, 1949 and that the business is since then being carried on and continued by the remaining partners.

Bombay, Dated this 13th day of June, 1950.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI
Attorneys for Messrs
Jai Hind Oil Mills

Lentin Chambers, Dalal St.
Fort, Bombay.

(8032)

Delhi Population Falls By Over 4 Lakhs

FALSE RATION CARDS DESTROYED

NEW DELHI, June 14, (PTI).

DELHI'S population fell by 412,000 between January and May 1950 as a result of the rationing authorities knocking off about four lakhs false ration cards.

The population, which was 1,642,000 on the record of the Rationing Department, was reduced to 1,230,000 after the drive against "bogus and ghost" cards.

This has resulted in a saving to the Government of about 11,000 maunds of foodgrains every week. The weekly offtake of foodgrains in Delhi has come down from 99,000 maunds to 88,000 maunds after the cancellation of false cards.

The licences of 23 controlled shops have been cancelled, 135 shops fined Rs. 10,370 and 218 persons handed over to the police for the misuse of ration cards.

The rationing authorities have decided that foodgrains will be cleaned and packed in standard bags under official supervision to check adulteration by dealers.

PROPERTY CLAIMS OF MIGRANTS

Registration From July 1

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): The Government of India have under the Displaced Persons (Claims) Act 1950 fixed July 1 as the date for the commencement of the registration of claims relating to immovable property which displaced persons have left behind in West Pakistan.

Announcing this a press note says that claims must be made within three months of this date, i.e. by September 30, 1950.

The press note adds that agricultural land in the province of West Punjab and house property in rural areas, the cost of construction of which to the present prevailing rates would be less than Rs. 20,000, have been excluded from the scope of the act.

Registering officers have been appointed under the act by the Central Government throughout India except in Jammu and Kashmir State, to which this act does not extend.

Persons filing false claims are liable to be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three years or with fine or with both. They will also be liable forfeit their claims to rehabilitation benefits and will be called upon to surrender any benefits received by them for rehabilitation purposes.

BANK ACCOUNTS OF EVACUEES

Arrangements For Transfer

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): The difficulties between India and Pakistan in the matter of exchange rate will not affect the transfer of banking account of persons who have migrated from one country to another it was learnt here today.

The Implementation Committee set up under the Indo-Pakistan Banking Agreement of last year, which concluded its deliberations yesterday reached a decision to provide facilities for the transfer of bank account of persons who have migrated from Pakistan to India and vice versa. It is understood that these transfers will be kept in account pending a final settlement between India and Pakistan of the exchange rate for their currencies.

The Committee is also understood to have decided that facilities should be provided to solve the difficulties of banks which are under liquidation or functioning under "schemes of arrangement".

The question of facilitating the grant of permits to Indian nationals engaged by banks functioning in Pakistan to go to that country and return was also discussed. Other matters discussed included steps for removal of banks records.

The Committee will meet in September probably at Lahore.

Pakistan Mustard Crop

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

The revised second forecast of the area under rape and mustard crop in Pakistan for the year 1949-50 is 1,423,000 acres as against 1,478,000 acres of the previous year and shows a nominal increase of 0.3 per cent, says a Press Note of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture.

There has been an increase in the acreage of this crop in East Bengal, NWFP and the two States of Bahawalpur and Khairpur, due to favourable weather conditions. In Baluchistan, Sind and Punjab the acreage has however decreased. The decrease in Baluchistan and Punjab is due to unfavourable weather conditions, and in Sind it is due to deficiency of water.

Qutab Minar Closed

NEW DELHI, June 14 (UPI): The Qutab Minar at Mehrauli has been closed to the public. The iron doors of the tower were locked by the police yesterday.

The step has presumably been taken as a precaution in view of the increasing number of suicides committed there by unhappy boys and girls during recent months.

COCHIN CONGRESS REBELS WARNED

Sardar's Letter

(From Our Correspondent)

SHORANUR, June 14

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Leader of the All-India Parliamentary Congress Party, it is learnt, has again written to the fourteen "rebel" members of the Travancore-Cochin Legislature, who voted against some clauses of the Devaswom Bill in defiance of the Party's mandate saying that their complaints cannot be considered unless they unconditionally apologise for their action.

If they refuse to do this before the meeting of the Travancore-Cochin Congress Legislature Party to be held on June 16 in Alleppey, they will be expelled from the Party.

When attention was drawn to this report, Mr. R. Sankar, one of the leaders of the group, said that his group had done no wrong to apologise. They had refused to obey the mandate of the Party, he said, in the interests of the country and those who obeyed it had done great harm to their motherland.

He said: "The Congress leaders here run the administration, sacrificing all principles and ideals of the Congress. We have done nothing detrimental to the interests of the country or to the ideals of the Congress. So it is not we but they who have to apologise."

Mr. Mannath Padmanabhan, another rebel leader, said that none of his group wanted to go out of the Congress. But if those who claim themselves to be Congressmen here wanted his group to be expelled, let them do so, he said.

Mr. Padmanabhan made it clear that his group could not unite with the opposing group, however much Sardar Patel or Pandit Nehru might try.

COCHIN COCONUT OIL CASE

Charges Framed

ERNAKULAM, June 14 (PTI).—Mr. B. Coman, I.C.S., Judge of the Special Tribunal, yesterday framed charges against K. Damodaran and P. Gopala Menon, accused in the Cochin Government Defalcation Case involving rupees five and half lakhs.

Damodaran was charged under Section 420 Indian Penal Code for cheating the Government, while Gopala Menon was charged under Section 104 IPC with abetment in the case.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty.

When the court met yesterday, the Special Judge questioned at length both the accused and recorded their reply. He then framed the charges.

The special tribunal has been sitting for nearly six months. It had examined about 45 witnesses out of 52 cited by the prosecution.

The case arose over a deal of 1,000 tons of coconut oil to be exported to Hyderabad and it has been the centre of public attraction ever since.

PANDIT NEHRU'S OFFER

(From Our Correspondent)

SHORANUR, June 14.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, it is learnt, has offered the royalty of the Malayalam translation of his book, "Letters from a Father to his Daughter" to be used in some form of scholarship in Travancore-Cochin.

During his recent visit to Travancore-Cochin, the attention of the Prime Minister was drawn to the fact that the above book of his had been selected as a non-detailed text in the third form. He was much pleased with this and he made the above offer.

He asked the Minister for Education, Travancore-Cochin, to write to him when he reached New Delhi so that the letter of authority to get the money from the publishers might be sent to the Education Minister.

Rajkot Landlords Against Rent Act

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 13: The Rajkot House-owners' Association has recently resolved to protest to the Chief Minister of Saurashtra against the Government move to increase the existing Conservancy Tax.

Initially levied by the late Darbar Viravala, former Dewan of Rajkot, to defray the costs of maintaining the Dharmendrasinhji College at Rajkot it is not proper to continue it long after the college has become self-supporting.

The house-owners are also against the continuation of Rent Act which, according to them, deters them from constructing new houses to relieve the housing shortage which is becoming extremely irritating.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OBSERVE FOREST FESTIVAL WITH A WILL

Shri M. P. Patil's Appeal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

SHRI M. P. PATIL, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, Government of Bombay, has appealed to the people of the State to celebrate the coming Festival of the Forests "with hard work and the spirit of enjoyment in good work done, which should always mark the observance of all national festivals."

Recounting the results of the tree-planting days and weeks observed in the State during the past two years, when 26 lakh trees were planted, Shri Patil says: "If the progress is kept up, I have no doubt that in a few years we shall have laid the foundations for a better agriculture in our country."

The Minister says: "The Government of India have now taken up the question on a countrywide scale. This is a welcome sign. If the Bombay State is poor in forests, other States are not much better. Everywhere the need for more trees exists. The 15th August was being observed by us as the Tree Planting Day on account of the patriotic association of that day, which could instil among us the feeling of doing a duty to our country, such as that of tree-planting.

"The selection of the week for the observance of the Tree Planting Week had been left to the District authorities concerned, according to the usual dates of the setting in of the monsoon. The Government of India desires that the Tree Planting Week should be observed all over India simultaneously, i.e., from July 1 to 7. This period is the most suitable for most parts of India and uniformity is useful in rousing enthusiasm of the people.

The Government of Bombay has, therefore, decided to observe the Tree Planting Week from July 1 to 7 this year and in the future, instead of the Tree Planting Day on the 15th August and the Tree Planting Week according to the convenience of the districts as was done in the past. This may result in shortening the time for making preparations for the observance of the Week, this year, but being the third successive year for us, I do hope that our achievement will not be affected.

"The Government of India have named this week "Van Mahotsav" or the "Festival of the Forests." It is a very appropriate name. It should, I think, become a part of the annual festival schedule of all of us, irrespective of our religion. We all need food and it is soil and water, the two elements preserved by forests, which enable it to grow. I appeal to all to celebrate this Festival with hard work and the spirit of enjoyment in good work done, which should always mark the observance of all national festivals."

RATION CARDS OF ABSENTEES

Surrender Before June 30

BOMBAY, Wednesday: It is noticed that foodgrains ration cards of persons who are dead or have left Bombay Rationed area permanently are not surrendered to the Rationing Authorities as required by the Rationing Regulations. Although those cards may not be used for obtaining rations, their presence on the registers of the Ration shop keepers is undesirable.

It has, therefore, been "decided to have a six monthly check on such cards". Any persons possessing such cards should therefore "surrender them forthwith to the Rationing Officers before the 30th June, 1950. No action will be taken in respect of cards so surrendered".

Tariff Board Member Visits Oil Lamp Factories

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY

Dr. B.V. Narayanaswamy Naidu, Member, Indian Tariff Board, visited on Teusday afternoon the factories of Messrs. C.S. Pooche and Sons and the New Bombay Mechanical Works, Bombay which are engaged in the manufacture of oil pressure lamps. The case of the oil pressure lamps industry for protection or State assistance, has been referred to the Tariff Board for investigation and the public inquiry in this regard will be held in Bombay on June 27.

Grant-In-Aid To Panchayat

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Village panchayats in the Bombay State will continue to receive from the Government a grant-in-aid equal to 50 per cent. of the expenditure incurred by them on payment of dearness allowance to all their employees, except secretaries, during the financial year 1950-51. A provision of Rs. 5,64,000 for the purpose exists in the State Budget.

Loni Sugar Factory

BOMBAY Wednesday: Shri M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar, Minister for Industries and Labour, Government of Bombay, will lay the foundation stone of the Loni Sugar Factory, at Loni, in the Ahmednagar District, on Saturday June 17.

MONSOON STRONG IN TRAVANCORE

All-India Weather

POONA, June 14, (PTI): The following is the daily all-India weather summary for Wednesday.

The monsoon has been strong in Travancore-Cochin and active in Malabar-South Kanara, the Konkan, Assam, West Bengal and Bihar. Rainfall has also been widespread in East Madhya Pradesh and local in Orissa, East Uttar Pradesh and Mysore.

Forecast valid until Thursday evening: The monsoon will strengthen in Malabar—South Kanara. Rainfall will be widespread along the west coast of the Peninsula, Assam sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Bihar and local in Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East Madhya Pradesh, Deccan (Desh) and Mysore. A few showers will occur over the rest of the country outside West Rajasthan and Madhya Bharat. Local dust-raising winds are likely in North Rajasthan and the plains of the Punjao(I).

Heavy rainfall warning: Locally heavy rain will occur in Travancore-Cochin, Malabar-South Kanara, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Assam during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June 1950 and departure from normal, recorded at 8-30 a.m. I S T on 14th June 1950:

Ahmedabad 101 83 0 0 minus 0.5, Allahabad 94 81 0.1 0.1 minus 0.7, Amoaia 109 85 0 0 minus 0.3, Bangalore 87 668 0 0.9 minus 1.0, Baroda 101 83 0 0 minus 0.8, Belgaum 82 68 0 1.5 minus 2.0, Bellary 93 77 0 0.7 minus 0.3, Bhopal 97 80 0 1.3 0, Bhuj 95 82 0 0 minus 0.4. BOMBAY 90 77 0.9 7.0 plus 1.0, Kanpur 95 83 0 1.7 plus 0.9, Gorakpur — 78 0 2.9 plus 1.0, Gulbarga 95 77 0 2.5 plus .2, Gwalior — 77 0 0.8 minus 0.6, Hyderabad (Dn.) 97 73 0.7, 1.0 minus 1.1, Indore 96 76 0 1.7 minus 0.3, Jaipur 103 85 0.3 minus plus 7.9, Jabalpur 93 77 0 1.8 plus 1.0, Khandwa 100 82 0 0.9 minus 1.0, Kodaikanal 64 55 0.1 0.8 minus 1.4, Kolhapur 87 72 0.1 0.4 —, Kurnool 83 79 0 3.3 plus 2.2, Mahabaleshwar 69 63 0.3 2.9 minus 8.0, Mussoorie 72 63 T 0 minus 3.1, Mysore 85 68 0.1 1.4 0, Ootacamund 65 54 0 1.8 minus 2.4, Pachmarhi 89 67 1.8 3.7 plus 2.2, Patiala 107 85 0 0 —, Poona 91 74 0 0.9 minus 1.2, Port Blair 83 76 T 5.8 minus 5.0, Rajkot 100 81 0 0 minus 0.7, Sholapur 98 76 0 2. minus 0.4, Simla 77 65 0.8 minus 0.4

TODAY'S RADIO

Air News From Delhi

THURSDAY, June 15.

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujarati—8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10; 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m., Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15, Telugu 7 a.m., 1-15 p.m., 7

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhoi Date, 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram, 7-45 Hindi By Radio, 8-15 Ghulam Qadir Khan, Gunkan, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 p.m. Balji Marwadi, Khaparpar, 1-10 Gujarati Geeto, 1-40 Rhythmania, 4-30 Teachers' Broadcast, 5 Manohar N Sahnis Gaud Sarang, 5-15 W Dass Sitar recital, 6-30 Hema Shirali, Khayal, 7 Balji Marwadi, Khaparpar, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-20 Manohar N Sahnis, Yaman Kalyan, 7-30 Hema Shirali, 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-30 Saman Dharma, 8-45 Ek Prashna, 9 Balji Marwadi, G songs, 9-30 Songs from films, 9-45 Bansuri Par Nilamani, 10-0 The London Palladium, 10-40 Ernest Poulizer.

VARIATIONS:

7-30 a.m. as in Bombay, 8-0 W Dass, Sitar par Lalat, 8-45 Mohan Pai, vocal music, 1 p.m. Mohan Pai, Bhavgeet, 1-30 Gujarati Geeto, 1-50 Vanita Mandal, 5-30 Jyotsna Bhole Bhavgeeten, 5-45 M h Nadgir, Ligh. Kannada songs, 6-0 Mohan Pai, Marathi Pad, 6-20 Gaon Panchayat, 6-50 Gram Panchayat, 7-30 Commercial News, 8-15 Hindi by radio, 8-40 G J Watve, Bhavgeet, 8-45 Kavi Ke Mukh Se, 9 Selections From Gajjalanjali, 9-45 The Light of the other days, 10-0 Ghulam Qadir Khan, classical music.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Puja, 7-45 Aje Ane Kale, 7-50 Snehrashmina Geeto, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 Vasantrao Joshi, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 6-10 Ambubnai Mody, Geet, 6-20 Vasantrao Joshi, Sarang., 6-30 Gramjano Mate, 7-0 Dukhi Dil, 7-15 As in Ahmedabad, 7-30 Vasantrao Joshi, Bihag on Sarangi, 7-45 P G Shinde, Puriya Dhanashree, 8-0 Taslimkhan Razaq Hussain, Bhajan, 7-10 Sthanik Samachar ane Havaman, 8-30 Phool Chhab. 9-30 Jairani.

Dr. C. N. Vakil of Bombay University, who recently arrived from Portorico, where he had gone on an invitation from the United Nations Organization to serve as a member in the Committee of Experts for development of under-developed countries, will broadcast a talk entitled "Planning in Under-developed areas" on June 15 at 9-45 p.m. from All India Radio, Bombay. The talk will be broadcast on 353 and 61.98 meters.

By-Election To Parliament

ONE BOMBAY SEAT VACANT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The seat of Shri S. Nijalingappa, a member of the Constituent Assembly of India representing the State of Bombay, has become vacant by virtue of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 379 of the Constitution of India. (Shri Nijalingappa is also a member of a State Assembly). The following dates, time and place are fixed for the various stages of the by-election to fill the vacancy.

The last date for receipt of nominations is Friday, June 23 (up to 5-30 p.m.). Scrutiny of nominations will be held in the office of the Secretary to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, Council Hall, Bombay, at 12 noon the following day and the withdrawal of candidates will be allowed up to 12 noon on June 26. Polling will take place in the office of the Secretary to the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Wednesday, July 5 (from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m.) and votes will be counted at 12 noon on July 6.

Only a person who is a citizen of India is eligible to stand for the by-election, provided he is duly nominated by a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and seconded by another member of it and signs the declaration set out in the nomination paper. Nomination papers are available in the office of the Secretary to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, Council Hall, Bombay. The nomination paper is to be delivered in the office of the Secretary to the Bombay Legislative Assembly or sent by registered post so as to reach him on or before Friday, June 23.

The Secretary to the Bombay Legislative Assembly has been appointed to be the Returning Officer for the bye-election.

Gorky Day Committee

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A Gorky Day Committee representing various organisations, men of letters and artists and with Prof. N. R. Phatak as its President and Krishen Chander as its Secretary, has been formed with a view to observe the forteenth death anniversary of Maxim Gorky, the creator of a new art, socialist realism. The programme will include a public meeting at Vanmali Hall (B.B. & C.I. Dadar) on the 18th June at 6 p.m. and an exhibition depicting the life and achievements of the great writer.

Industrial Disputes

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The industrial disputes between the Amrit Banaspati Company Limited, the Dr. Kulkarni's Laboratories and the Wolverhampton Works Company, Limited, all of Bombay, and their respective workers have been referred by the Government of Bombay, for adjudication, the first two to the Industrial Tribunal of Shri Salim M. Merchant and the third to that of Shri I. G. Thakore.

A CONCESSION FOR TEACHERS

Option For Freedom Victims

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

The Government of Bombay has directed that all such primary teachers in service as had resigned or had been dismissed or removed from service for participation in the non-co-operation movements prior to 1942 and have since been re-instated should be allowed to exercise the option to select provident fund or pension as provided in the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1923.

The grant of this option now was necessitated by the fact that the orders issued by the Government in 1948 on the subject of such reinstated teachers made their service continuous, the breaks being treated as leave without pay. They were also given the pay and seniority in their grades which they would have enjoyed had they not participated in the movements.

The Administrative Officers of District School Boards and Authorised Municipalities have been instructed by the Government to call upon by notice, in writing, the eligible teachers to exercise the option within six months from the date of the notice.

On election of pension by any teacher, the contribution out of the School Board's funds to his Provident Fund account will revert to the Primary Education Fund and the contribution made by the teacher, with the accumulated interest thereon, will be refunded to him.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF JOBLESS

Situation Acute

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE problem of unemployment has become acute in the State of Bombay, according to information collected by the United Press of India from official sources today.

The heavy influx of students who were now free from their College and University examinations and in search of jobs, coupled with the large number of retrenched staff of the Government and private establishments, appears to have considerably swelled the number of the unemployed in Bombay.

"The unemployment situation in Bombay has reached unimaginable proportions", said a spokesman of the Bombay Employment Exchange to the UPI. He explained the gravity of the situation in the State and said that even those who had passed M.A., LL.B., were prepared to offer their services as clerks on a monthly salary of Rs. 80.

Although the employment exchanges are doing their best to provide jobs to as many persons as they could, a large number of persons still remained unemployed as there were no fresh avenues of employment due to relaxation in the industrial and economic activities.

The latest statistics indicate that the number of persons who registered themselves with the Employment Exchange Bombay, during the month of May was 11,000 as against 10,445 in April. The number of persons who were placed in employment through the assistance of Employment Exchange was 2,200 as against 1,700 in April.

The Pulse Of The City

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED: Just when the body of Banjibai, 22, wife of Bhaga Ramaji, was about to be buried, the police intervened and took charge of the body. It is learnt that the woman died of miscarriage. The husband, however, suspects that foul play was played on her by her parents. He had accordingly informed the police.

SET ASIDE: Mr. Justice Shah set aside the sentence of 4 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 imposed on Bhagvandas Sudam, a proprietor of a sweetmeat shop, on a charge of selling 'patasa' at a higher price than the controlled price.

CHEATING: Anwar Masood Abbasi, Managing Director and Secretary of M/s. Aspee (India) Ltd., Bank Street is said to have had contacted to supply a Punjabi businessman Hawk Brand Kerosene oil of the value of Rs. 13,000. When the party actually received the goods, it was found to be High Speed diesel oil. At the request of the Punjab Police Abbasi was arrested on Wednesday. He was later enlarged on bail. An assistant of the said company was also arrested in this connection.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING: On the complaint lodged by the father of a minor girl that his daughter was kidnapped, police arrested R. D. Vora, Manager, Prashe and Company, Samuel Street, on Tuesday. The defence counsel, in the court, pleaded that the girl was over 18 years and had gone of her own accord with the accused with whom she was in love. It was further contended that the father of the girl was pressing the girl to marry a man whom she did not like. It was stated that the accused and the girl were married according to Arya Samaj rites and were living as husband and wife.

WEATHER NEWS: During the last 24 hours ended 8 a.m. Wednesday rainfall recorded at Colaba was 75 cents, at Juhu 10 cents and at Santa Cruz five cents. Fair weather with occasional showers will continue for the next 24 hours.

Ganja Accused Acquitted

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Accepting the arguments of Mr. Manek Shahani, Advocate and holding the prosecution story to be contradictory and conflicting, Mr. Nimazi, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today acquitted Mr. Shaikh Mohmed Shaikh Farid, who had been arrested by the Esplanade Police for being found in possession of 3-1/16 tolas of Ganja.

The police alleged that a search of his person and bedding had produced several packets of ganja and he had been consequently arrested and later charge-sheeted.

If Your Child Is Sick

or Ailing

Depend on

B. C. P. W.

GRIPE MIXTURE

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FOOD SITUATION IN MADRAS BAD

Self-Sufficiency By 1951 Difficult

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS (By Air).

THE Madras Government, it is stated, are actively considering the question of reducing the rice content of the ration in the statutorily rationed areas from 8 oz. to 7 oz. This proposal, if actualy implemented, will be a clear reflection of the seriousness of the food situation in the state.

In spite of vigorous procurement in the surplus districts, of which there are really only five or six in this State, the quantity procured could not approach anywhere near the target fixed. The storm havoc in the Andhra districts, last November, damaged the crops.

Explaining the position at a public meeting last week, the Food Minister of Madras made three important points. Firstly, the transport of foodgrains from the surplus to the deficit areas is becoming increasingly difficult on account of the paucity of railway wagons for th. purpose.

Secondly, the Government were not willing to sacrifice the interests of the suplus areas for the sake of the deficit ones. Hence instructions have been issued to the district authorities to allow exemptions at the full rate of ration to primary producers in the surplus areas when procuring foodgrains.

Thirdly, the people of the State should take to substitute foodgrains like wheat or millets or eat some other food stuffs besides rice as part of their regular diet, so that even if the quantity of the rice ration is cut down they would not feel the disparity in the total food consumed.

Lastly, the Food Minister was not sure if the self-sufficiency programme in respect of food, prescribed by the Centre, would be possible of attainment by the end of 1951. This depended so much upon adequate seasonal rainfall and other favourable climatic conditions.

Immediate steps are being taken to overcome the transport difficulty. The production and use of subsidiary or substitute foods is not an easy process, because it is intimately connected with the long-established food habits of the people, which cannot be changed in few months or even years.

On the whole, unless there are seasonal rains and no floods during the next two years, the problem of self-sufficiency in food would be an unresolved one. It will have to be a deficit state, depending on the Central Government for tiding over its food scarcity. Food controls will, therefore, have to continue here.

DELEGATION TO BURMA

Consistent with the zamindari abolition policy we have adopted in India, and taking into account the difficulties of the Burma Government, we have put forward our suggestions on behalf of the Union Government, which the Government of Burma have agreed to examine, said Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Minister fo Public Works, Madras Government, and one of the members of the Indian Delegation to Burma, who returned to Madras early last week.

Mr. Bhaktavatsalam corrected a report in the press which produced the impression that the Burmese Premier Mr. Thakin Nu, was opposed to the payment of compensation for land taken over by the State. That speech had created a considerable stir in South India, but Mr. Bhaktavatsalam, who was present at the meeting where the speech was delivered, and had an authoritative translation of the Burmese speech made for him, defending the payment.

Mr. Thakin Nu, according to him, said that Burma would not resort to expropriation. Mr. Thakin Nu also assured that there would be no discrimination between race and race in the implementation of the land nationalisation policy.

HANDLOOM INDUSTRY

Madras occupies an important place as a producer of handloom textiles.

In recent times the industry has fallen on evil days, the main reasons for it being the difficulties of the weavers in procuring yarn supplies and dyes, the competition of mill fabrics, and the attempt of politicians and labour leaders to exploit the handloom weavers and utilise them as pawns in their game of power politics.

There are about 20,000 master weavers in Madras State, majority of whom are concentrated in a few centres like the Guntur district, the Salem district and the Tiruchi district in the south. It is now being recognised that the handloom industry cannot be allowed to be the sport of various extraneous factors, which imperil the future of that industry and that efforts must be made to strengthen it and make it prosperous.

It is in pursuance of this realisation that the Madras Government have constituted a Handloom Advisory Committee. The first meeting of that committee is expected to be held towards the end of June, when some of the major problems confronting it would be considered, so as to make it, in the words of a prominent official spokesman, "a vital force in the country's economy and concert measures for its development."

The meeting will discuss matters of policy pertaining to production, price fixation and distribution of yarn, import and export of yarn, import of dyes and chemicals and their distribution, export of handloom cloth, purchase of handloom cloth for the requirements of the Central and State Governments, and financial assistance for the handloom industry and the different agencies which could undertake that task.

The need to constitute a separate department to deal with the day to day problems of the handloom industry and to constitute district handloom committees which would study the local problems of the industry and devise ways and means of solving them, to standardise the products of the handloom industry, to hold exibits and do propaganda for the popularisation of the handloom fabrics and to facilitate their easy marketing, are some of the other problems that the committee is expected to tackle.

There is also a proposal to establish textile technical institutes and state-aided weaving schools at important weaving centres while the possibility of reserving a particular field of production in cotton textiles to the handloom industry, powerlooms and mills will also be discussed.

MADRAS FOOD POSITION

Precarious, Says Chief Minister

MADRAS, June 14 (PTI): Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Chief Minister, Madras, today told the third meeting of the State Food Advisory Committee that the Madras Government was facing a "precarious and unforeseen food situation in the State".

The two-day meeting of the State Food Advisory Committee met here today to discuss the present food situation and to consider the problems relating to the production of more food, procurement and distribution.

The Chief Minister said that their efforts, determined and continuous though they were, for increased food production in the State had to face severe odds created by nature. "The vagaries of nature seem to be undoing ou refforts and defeating our ambition," he said.

FAILURE OF MONSOON

Mr. Kumaraswami Raja referred to the complete faillure of consoon in the southern parts of the State, resulting in acute water famine in a manner "unprecedented and unknown in the State".

"To meet the precarious and unforeseen food situation, the Government, he said", have a few suggestions which they are placing before the Committee for its consideration."

Those suggestions, the Chief Minister said, were to reduce the rice ration from eight ounces to seven ounces per adult in the case of rice-eaters, to bring all card-holders under single classification under which all cardholders will get the same scale and composition of ration, to divert millets from urban to rural areas so as to satisfy greater demand for millets in rural parts and supply rice, wheat and wheat products only to urban areas, to render children below two years ineligible for ration and to encourage use of groundnut flour as subsidiary food.

ADDITIONAL FOOD FOR MADRAS

Centre's Allotment

MADRAS, June 14 (PTI): The Government of India have informed the Madras Government that they had decided to allot an additional quantity of 2,50,000 tons of foodgrains this year besides the 3,00,000 tons already allotted to meet the food shortage in the State, it is officially learnt here today.

The additional allotment will consist of 30,000 tons rice, 1,20,000 tons millets and 1,00,000 wheat.

The Madras Government originally had sought from Central Government an extra allotment of 8,00,000 tons of foodgrains this year to meet the estimated food deficit in the State.

A spokeman of the Food Department stated today that even with the additional allotment of 2,50,000 tons, it would not be possible for the Government to maintain the present scale of eight ounce rice ration in the State, since 30,000 tons of rice, which form part of the new allotment, will hardly last one week.

CHANGE WEIGHTS IN CUTCH

Urgent Appeal To States Ministry

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 13: Mr. G. A. Dholakia, M.P., President of the Cutch Congress Committee has recently addressed an urgent appeal to the Ministry of States to save the people of Cutch from being over charged by profiteers who charge one rupee for an article which formerly used to be available for a Cutch Kori.

This situation has arisen because the Government of India did not introduced new weights in Cutch simultaneously with the abolition of the Cutch Koris panchias and other coins.

It is expected that the Ministry of States will soon sanction Rs. 50,000 for maintaining a laboratory and a new staff incidental on the introduction of news weights and measures in Cutch.

Locust Invasion Will Continue, Expert Says

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): The locust invasion of India will continue at least throughout June, according to the Director of Locust Control. It is probable, he says, that breeding may start simultaneously in Eastern Rajasthan (Bikaner and Jaipur divisions) and the north-western districts of Madhya Bharat.

A report of the locust situation for the week ending June 7 issued by him says that swarms continued to move about in Eastern Rajasthan and some of them flew into the neighbouring states of PEPSU the Punjab, Madhya Bharat and U. P. About 60 swarm movements were noted.

The swarms noted in the Jaisalmer district and Saurashtra seem to have entered India from the west. The swarms found in Ferozepur district of the Punjab came in direct from Western Pakistan.

In Baluchistan and the N.W.F.P., swarms were also seen during the last week of May. Fresh breeding was noted in Pishin and Loralai districts of Baluchistan.

A RUBBER EXPERT AT THE JOB

Tour Before Plan

ERNAKULAM, June 14 (PTI): Mr. K. N. Kaimal, newly-appointed Rubber Production Commissioner, who has been working in the Rubber Research Institute of Malaya for the last 22 years, will tour the various rubber areas in the country before preparing a plan for developing the Indian rubber industry.

Mr. P. K. John, Chairman of the Indian Rubber Board, who announced this at the Indian Rubber Board meeting here on Monday, while introducing Mr. Kaimal to the members, expressed the hope that the rubber growers would extend their full co-operation by furnishing him with all the information and assistance required in his study tour.

Mr. John said that Mr. Viswanatha Reddy of the Madras Agriculture Service, whose services were lent to the Indian Rubber Board for three months, had prepared a scheme for the efficient marketing of raw rubber. The scheme would be examined by the development and marketing committee of the Board

NO ACCUMULATION

The President declared: "There is no stock accumulation now in the hands of producers and dealers. The production too is low because of the rainy season. Manufacturers have been buying and building up their stocks especially since world prices began to increase."

He warned the Board that America's consumption of synthetic rubber would be increased to reduce the price of natural rubber.

As regards exports of rubber, Mr. John informed the Board that against the quota of 1,000 tons sanctioned by the Government of India to relieve accumulation of indigenous rubber, about 845 tons had been exported, according to reports received so far.

Cotton Seed Scarcity In Gujarat

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 13: The Amreli District is in the grip of economic instability owing to unfair fixation of maximum prices for groundnut oil and cotton seeds at Rs. 31-12 and Rs. 5-8 respectively, with the result that stock holders are trying to export the commodities to places where higher prices prevail. An acute scarcity of cotton seeds and groundnut oil has thereby been created in the home market.

Three Women Shot Dead

BORDER VILLAGE RAIDED

JODHPUR, June 14 (PTI): Camel-borne radiers from Pakistan recently raided village Sangta in the Suratgarh-Bikaner Division (30 miles this side of the Indian border) shooting dead three women and injuring four other persons seriously.

An on-the-spot inquiry by the Divisional Assistant Commissioner showed the village was raided by eleven men astride five camels. They had tried to take away the apparel and jewellery of the women and shot dead those that had resisted. Most of the menfolk were absent from the village at the time.

The raiders also carried with them looted property worth Rs. 25,000/- besides 16 camels which they had lifted.

Meanwhile, at a public meeting here, the district citizens condemned the incident and appealed to the India Government to send a protest note to the Pakistan Authorities as, they said, "such repeated outrages" ran counter to the spirit of the Nehru-Liaquat Pact.

PROHIBITION SUFFERS SET-BACK IN KARWAR

Sequel To Magistrate's Ruling

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARWAR June 14: A sene of frustration has overcome the officials charged with the execution of the Prohibition Policy here, as a result of the recent ruling of the Resident Magistrate, Karwar, Mr. G. S. Nagmoti, who held that "the Act (Prohibition Act) cannot and does not punish a person, if he consumes alcohol in Goa or a place to which this Act is not applicable".

The District Magistrate, Karwar and the District Superintendent of Police, however, it is learnt, will prefer an appeal to the High Court of Bombay, against the above decision of the Magistrate which has, according to reliable sources partially paralysed the working of the Prohibition Act in the border areas of the Bombay State.

In the meantime the lawyers relying on the above precedent, have evolved a general pattern of defence in the case of those persons who are charged with the violation of the Prohibition Act, and base their defence on the fact that liquor was either consumed in Goa, about eight miles from Karwar, or in the Portuguese islet of Anjidev, about three miles from the Binage (Karwar) coast.

The Prosecution on the other hand, apprehensive of the results of the many of the pending Prohibition cases, in the local Court, it is gathered, is now re-examining the charge-sheets of the accused in such cases, in the light of the above decision, with the intention of strengthening its hands by charge-sheeting the accused wherever possible, both for having consumed liquor, under Section 66 (b) and for being drunk and unable to take care of himself or for behaving in a disorderly manner under the influence of drink, under Section 85 of the Prohibition Act.

Supreme Court Buys Sapru's Library

ALLAHABAD, June 14 (UPI): The library of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru consisting of over 6,000 books of law has been sold out to the Supreme Court of India for Rs. 52,000 it is learnt.

Shri Brij Bhusan, Librarian of the Supreme Court is here for this purpose and the first instalment of books has already been despatched to New Delhi.

FAIR WAGES BILL TO BE FINALISED SOON

Decision On Profit-Sharing Scheme Too

NEW DELHI, June 13 (PTI):

A CABINET sub-committee is expected to meet by the end of this month to finalise the fair Wages Bill which will be introduced in Parliament in the next autumn session, it was reliably learned today.

The Sub-Committee consists of the Ministers of Finance, Labour, Railways, Industry and Supply and Works, Mines and Power.

The bill embodies in itself the principles of fair wages for industrial labour as outlined by the report of the Fair Wages Committee appointed by the Tripartite Conference of Labour, employers and Government. The draft bill is ready and its provisions are to be examined and approved by the Sub-Committee before the bill is introduced.

PROFIT-SHARING SCHEME

The Government of India are also expected to take a decision in regard to the profit-sharing scheme. No agreement has hitherto been reached between the representatives of labour and employers on this question.

The three-year-old industrial labour-employer truce which was based on the understanding that both these schemes would be among the principal labour reforms to be introduced at the earliest possible opportunity is scheduled to end by December 15, 1950. Government's decision on these two issues is therefore rendered necessary, it is stated, if the truce is to be renewed or not allowed to lapse.

As regards the Labour Relations Bill, the Government are at present said to be determined to push it through Parliament in the next session, possibly with certain amendments.

PROVIDENT FUND FOR MILL WORKERS

Ahmedabad Association's Demand

AHMEDABAD, June 14 (PTI).—The Textile Labour Association has given notice under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act to the Millowners' Association for introducing a compulsory provident fund scheme for all permanent employees who have put in two months' employment in a mill.

The Labour Association also demanded payment of gratuity at the rate of one month's wages inclusive of dearness allowance per every year of service whenever services of an employee are terminated by the mills on grounds of old age, invalidity, incapacity or natural death.

Remanded To Custody

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI). Eight employees of the Industry and Supply Office were remanded to judical custody for a week by a Delhi Magistrate yesterday. They were arrested last week for alleged defiance of the District Magistrate's order banning demontrations in Delhi.

Atta At Rs. 100, Sugar Rs. 70!

NEW DELHI, June 14, (UPI):The Director of Civil Supplies, Delhi, disclosed at a press conference that the price of "atta" in the black-market in the capital was Rs. 100 per maund. The control rate Rs. 11.

He said that a fortnight ago, he made personal enquiries regarding prices of rationed commodities in the black-market. He found that the price of sugar was Rs. 70 per maund.

SALT SITUATION SATISFACTORY

Appeal To Remove Control

AHMEDABAD, June 13 (PTI): The salt situation has become satisfactory according to Mr. Ghanshyam Dassbangad, Secretary of the Salt Merchants' Association of Sabhar Lake, one of the great salt producing centres.

Mr. Bangad said: "the available supply of salt is estimated roughly at 11 crore maunds this year, which includes a carry-over stock of three and half crore maunds from last year, besides imports amounting to 30 lakh maunds, against the estimated consumption of 683 crore pounds at the rate of 14 pounds per capita consumption. There is, therefore, no justification for continuing any control over the distribution and prices of salt. With the abolition of the monopoly system of district industry nominees at the consuming centres, as announced by the Minister for Industry and Supply Government of India, to a deputation of salt merchants, the consumerd will obtain salt at competitive rates."

Mr. Bangad added: As the Government of India have decided not to import salt after June this year, the Indian salt manufacturers will have to raise production to the maximum capacity. The quality of salt will have also to be improved to develop markets for Indian salt in the Middle East.

CONGRATULATIONS TO CELAL BAYAR

NEW DELHI, June 14, (PTI): The following telegrams were exchanged between the Prime Minister and the newly elected President of the Turkish Republic:

From the Prime Minister:

"On behalf of the Government of India and my own behalf I extend to Your Excellency our warm congratulations on your election as President of the Turkish Republic. My colleagues and I look forward to continued co-operation between our two countries in the cause of peace and democratic progress.

—JAWAHARLAL NEHRU."

From the President of the Turkish Republic:

"I deeply appreciate the message of congratulations which Your Excellency has been good enough to send me on my election to the presidentship of the Republic, and offer you my warmest thanks.

"I wholly associate myself with Your Excellency's hopes of continued collaboration between our two countries in the cause of democracy and peace.

—CELAL BAYAR".

WELFARE TRAINEES

CALCUTTA, June 14, (PTI): A tentative scheme to train non-official workers in carrying on welfare work among th tribal and other backward classes of the State was adopted at a conference of special officers for backward classes, held here on Monday. Mr. N. Dutt Majumdar, Minister for Aboriginals and Backward Classes, presided.

The conference considered the special provisions of the new Constitution relating to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and also the appropriate measures to be adopted for implementing them.

Protest Against Sales Tax In Madhya Bharat

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE June 14: The Madhya Bharat Chamber of Commerce has sent a telegram to the Chief Minister demanding immediate setting up of a non-official committee to suggest amendments in teh proposed sales tax.

The Chamber has also demanded that the report of the committee should be implemented by the Government within a fortnight.

The telegram also states that if the Government fails to do this, the merchants of Madhya Bharat will decide next week to intensify their struggle and make their voice effective.

The Chamber has convened a conference of all merchants of Madhya Bharat at Indore on June 18 to consider the situation and decide further steps.

It will be recalled that the whole business community of Madhya Bharat observed a strike for two weeks in May on the question of rates of sales tax.

Madhya Bharat Minister To Resign

INDORE, June 14 (UPI): The Commerce Minister of Madhya Bharat Shri Mishrilal Gangwal, it is learnt from sources close to him, is seriously considering to resign from the Cabinet. It is likely that he might tender his resignation to the Chief Minister Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayarvargiya, some time in the next week.

The cause of his resignation is not known. However this would facilitate the contemplated reshuffle of the Ministry by the Chief Minister of the State.

LOANS FOR EAST BENGAL URBAN REFUGEES

Applications Reopened

NEW DELHI, June 14, (PTI): Urban evacuees from Eastern Pakistan can now apply for rehabilitation loans from the Rehabilitation Finance Administration.

The Government of India have decided that applications for such loans which were closed in September last will now be reopened for urban evacuees from Eastern Pakistan.

A press note issued in New Delhi says: "The Rehabilitation Finance Administration had decided previously not to entertain, for the time being, fresh applications for loans after the 12th September, 1949. In view of the situation created by the recent large-scale migration of displaced persons from Eastern Pakistan, it has been decided to reopen immediately, for the time being application lists for loans from such displaced persons of the urban class from Eastern Pakistan as have migrated to India after the 12th September 1949 or may so migrate hereafter.

Applications for loans have to be made in triplicate to the Chief Administrator, Rehabilitation Finance Administration, Theatre Communication Building, Connaught Place New Delhi. Forms of applications which are of three types—'A' for individuals, 'B' for joint Hindu family firms and 'C' for partnerships, can be obtained on payment of Re. 0-1-0 per copy from head office of the administration at New Delhi, from branch managers at Calcutta, Bombay and Karnal and Inspecors-in-Charge sub-branches at Gauhati Lucknow, Nagpur and Jaipur.

W. BENGAL INQUIRY COMMISSION

CALCUTTA, June 14, (PTI): The West Bengal Inquiry Commission on it eecond day's open sitting today, called 30 selected witnesses from North Calcutta and examined several of them. They gave evidence on the incidents that took place in the city in the first half of February last. Further evidence will be taken tomorrow and the day after.

The Commission is to inquire into and report on the causes and extent of the recent disturbances and to make recommendations with a view to preventing recrudescence of similar trouble in future.

It has so far received about 35,000 complaints from different parts of the State. The Commission is presided over by Mr. Justice P. B. Mukharji.

Food To Be Dropped In Darjeeling

CALCUTTA, June 14 (PTI): All communications with Darjeeling and Kalimpong areas having been dislocated as a result of the recent landslides, the West Bengal Government has decided to drop there food and other necessary articles by air, it was learnt here today. A private air company was being asked by Government to make an aerial survey of the districts for selection of suitable spots.

The landslides, which resulted in 45 deaths and injuries to 20 others, have disrupted all telegraph and telephone communications between Calcutta and Darjeeling.

The Governor of West Bengal, has cancelled his proposed visit on June 15 to Jalpaiguri and Cooch Behar.

ECHO OF CALCUTTA MAIL DISASTER

One Man Arrested

MADRAS, June 14 (PTI): Mr. Gangahara Marar was arrested here by the Crime Branch of the CID., Madras, in connection with the Calcutta Mail disaster near Sulurpet on March 3.

Mr. Marar was produced yesterday before the Commissioner of Police, Madras, who remanded him to custody pending further investigation.

Husband Hits His Wife To Death

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 14: Refusal to bring more money from her parents resulted in the murder of Aisha Khatoon, aged 22 years at the hands for her husband-Raza Hussain.

It is stated, ever since their marriage about a couple of years ago, Raza Hussain used to coerce his wife Aisha for bringing more and more money from her parents as soon as he had finished with the amount already obtained.

Being tired of such frequent demands, she finally refused to bring any more money which enraged her husband who is alleged to have given her stiff blows resulting in her instanteous death. Raza Hussain thereafter disappeared and police are now in search of him.

5 Lakhs For Backward Classes

MADRAS, June 14 (PTI): The Madras Government has sanctioned Rs. 500,000 this year for the amelioration of backward classes in the State.

This amount will be distributed as scholarships, boarding grants and also for supplying books to students in schools and colleges.

Government has decided that midday meals need not be supplied to pupils of the backward classes, studying in elementary schools for the present.

POONA, June 13 (PTI): Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor of "Hitavada" and Secretary of the AINEC., who is now here in connection with the meeting of the Council of the Servants of India Society will leave Poona for Nagpur on June 15 Mr. Mani will fly to Dacca on June 19 to attend the meeting of the Indo-Pakistan Joint Press Committee.

SLOW REPLACEMENT OF ENGLISH

Madhya Pradesh Orde

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, June 14: The fear which were expressed by the minority communities, especially by Mr. Frank R. Anthony, leader of the Anglo-Indian community and a member of the Parliament regarding the policies of certain State Governments, were set at rest when the Government of Madhya Pradesh announced their policy towards the replacement of English by the Indian languages.

Mr. Anthony had complained in his speech at Jubbulpore on May 21, that "in Madhya Pradesh the fanatical linguistic and educational policies of the Government were making it increasingly difficult, particularly for the linguistic minorities, to look forward to a future in which they had even the semblance of equality of opportunity".

The Government of Madhya Pradesh State have made it clear to the public that they would pursue a policy of "go slow" in the matter of replacing English.

It is gathered in the authentic circles that in accordance with the provision made in the Indian Constitution, under Section 345, a bill will be introduced in the ensuing autumn session of the State Legislative Assembly by the State Government to enable them to use Hindi and Marathi as official languages.

INTER-DOMINION GOODS TRAFFIC

Revised Arrangement In E. Bengal Railway

DACCA, June 14 (UPI): The East Bengal Railway have introduced revised arrangements regarding the traffic of goods between Pakistan and India in according with the decisions of the Inter-Dominion Railways Conference held in Delhi.

A Press Note issued here by the Railway authorities says: "With regard to a Press Note issued on May 30 for the booking of Inter-Dominion traffic in goods and parcels for which pre-payment of freight is compulsory, it is notified that the procedure adopted prior to June, 1950 of collecting the entire freight on such traffic at the booking station was made on a provisional basis subject to outstanding issues regarding freight being settled at the Inter-Dominion Conference in Delhi. The revised arrangement has been introduced in accordance with the decision of this conference."

Steps To Prevent Spread Of Mischievous News

CALCUTTA, June 14 (PTI): Calcutta University has been asked by the Government of India to take step for prevention of circulation of mischievous news among the students it is learnt The University has also been requested to take suitable steps for promotion of goodwill between India and Pakistan.

The Government of India, it is further learnt, have invited suggestions from the University if exchange of students or athletic contests between teams from India and Pakistan would create the desired effect in that regard.

Famed Legless Pilot Ferries Plane

CALCUTTA, June 14 (PTI): Group Captain Bader, the legless pilot of the battle of Britain fame passed through Calcutta on aMonday. He was ferrying a Percival Prince aircraft of a well-kniwn British oil company to North Borneo.

Group Captain Bader lost his legs in an accident in 1933, while a flying officer in theR.A.F. He was placed on the retired list, but during the World War II after repeated applications was accepted in the service in 1939. He led a Canadian Squadron of Fighter Command during the Battle of Britain and is credited with having shot at least 15 German aircraft.

He was taken a prisoner by the Germans and was released by the advancing Allied forces from Colditz near Leipzig in 1945.

Jaipur State Railway Extension Approved

NEW DELHI, June (UPI): The Government Inspector of Railways, Circle Nd. 5 Bombay, having inspected the Phagi-Diggi section of the Sanganer Town-Sawai Mangrah extension of the Jaipur State Railway, a length of 15.99 miles on the metre gauge, sanctioned its opening for the public carriage of passengers with effect from 9th April 1950.

The Railway Board after considering the report of the Government Inspector of Railways, have confirmed his action.

New Job For Travancore Minister?

(From Our Correspondent)

SHORANUR, June 14: Mr. Panampilli Govinda Menon, Education Minister, Travancore-Cochin Union, is reported to be going to Malaya as Indian representative in that country.

Asked about this report Mr. Govinda Menon said to a press representative that he had not received any information regarding the matter.

10 To 1 Hyperbole Wins Royal Hunt Cup

RAIN CAUSES FAILURE OF FAVOURITE

(BY VERNON MORGAN, REUTER'S SPORTS EDITOR)

ASCOT, Berkshire, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. James Rank's Hyperbole won the Royal Hunt Cup over seven furlongs here today. Sir Percy Loraine's, Wat Tyler was second and the Duke of Norfolk's, Burpham third.

Grey skies and rain rather spoilt the pageantry of Royal Ascot today but the "gentle dew from heaven" was blessed by British owner James Rank whose horse Hyperbole won the Royal Hunt Cup, the big race of the day.

Hyperbole, 5-year-old son of Hyperion, hates the top of the ground and the mornings rain virtually brought him victory.

Opening at 20 to 1 in the betting he was gambled on owing to the changed conditions and would up one of the best backed in the field of 20 at 10 to 1.

Hyperbole, who gave Australian jockey Arthur Breasley his first ever win at Ascot, just held on by a head to defeat Sir Percy Loraine's Wat Tyler, favourite at 100 to 30.

If the rain brought joy to the heart of Mr. James Rank, it brought displeasure to Sir Percy Loraine for his colt Wat Tyler was carrying the heavy burden of 9-2 and it was probably the softer going which brought about the narrow defeat of this fine 4-year-old colt.

Third, five lengths behind, came the Duke of Norfolk's Burpham, second favourite at 7 to 1.

It was generally a day of tight finishes, three horses being concerned in a photo-finish for the mile and a half Ribblesdale Stakes which eventually went to French-bred filly La Baille starting at 15 to two a head from Irish filly Lonely Haid with 13 to 8 French-bred and trained favourite Plume, a neck away third.

Prince Aly Khan owns the winner. His father, the Aga Khan, won the Coronation Stakes of a mile with his filly Tambara, a 6 to 5 favourite.

The only other favourite to score was much to the relief of backers in the last race of the day, the Jersey Stakes of nearly a mile in which Double Eclipse, third in the Derby, won.

Starting at 6 to 5 he won by two lengths from Marcel Boussac's Emperor, an 11 to 2 chance.

The Queen Mary Stakes for two year old fillies run over five furlongs was expected to be a dual between Vergura and Golden Sally, hitherto unbeaten in their previous races.

Neither finished in the money, the race going to 10 to 1 chance Rose Linnet, a daughter of Colombo.

The other race on the card, the 12 furlongs Bessborough Stakes, fell to lightly weighted 4-year-old Rumpelstilskin, well backed at 15 to 2. Ridden by apprentice Billy Smith, he only had a neck to spare ove: the Aga Khan's topweight Moondust, a 100 to 8 chance with the 9 to 2 favourite Merry Month a half a length away third.

Despite the rain which prevented the Royal procession down the course and spoilt the finery as well as the pageantry, another big crowd watched the day's racing.

Betting 10 to 1 Hyperbole, 100 to 30 favourite Wat Tyler, 7 to 1 Burpham.

Won by: Head with five lengths between second and third.

Not run: Merry Rose.

Betting Tax Reduced

SECUNDERABAD, June 14 (UPI): The tax on totalizator bets and bookies has been reduced from fifteen per cent to twelve and half per cent, a finance department communique said today.

INDIAN CYCLISTS LEAVE TODAY

To Participate In World Cycling Championships

BOMBAY, June 14 (PTI).

The Indian Cycling team of four members participating in the World Cycling Championships at Brussels in August this year, will sail from Bombay tomorrow by the s.s. "Strathanover".

The team will consist of B. S. Mani (Madras), S. Chakraburty (Bengal) and P. J. Dhanvade and B. N. Bhalerao (Maharashtra).

Bombay's sprint champion R. R. Noble, who will shortly leave for England for higher studies, may join the team in London, it is learnt.

Twenty-year-old Chakraburty of Bengal, the youngest member of the team, who won the road race of the Indian Olympics held here last February and Dhanvade, a Bombay Government policeman, who has acquitted himself creditably in local road races, will represent India in this event. Mani and Bhalerao are intended for sprint and time trial races.

An official of the National Cyclists' Federation of India, the parent body for cycling, said here today that the benefit of expert coaching and training will be given to the members of the team at Brussels for a fortnight before the championships.

The official added that the team will, during its three and a half weeks' stay in England, take part in several local cycling championships in that country before proceeding to Belgium.

The championships to be held at Leige and Morslade, near Brussels, is scheduled to commence on August 12 and will continue till August 19.

Most Disappointed Athlete In Australia

MELBOURNE (By Mail). — Most disappointed athlete in Australia is 19-year-old Jeanette Joy of the Melbourne University.

She has already broken the Australian and Victorian women's shot putt records—but she has not been credited with either.

At the recent university challenge sports she clipped 6-1/2 inches off the Victorian record with a distance of 34 ft. 7-1/2 inches. But the shot was found to be under-weight.

On May 5, she broke the Australian record held by the "Flying Dutchwoman", Mrs. Fanny Blankers-Koen by six inches—but this, too, was disallowed because judges ruled the putting circle was too large.

Sixteen Acceptors For Northumberland Plate

LONDON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter):—Sixteen final acceptors were published today, for the Northumberland Plate (popularly known as the "Pitmen's Derby", to be run over 2 miles at Newcastle next Wednesday, June 21. They are (with weights):

Doming 9-4 Strathopey 8-8 Light of Morocco 8-4 Father Thames 8-2 Coltbridge 7-13 Prionium 7-11 Garter Knight 7-9 Pepito Two 7-8 Cadzow Oak 7-7 Light of Cavalry 7-6 Donington 7-5 Royal Pact 7-4 Tarka 7-3 Royal Entrance 6-13 Guerrica 6-11 and Lhasa 6-10.

B. P. O. A. MEETING ADJOURNED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Provincial Olympic Association at its resumed meeting this evening adjourned "sine die" after deliberating for two and a half hours.

The meeting decided that certain ambiguous and misleading statements in the Fourteenth Annual General Report be reconsidered and changes effected as would be necessary.

The BPOA are facing a crisis and much criticism is being levelled at the organisers of the Fourteenth Indian Olympic Games. The BPOA refuse to have anything to do with the organisation of the Indian Games held in February last and a veritable block is now settled in a body which boasts of its sporting activities.

Hockey Players' Tribute

The Pakistan hockey players who arrived in Delhi last Thursday paid a visit to Rajghat on Friday. Picture shows the players laying a wreath on the samadhi of Mahatma Gandhi.

WEST INDIES SURPASS HOME TEAM'S SCORE

Williams Grand All-Round Performance For Tourists

NEWCASTLE, June 14

The Wect Indies commenced their three-day match against Northumberland to-day and the home team were all out for 187 due to the West Indies bowler Williams taking 6 wickets for 10 runs a piece. The West Indies at the close of play had passed Northumberlands score by ten runs with four wickets still in hand.

Northumberland made 84 for the loss of four wickets by lunch on the opening day of their two-day match against the West Indies here today. It rained overnight until apout a couple of hours pefore play affected the attendance. But there was a good drying wind and the pitch appeared easy pace.

The West Indies began well by dismissing both opening batsmen with only 14 scored. Walton was well caught by John Goddard, and Routledge was taken at the wicket.

Then came a solid third wicket partnership of 73, between Philippson, former Lancashire. player, and Hunt, despite frequent bowling changes.

Williams broke the stand by holding a return catch from Philippson at 87, and two runs later Hunt left, caught at square leg.

Northumberland lost their remaining six wickets for the addition of 98 runs after lunch and were all out for 187.

At tea the West Indies had replied with 62 for two wickets.

Cecil Williams, the Barbados right arm spin bowler, claimed five of the six wickets which fell during the afternoon and had a hand in the other. He finished with an analysis of six wickets for 60 in 21, overs.

Grover and Barrett saw the hundred up after 150 minutes and went on to add 41 for the fifth wicket before Williams had grover brilliantly caught at midoff by Jones. Grover hit one six off Ramadhin and four fours in his 29.

Then Liddell, Northumberland's hard hitting captain, followed with some fireworks hitting Ramadhin clean out of ground for six, but his innings was shortlived, Jones holding another smart catch off Williams at 158.

The same combination were responsible dimiss Barrett at 172 and the last three wickets tumbled rapidly.

Northumberland had an early success when Stollmeyer was brilliantly caught behind the wicket at tewentysix. Marshall and Christiani batted confidently until Walton in the deep caught Christiani at fiftyeight.

At the close the West Indies were ten runs ahead with four first innings wickets remaining.

After tea, Henderson again caused trouble for the tourists by smartly stumping Marshall, again off Watson, with the total at 71.

Another catch by Walton in the deep ended Trestrall's enterprising innings of 42 at 107 and when Williams walked across one from hunt half the side were out for 112 Worrell treated the crowd to the most stylish batting of the day, but five minutes from time was caught and bowled by Earl for 37.

Worrell and his captain put on 80 for the 6th wickets.

SCORE-BOARD

NORTHUMBERLAND (1st Innings).	
Walton c Goddard b Jones	9
Routledge c Christiani b Pierre	4
Philippson c and b Williams	31
S. Hunt c Ramadhin b Jones	44
Grover (Jones) Williams	29
Barrett (Jones) Williams	20
Liddell (Jones) Williams	17
Golightly not out	20
Watson (Stollmeyer) Williams	0
Henderson Williams	4
Earl (Williams) Marchall	1
Extras	8
Total	187.

BOWLING ANALYSIS	O	M	R	W
Pierre	17	0	19	1
Jones	14	2	34	2
Worrell	4	0	9	0
Goddard	5	2	7	0
Ramadhin	16	4	41	0
Williams	21	4	60	6
Marshall	2.4	0	9	1

WEST INDIES (first innings)	
Stollymeyer c Henderson b Watson	19
Christiani c and b Watson	14
Marchall (Henderson) Watson	30
Trestrall (Walton) Hunt	42
Williams c Hunt	7
Goddard not out	47
Worrell (and) Eral	37
Jones not out	0
Extras	1
Total (for six wickets)	197

BOWLING ANALYSIS	O	M	R	W
Earl	13	0	63	1
Watson	15	1	63	3
Hunt	8	1	24	2
Golightly	10	0	34	0
Barrett	5	1	12	0

World T-T Champ. Suspended

LONDON, June 14 (PTI).

Richard Bergmann, world table tennis champion, has been suspended indetinitely by the English Table Tennis Association, it was announced here. The announcement states that Bergmann "is suspended from June 30 for breach of regulation respecting a playing trip abroad in spite of previous warning.

"Operation of this suspension is requested from all associations in membership of the international table tennis federation".

NEW COMERS BEAT RANKED PLAYERS

Madanpalle Tennis Tournament

MADANAPALLE, June 14 (PTI).

Ranked players Seshadri and Vishnumohan were defeated by newcomers in the semi-finals of the Madanapalle Tennis Tournament here last evening. Seshadri lost to Basavraj 4-6 4-6 and Vishnumohan to Prasad Rao 8-6 2-6 6-8.

The champions, however, had their revenge when combined they defeated Basavaraj and Prasadrao 6-3 6-0 6-3.

SEVENTH SUCCESS FOR RUGBY UNION TEAM

MASTERON (New Zealand), June 13 (PTI-Reuter): The British Isles Rugby Union team scored the seventh success of the tour here today, when they easily beat a Combined Whirarapa and Bush side by three goals and four tries (27 points) to two goals and one dropped goal (13 points).

At half time the British team were leading by 24 points to five.

ASBESTOS CEMENT FIRST TO ENTER SEMI-FINAL

Summersgill Cup Now Enters Closing Stages

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Five dramatic goals were registered in the second half of play in the Asbestos Cement and Dandi United encounter in this evening's Summersgill Cup quarter final which the former won by the odd goal in five. Earlier B.B. and C.I. "A" beat Lalit S.C. by the odd goal in three in the third round encounter.

The two teams served up robust football and the deep defences on both sides gave cause to be warned quite in time. After a blank half in which Asbestos Cement dominated play, but were unable to score due to poor shooting by Aboobaker their centre forward.

However, Dandi United were first to open their account in the early stages of the second period through Babulal their right inner. This goal made Asbestos Cement make up and Aboobaker made amends putting his side on equal terms. Sakaram then scored the sides second goal while Aboobaker went on to score his side's third and fourth goals in a short space of five minutes before the end.

The encounter between the B.B. and C.I. Railway and Lalit Sports was as keen as the other encounter and the odd goal in three win by the former was quite lucky.

The Railway have to thank Amid for both their goals as he scored one in each half. The reducer of the other side was registered by Ramesh in the second session.

H. V. M. AND MUSRY CUPS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A solitary goal scored by Karkare in the second half of play enabled Associated Cement Companies to prevail over Goan Sports 'C' in the preliminary round of the HVM Cup Football Tournament at the GIP Railway Ground, Parel.

In the Musry Cup Tournament played earlier at the same venue Asbestos Cement accounted with ease for Kohinoor Mills by five goals to nil. Bolar and Paresram scored two each, while Shamboo completed the tally for the winners.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE

Rajasthan's Narrow Win Over Kalighat

CALCUTTA, June 14 (PTI).

Rajasthan beat Kalighat by a goal to nil in the First Division Football League this evening, and George Telegraphs accounted for Calcutta Football Club by three goals to nil.

Phadkar To Play In Lancashire League

LONDON, June 13, (PTI-Reuter)— D. G. Phadkar, the Indian test all-rounder, will be playing for the Nelson Club in the Lancashire Cricket League next year.

The President of the Indian Cricket Control Board said today that he had been approached by the Nelson Club in this regard and he had "tentatively agreed to permit Phadkar to play for the 1951 season only."

The present professional who is being replaced by Phadkar is the Australian, Jack Pettiford.

COMPTON TO PLAY AGAIN NEXT MONTH

LONDON, June 13 (PTI-Reuter).—Denis Compton, who is in a London nursing home following an operation on his right knee, is to play critcket again next month, the M.C.C. stated tonight.

The selectors of the M.C.C. side to tour Australia during the winter will not decide about Compton's fitness for the trip until August, the statement added.

RUGBY LEAGUE SIDE BEAT NORTH COAST

KEMPSEY, June 14 (PTI-REUTER): The British Rugby League team is touring Australia beat North Coast by 37 points to seven here today.

The British team led by 25 points to seven at halftime.

MANCHESTER TEST

The Editor, The Bombay Chronicle.

Sir,—The formidable West Indies team did not come up to expectations, and they got beaten decisively by a comparativey weak English team considering that two of their best oldtimers, Washbrook and Compton, had to be dropped from the side. This omission, however, proved to be a blessing in disguise for England, as, if Washbrook and Compton had been fit, it is more than likely that the English selectors would have excluded—if not both, at least one of the bowlers—Hollies or Berry. As it happened, however, it was this pair that brought about the defeat of the West Indies so convincingly.

The West Indies have to thank themselves for their batting debacle in both the innings. For once, no one can blame the notorious and capricious weather at Old Trafford, and it was all to the advantage of the tourists, and yet they could not hold their own against the English Spinners.

Let us hope they will have better luck next time.

N. K. A. SHASTRI

CHIEF MINISTER'S INTEREST IN GOLF

Plans To Restore Glory Of Pachmarhi Course

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, June 14.

The Golf course at Pachmarhi, which was considered to be one of the best courses in India in pre 1947 days, and which had been lying in a neglected condition for the last three years, is again on the way of regaining its lost glory and status, thanks due to the keen interest which is now being taken by the septuagennarian Chief Minister, Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla of Madhya Pradesh in the game of golf.

The Chief Minister, Pandit Shukla and the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Pandit S. D. Shukul, who are staying in Pachmarhi go out every evening and are seen with their sticks and caddies on the golf course pursuing the ball from link to link. It is expected by the sportsmen that the other Ministers of the Madhya Pradesh Cabinet and the elderly officers will start taking interest in the golf and save this game from fading away.

PAKISTAN BEATEN BY DELHI XI

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): A Combined Delhi Eleven beat the Pakistan team from Lahore this evening by one goal to nothing. The goal was scored in the 17th minute after half time by converting a short corner.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Sandoz vs. Congress Seva Dal (Summersgill replay)

5-45 p.m. Rashid's vs. BEST (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. Globe 'B' vs. Blue Wizards (Division II)

5-30 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. Khandoba Vijaya (IFL Division I)

GIP Railway Ground, Parel

4-35 p.m. BB & CI 'A' vs. Kohinoor Mills (HVM Cup)

TATA'S WIN BY 2 GOALS TO 1

Junior Division Harwood Football League

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Tata Sports 'A' were lucky to gain full points against Bombay City 'A' in the second division of the Harwood Football League this evening. They won by the odd goal in three. This match was played on the College Ground at Parel.

City were the first to open their account ten minutes after the breather when Gasper scored, but Tatas equalized soon afterwards through D'Silva their left inner. Then Furtado obtained the winning goal a few minutes later.

In the earlier game in the same tournament Little Pioneers 'A' accounted for Wimco Sports by a similar margin (2-1). J. Fernandes obtained both goals for the winners in the first half while Wimco reduced the margin through Manickam.

WIMBLEDON ENTRIES ANNOUNCED

25 Nations Represented

LONDON, June 13 (PTI-Reuter).—five nations will be represented in the Wimbledon championships, premier lawn tennis tournament of the world, which opens on June 26.

Though Ted Schroeder, the holder, and Bob Falkenburg, winner in 1948, are notable absentees from the list of entries announced tonight, the United States will have eight players in the men's singles.

Australia has a strong hand with eleven representatives, including their entire Davis Cup squad.

The Americans, with thirteen entries, again seem certain to dominate the ladies singles.

Some outstanding men's doubles parings include the Americans, Gardnar Mulloy and Billy Talbert, Eric Sturgess (South Africa) and Jaroslav Drobny (Egypt) and the Australians, John Bromwhich and Adrian Quist.

NOTABLE DBUBLES FOR JOCKEYS PEACOCK AND TYRELL

March On Pays Rs. 175 In Four Lengths Win

BANGALORE, June 14. (PTI): A mediocre crowd was present today to witness the seventh day's racing run here in fine weather. The rains had held off and the going was good. Rajah of Ramnad's four-year-old bay colt Nea Hellas won the chief event, the Madras Cup, in easy style beating a good class.

Although form horses obliged, a few flukes made solving the treble pool difficult. There was only one ticket claiming the treble which paid Rs. 12,573.

Trainder Paddy Rylands and Jockey Peacock scored doubles.

The following are the results of the Bangalore Races, Seventh Day, held here this afternoon:

THE "B.R.C." PLATE (Div. 2):— 6 Furlongs.

MOTKIN 7-8 Tyrrell 1
AMORETTE 9-4 Black 2
PENNY NOVEL 8-9 Agnew 3
DINNA CARE 8-11 Damodar 4
Not run: Contessa Neuvy.
Won by: 1 3/4 lengths, 3 1/2 lengths and 2 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 21-4/5 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 37 for Win, Rs. 11-8 Rs. 11 and Rs. 16-8 for Places.

THE "B.R.C." PLATE (Div I)— 6 Furlongs.

PROMETHEUS 8-12 McQuade 1
SKY HILL 7-11 Mulley 2
RUQAIYYA 8-5 Purtusing 3
HYPERIOR 9-4 Amir Ahmed 4
Not run: Giselle, Harlem Day and Incitatus.
Won by: 6 lengths, short head and head.
Time: 1 min. 20 1/5 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 29 for Win, Rs. 14, Rs. 22-8 and Rs. 17 for Places.

THE "JEAKES" PLATE (Div. 1)— 7 Furlongs.

TOMCAT 9-3 Peacock 1
PRIDE D'ANTIBES 9-4 Purtusingh 2
LEGEND LIGHT 8-11 McGaffin 3
BLUE TRAIN 8-11 McQuade 4
Not run: Ganga Singh and Orion.
Won by: 1 1/4 lengths, 3/4 length short head.
Tiem: 1 min. 33 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 140 for Win, Rs. 58-8 Rs. 24 and Rs. 20 for Places.

THE MADRAS CUP (Div. II)—1 Mile 2 Furlongs.

PINK FLOWER 8-10 Peacock 1
D. F. C. 8-9 Mulley 2
CHRISSIE DARLING 8-8 Purtusingh 3
CRESCENDO 8-10 Tyrrell 4
All ran.
Won by: Head, 6 lengths, 1 1/4 lengths.
Time: 2 mins. 22 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 38-8 for Win, Rs. 16-8 Rs. 20 and Rs. 32-8 for Places.

THE "CAUVERY" PLATE (Dist. 6f.)

BULLRICH 8-2 Shankar 1
NUREMBERG 9-4 McQuade 2
VANDERDALE 8-11 Black 3
NETTLED 8-0 Mulley 4
Won by: 2 lengths, 1 1/2 lengths, 3 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 18 4/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 85/8. Places Rs. 16, Rs. 12/8 and Rs. 14.

THE "JEAKES" PLATE DIV. 2 (7 furlongs)

MARCH ON 8-11 Higgson 1
DOWN SOUTH 8-11 Agnew 2
ARCH GIRL 9-4 Black 3
COURTSHIP 8-2 Khade 4
Not run: Trumpeldor and Nizamuddin.
Won by: 4 lengths, 3 1/2 lengths and short head.
Time: 1 minute 33 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 175. Places Rs. 43/8, Rs. 31 and Rs. 41.

THE MADRAS CUP DIV. 1 (Dist. 1 mile 2 furlongs.)

NEA HELLAS 7-13 Mulley 1
TRIUMPH 8-1 Melhe 2
KING'S STAR 9-1 Amir Ahmed 3
ABDEL 8-8 Kasim Hassan 4
Not run: Cropler.
Won by: 2 3/4 lengths, 3 1/2 lengths. and 4 lengths.
Time: 2 minutes 18 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 93. Places Rs. 29, Rs. 43 and Rs. 23/8

THE BELLARY PLATE (Dist 7 fur.)

THE MARINE 8-0 Tyrrell 1
SINGHARH 9-0 S. Chavan 2
MY BABY 7-3 Raut 3
DAVI DAYAL 8-12 Ahmed Khan 4
Won by: 1 3/4 lengths, 2 lengths, short head.
Time: 1 minute 35 4/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 37/8. Places Rs. 13, Rs. 12/8 and Rs. 13/8.

Commonwealth Cricket Team To Arrive On Sept. 29

LONDON, JUNE 13 (PTI-REUTER).

THE COMMONWEALTH CRICKET TEAM TOURING INDIA THIS WINTER WILL LEAVE ON SEPTEMBER 15 AND ARRIVE IN BOMBAY ON SEPTEMBER 29. THEY WILL TRAVEL BY THE P AND O LINER CHUSAN ON HER MAIDEN VOYAGE TO BOMBAY.

They will play five test matches in India—each of five days at Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Kanpur. They will then leave for Ceylon where they are scheduled to play a three-day 'Test' against Ceylon and a four-day test against a combined India, Pakistan and Ceylon side.

The team will not be visiting Pakistan.

Mr. De Mello, the President of Indian Cricket Control Board, who had discussions with George Duckworth, regarding this tour, dealt also with the question of securing two coaches for India.

Mallows of Lancashire, he had been informed, would be prepared to come to India. He is a left-handed batsman and bowler and though past his prime as a player—he is fifty—he is an "excellent coach".

"I am now trying to get a fast bowler for coaching our men", Mr. De Mello said. "We are rather weak in this respect".

Commonwealth players who had played in India and whom he met again at Manchester had expressed great admiration for the bowling of Ghulam Ahmed and Gaewad.

"On a wicket such as Manchester's they would have been deadly", the Commonwealth players had said

Assam Cut Off From India

GAUHATI, June 14 (PTI): Train services and telecommunication between Assam and the rest of India were completely disrupted during the last two days, following cyclonic weather conditions and continuous rain in Northern Assam and Cooch Behar. Railway tracks running through the areas were breached at many points and the bridge on the Katihar-Silliguri section had been damaged.

Consequently, running of some trains have been suspended.

NO ADMISSION TO GUINDY COLLEGE

Student Appeals To Madras High Court

MADRAS, June 14. (PTI): The validity of the Madras Government's order restricting admission to Government colleges on communal basis has again been questioned in a petition filed before Mr. Justice Basheer Ahmed Sayeed at the Madras High Court today, by a student seeking admission to the Guindy Engineering College.

A similar petition filed by a girl-student seeking admission to the Madras Medical College is pending before the High Court.

The petitioner in present case, in his affidavit filed today, prayed that a writ of mandamus be issued restraining the Government and all officers and subordinates therefore from enforcing, observing, maintaining or following the Madras Government's communal G. O. relating to admission in colleges. The petitioner also prayed that the selection board of the Engineering College be directed by the Court to consider his application for admission on "its relative merits, without reference to considerations of religion, race, caste, language on any of them".

Mr. Justice Basheer Ahmed Sayeed, admitted the petition and ordered notice to the Government returnable on June 27.

Mr. Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar is appearing for the petitioner.

The Bombay Chronicle

COTTON AND INDUSTRY

Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, Industry and Supplies Minister, Goverment of India, presiding over the Textile Advisory Committee, had prolonged discussions in the city for three days. He met various representatives who are interested in the cotton trade and the textile industry. The views expressed by different sections differed widely, and a Sub-Committee was appointed to go into the different plans advanced and to advise the Government. Mr. Mahatab made it clear that the Government had no preconceived ideas in the matter and they would be willing to be guided by the collective judgment of all interests concerned. The Central Cabinet is meeting on Friday to finalise the entire policy and the fate of cotton prices.

The policy, which the Government followed during the past several years, and the partition of the country have resulted in an acute shortage of raw cotton. This shortage is due to loss of the long-stapled cotton grown in Pakistan, the Grow-more-food policy which restricted the area under cotton cultivation, and the unduly low cotton prices fixed by the Government which not only killed all enthusiasm to grow but effected, the economic ruin of millions of cotton-growers. The Government, in their desire to supply cloth at a reasonable price, failed to foresee the coming disastrous situation until the country was forced to import high-priced foreign cotton for which we had to pay fancy prices and lose a good portion of our hard-earned exchange which is badly needed to maintain the balance of our import-export trade. After the devaluation of the rupee, there was a huge demand for Indian cloth from adjoining countries due to the artificially low prices of our raw cotton and the 30 per cent profit due to devaluation. These exports earned some exchange and cleared the huge stocks of cloth piled up in maunfacturing establishment.

On the other side, the unduly low price of raw cotton brought in a complete stoppage of the forward market and thousands engaged in this trade became unemployed. Mills with a view to secure their supplies, made heavy inroads in the interior and paid unduly high prices for kapas, and there is a request to fix prices of kapas which is not only difficult but impracticable. This can be easily solved if mills honestly cooperate with Govt. plans and refrain from buying kapas at high price. The Government and the Controller have enough powers to requisition either raw cotton or kapas and make them available to mills. The main question is how to secure an adequate supply of raw cotton to feed our cotton mills. The first and important consideration is to increase the ceiling price of raw cotton. Sir Purshotamdas Thakordas, the President of the East Indian Cotton Association, has suggested raising the ceiling price of raw cotton to Rs. 850/- per candy in order to restore the effective function of the Cotton Market. The Indian Central Cotton Committee also passed a resolution some months ago recommending an increase in the ceiling price. Even millowners favour the idea of increasing raw cotton prices. This shows that those who are directly interested in the trade and industry are unanimous in the demand for higher price and the Government has no alternative but to accept the demand.

The question now is to what extent should the increase be allowed? This is a complex problem. The price of raw cotton has three vital aspect, namely domestic, cost of growing cotton and international. As for as the domestic aspect is concerned the increase should be on a parity basis with other agricultural produce and particularly food. The increase should not be to such an extent as to endanger the food supply situation. The second aspect is the basis of cost of cotton growing and allowing a fixed percentage of profit. The third one is the consideration of raw cotton prices grown in foreign countries —namely Egypt, East Africa, the United States, Brazil and Pakistan.

If these three aspects are properly weighed before deciding the extent of the increase, we are likely to meet with a good deal of success in increasing the supply of raw cotton to meet the yearly requirements of our textile industry. Government can allow a subsidy in some form to cultivators to give them an impetus for intensive cultivation to increase the yield per acre of long staple cotton. With a view to make the entire plan a complete success and if our mills are anxious, they must provide funds for bulk buying and with financial assistance from banks, even equitable distribution can be planned. This bulk buying will do away with the middle-man between cotton-growers and the industry who are there to earn profits on others toll. This will lead to uniform ginning and pressing charges in all cotton ginning districts. Even co-operative cotton societies will be useful in getting a fair price to cotton-growers and in keeping the handling charges at a reasonably low level. After meeting the situation in all its requirements the Government must review the situation every quarter in terms of changing conditions both here and abroad, and make the necessary changes even in price levels if needed. We must have a flexible policy as it will not encourage any undue accumulation of stocks of either raw cotton or cloth.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

HONGKONG, June 14: China's Mao Tse-Tung said in a speech released here yetserday that a fundamental change for the better in China's financial and economic situation would take three years or a little longe. . . . .

Speaking of industry, Mao said it was necessary to improve relations between labour and capital. The early elimination of capitalism was impossible he said.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

* *

At Srinagar the other day, Sir Owen Dixon (himself an Australian) granted an interview to an Australian priest, Dr. Edmunds.

The would-be "liberators" of Kashmir must be alert. This Dr. Edmunds may prove doubly dangerous unless, of course, he is quite all right.

* *

At a mass meeting in the Bali island, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said of India: "Talk of leadership of Asia is all nonsense. Why should we pose ourselves as saviours of the world?"

He and his colleagues cannot. But it is not without the bounds of dynamic possibility that in due course the saviourship of the world will, under the inspiring stimulus of a divine call be assumed by Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia.

* *

At the Textile Advisory Committee discussion, says a report of Tuesday's proceedings, centred on the question of Government's future policy regarding cotton, members expressing various conflicting opinions.

The conflicting opinions arising stictly out of the respective holders' keen concern for the interests of the country.

* *

Mr. Silam, presiding at a meeting of the Bombay P.C.C. held to condole the death of Sane Guruji, paid glowing tributes to the departed leader and said that India had lost one of its most valient fighters who had always been advocating purity in politics.

Exactly. We fully endorse this tribute to the great and courageous man who even left the Congress for his convictions.

* *

Reviewing the political situation in the country, Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru is reported to have observed in Poona that though some of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's speeches in America had not been friendly to India, the Delhi Pact still held promise of a bright future.

This is an unwarranted defiance of the authoritative views of those great Indians, Shri S. P. Mookerjee and, Shri John Matthai.

And does Pandit Kunzru not realise at all that he is asking for it from Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia himself? Suppose Seth Dalmia, issues a statement on Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru where will Kunzru be then?

* *

The Czech Health Minister is reported, however, to have declared, after a quick consultation with the Russian delegate, that neither Russian nor other East European States would "take one single step over their own frontiers for an aggressive war."

So say all of them, always.

REHABILITATION OF E. PAKISTAN REFUGEES

THE PROBLEM of providing relief to the refugees from Eastern Pakistan and of making arrangements for their rehabilitation has been exercising the minds of the people as well as Government for some time past. It is now accepted by the Governments concerned that a very large number of people who have come from Eastern Pakistan may not ultimately go back, and, therefore, early arrangements for their rehabilitation should be made, states a West Bengal Government press note.

It is conceded that for a certain period the refugee from Eastern Pakistan has to be provided with some amount of relief. But the extent to which funds from the public exchequer can be devoted for relief of the people coming from Eastern Pakistan should be determined.

TYPES OF REFUGEES

Those who have come from Eastern Pakistan can be broadly divided into the following categories:

Firstly, those who had no occupation, trade or profession and had no training, technical or otherwise, but who depended upon the income from land received as part-proprietors of such lands. Such displaced persons have lost their source of maintenance and find themselves unfit to undertake any other type of work.

Secondly, those who had some type of training and were engaged in professions like doctors, chemists, engineers, surveyors, estimators, accountants, teachers and the like.

And, thirdly, those who followed an occupation in which they had experience and through which they maintained themselves, such as agriculture or skilled trades such as artisans, carpenters, blacksmiths, washermen, fishermen, etc. This large group of people, which forms the majority of those who have migrated since January 1950, is not very difficult to rehabilitate and many of them have already been rehabilitated. While the first group can at best depend upon getting some kind of service which can only give them a very meagre income, the persons belonging to the second group can easily get themselves fitted in some occupation or other, from which they can earn their living quite easily.

REHABILITATION

It has been suggested in certain quarters that Government have no plan for rehabilitation. This is not correct. Even as far back as in September, 1948, the West Bengal Government had drawn up and published a plan; although it has been modified from time to time, according to exigencies of circumstances and according to the funds available for such purposes, the broad principles have remained the same. Rehabilitation is a serious problem and has to be understood and appreciated with an open mind. Those who approach it with prejudice cannot help Government in their difficult task nor the refugees themselves in their misery.

As may be seen from what has been said above, the Government plan has been broadly divided into two parts:—

RELIEF MEASURES

There are many people who have come from Eastern Pakistan, or are still coming, who have some relation or other in some town or village in West Bengal to stay with. For them what is necessary for Government to provide is some cash dole or some rations until they can get themselves absorbed in the economic life of the area in which they settle down. It has been, therefore, decided by the Central Government, with which the State Government is in agreement, to give to such persons subsistance allowance at a particular rate for one month after their arrival. In certain cases, however, this period has been extended to two months, in the hope that during this period such persons would be able to either secure an employment or find some form of occupation which would give them some income. It has been suggested in some quarters that such men should continue to get doles so long as they do not get rehabilitated. It is difficult to appreciate this argument because the problem of rehabilitation does and should include not merely an effort on the part of the Government, or the voluntary organisations, but also a determined effort on the part of the refugees themselves to put their hands to something or other. Helpless dependence on doles is neither morally defensible from the point of view of the giver nor of the receiver.

CASH DOLES

For those who are in Government camps, Government decided to give all such persons cash doles or ration for a period of 15 days after which the adults are not given any doles, but women and children continue to get the cash doles. The scale of dole given has been criticised in various quarters. It is not a very big amount, but considering the financial condition of the country it is what the State could reasonably provide. The "sympathetic critics" who maintain otherwise, have also not been able to indicate the source of such funds, if bigger sums are to be provided and for longer periods.

FREE FOOD AT SEALDAH

In this connection the question of giving food to the refugees who come to Sealdah Station has also been raised and a good deal of criticism has been made. This problem has been giving Government a great deal of anxiety. The public are aware that for some weeks during the height of influx, the number that came in was far in excess of what could be absorbed in different transit camps. In spite of the fact that Government did not want the platforms to be crowded by the refugees, much to the discomfort of the ordinary passengers and hindrance to the normal essential traffic, the situation could not be helped and various voluntary organisations came forward to give food to the refugees who came to Sealdah. These voluntary organisations had to obtain approval of the United Council of Relief and Welfare, without which no rations could be obtained.

But in view of the difficulties of managing large crowds in Sealdah it was decided that at the two big stations, namely, Bongaon and Raneghat, all incoming passengers will be approached by the Relief Department and every person asked whether they wanted to proceed to Calcutta to any of their relations living there or proceed through Calcutta to any other stations. If not, they were requested to stay at one of the relief camps provided by Government but, for some reason or other, while some refugees went to the camps, a very large number began crowding into Sealdah. Instances have been known where, for days on end, along with the bonafide refugees, many others managed to obtain cooked food through the generosity of various relief organisations in the City.

While this was never wholly approved by Government, it was allowed to continue until Government were in a position to provide room for the refugees in the different camps. When these camps were available and when the invitation of the different State gees in other States was extended to the refugees, arrangements were made to take the refugees from Sealdah or from Raneghat and Bongaon to places outside Calcutta.

DISPERSAL OUT OF CALCUTTA

It is well-known that Calcutta is already much too overcrowded and as a result of the very large number of displaced persons who came and scattered themselves in different parts of the city, the sanitary arrangements of the city were almost about to fail and even the water supply had become difficient. It was, therefore, considered most essential that the refugees should be dispersed to places out of Calcutta and not allowed to crowd at Sealdah.

Meanwhile, the voluntary organisations which have been feeding the refugees for the last four months, found the task increasingly heavy. Some of them could not continue because they had exhausted all their available funds. But, unfortunately, one or two organisations, who could continue, perhaps, for sometime more, had to stop feeding refugees because of the conduct of some volunteers and some refugees in creating disorder and actually assaulting the workers of the organisations. Under these circumstances it was natural that these organisations had to stop.

The Government of West Bengal have arranged for more than one special train to run from Sealdah to the different camps and any refugee who cannot find accommodation for himself with any relation or friend in the city should go over to these camps and remain there until he is able to provide for himself.

REHABILITATION PROBLEMS

This naturally leads us to the problems of rehabilitation. It has already been noticed that some people, who unfortunately are also very vocal, but who are not capable of being easily rehabilitated, have been the source of worry and anxiety to Governmen. Those who were living outside the Government camps, but who had desired to be rehabilitated have been helped in the following manner:—

Those who had professional training such as lawyers, doctors etc. were given maintenance and equipment loans to re-establish themselves in practice. Those who had experience of business or of running small industries were given loan of Rs. 5,000 or

(Continued on Page 7)

BIOGRAPHY OF A REVOLUTIONARY

LAHORE, June 14 (UPI).

PREPARATIONS are, it is learnt, being made to publish a comprehensive biography of the renowned Punjab revolutionary, Sardar Bhagat Singh. His brother, Sardar Kulbir Singh has come to Lahore in this connection to collect materials and extracts from the official records and the proceedings of the Lahore Conspiracy Case in which Sardar Bhagat Singh figured as one of the main accused.

EVACUEES' BANK ACCOUNTS

Transfer Facilities To Be Provided

NEW DELHI, June 14 (UPI): A decision to provide facilities for transfer of bank accounts of evacuees both in India and Pakistan was taken by the Implementation Committee set up under the Indo-Pakistan Banking Agreement of last year, which concluded its two-day session in New Delhi yesterday.

The Committee also decided that facilities should be provided to solve the difficulties of banks which are under liquidation or functioning under "schemes of arrangements."

The question of facilitating the grant of permits to Indian nationals engaged by banks functioning in Pakistan to go to that country and return was also discussed. Steps to facilitate removal of bank's records were also considered.

Discussions were confined to the problems of commercial banks only. The Indo-Pakistan agreement on banking concluded last April covered both commercial banks and co-operative institutions in East and West Punjab.

The next meeting of the Committee has been fixed for September 1950. It will probably be held in Lahore.

MORARKA CASE POSTPONED

Accused Not Well

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

As two of the accused in the high denomination notes case in which the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Mills and five of its officials are being charged with contravention of the High Denomination Notes Ordinance, could not attend the Court owing to ill-health, the hearing of the case, was postponed for a week by Mr. R. S. Parikh, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court today.

It was stated by the defence that the third accused Dwarkadas Shreenivas had sustained a fracture of the hand and the fourth accused Gokulchand D. Morarka had heart trouble.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Danger Recedes

Dark war clouds which were gathering on the world horizon during the last few months, seem to be dispersing if we are to believe the utterings of two political figures from opposite camps. Though soviet imperialism constitutes a challenge, Mr. Dean Acheson, the U.S. Secretary of State, says that it did not present an 'immediate danger of war'. While stating that it was the objective of the United States to have a peaceful world, he was realistic enough to admit that the obstacles in the way were not all of Soviet Russia's making. He reminded the Americans that, even if the Russians became their good neighbours, there would be enough problems to solve before peace could be ushered in. The most pressing among them are provision of the means of tolerable existence to the majority of the peoples of the world and directing into healthy channels the nationalism which is emerging in many nations of Asia and Europe. Let us take, it that Mr. Dean Acheson's new attitude towards Russia marks the end of unreasonable anti-Communist hysteria that has been sweeping the United States. But let us also hope that is is not followed by a revival of Western Imperialism. The other cryptic but important statement was made by Communist China's leader Mao Tse Tung who said that, the forces fighting to check the danger of war are growing. He reads the world situation from another angle and feels that it was favourable to the nations in the Soviet sphere. The realistic touch came when he spoke of industry and emphasised that early elimination of capitalism was impossible. He pleaded for better relations between public and private enterprises and between labour and capital. Coming from a successful Communist like Mao Tse Tung, they indicate a change of strategy by the Cominform or does it mean that the process of fomenting world revolution has been slowed down? Any way it means that the tension is easing and statesmen will have another chance to patch up the world without more armed conflicts immediately.

An Austrian Bomb-Shell

The Eastern European delegates to what is described as the Communist-organised Peace Conference would naturally not have approved of the surprise turn which Monday's proceedings took as the result of the unexpected challenge thrown down to Eastern European nations by the Austrian atomic scientist, Professor Hans Thirring. But quite frankly, the Professor's point of view deserves sympathy. He naturally and justifiably sets the problem of the conclusion of an Austrian Peace Treaty as the test of bona fides regarding peace. And it cannot be denied that the desired treaty remains elusive largely because of Soviet attitude and policy. Moreover, the challange to Eastern European leaders to give "pratical proofs of their own humanity does acquire relevance if only by reason of the rather one-sided strategy pursued by organisers of the Peace Movement in Western countries. For instance, they demand scrapping of atomic weapons but are conveniently vague as to effective international control over possibilities of fresh construction of the some weapons in the different countries. And they invariably address demands and denuciations to the U. S. and its Allies but never to the Soviet Union which is at least equally responsible for the failure to devise a satisfactory formula for effective international control and supervision.

Nostradamus Rides Again

During the war, countless experts on the cryptic prophecies of the ancient seer, Nostradamus, cashed in on a flood of articles and books bought eagerly by a superstitious public. They are at it again. One of the "experts" is a German astrologer, Johannes Lang. Lang, it may cheer you to know, predicted that World War III was all set to break out on the 31st of last March, says "World-over Press". The same man had previously prophesied that this new war would start on April 10, 1949, but when it didn't come through on schedule, he had an alibi. His figurings had been based on Stalin's birthday, but since that event is celebrated the day afterward, the constellations, and the predictions of Nostradamus along with them, were thrown out of gear. This suggests an idea for the peace movement, better than the U.N., world citizenship, or anything else. Just see that Stalin never celebrates his birth anniversary on the exact date.

Soviet Finances

It would be a great thing and a magnificent gesture of peace if the Soviet Union's entire "defence" budget represented only 18.5 p.c. of the total. That would have constituted a significant blow on behalf of reduction of armaments and a lead which others would have found difficult to ignore. But in the 83 days of feverish war preparations, of production of new weapons, of Atom bomb and Hydrogen bomb the low percentage is too good to be true. Details may reveal some omissions as border-line cases between Industrial and war productions. And it may well be that the vast amount of National Wealth being devoted in America and the Soviet Union has, in the latter's budget, been put under some industrial heading.

Viet-Nam Politics

Bao Dai's main qualification for the job of leading Viet Nam was and is that he is a supporter of France—his exasperated opponents would call him a stooge of France. Otherwise the ex-Emperor is just a "play boy" interested almost exclusively in the night clubs of France and hunting and shooting in his own country. He was never in any kind of contact with his people to whom he is not a leader whom they understand and honour but a complete stranger. He was chosen as leader because that served the purpose of France. But that purpose is in conflict with the wishes and interests of the Viet Namese so that setting him up as the head of Viet Nam has strengthened rather than weakened Dr. Ho and his Viet Minh. It is really unfortunate that America and Britain should have decided to support Bao Dai. His growing unpopularity has not been checked as a recent report says. Only this support has sharpened Viet Namese reaction against Western democracies. If the U.S. wants to "save" Viet Nam it must insist on a radical change in the political set-up there.

Minority And Minority Problems

The following thought-provoking extract from "America Divided", a book dealing with minority group relations in the U.S.A. will be read with interest in this country: The authors, Arnold and Caroline Rose, begin their study, "The mere fact of being generally hated because of religious, racial, or nationality background is what defines a minority group. Putting the definition in terms of "hatred" may raise same eyebrows because it is not customary, but it is probably more understandable and useful than other definitions. In the first place, it makes explicit the fact that the problem of the minority — that is, the hate — lies in the majority and not in the minority. Until recently it was commonly believed that the minority group had some obnoxious trait that inevitably caused it to be a problem. Well-meaning people studied and thought and asked: "What can we do for these minority people so they won't be a problem?" Now we know this point of view itself is a mild manifestation of the cause of the minority problem — it is a mild form of hate. We now know that the minority problems exist in the minds of the majority: the problem is really a white man's problem, and the Jewish problem is really a Gentile problem.

"This does not mean of course, that there is nothing wrong with the minorities themselves. It means that the singling out of certain kinds of people and considering them problems because of their different race, religion or nationality represents a distortion in the minds of the majority... The attitude of hated may be open or it may be suppressed, it may appear to be mild or it may appear to be strong, but whenever it exists among a large number of people and is directed against a group distingushed by race, religion or nationality, there is a minority problem. The second thing we are concerned about is manifestations of discrimination. That is, when harmful things are done to people solely because of their race, religion, or nationality, there exists a minority problem. As a matter of fact, we need not be concerned with hatred if there were no discrimination — because, if there were no bad effects, there would be no problem. But the two are bound together, and the analysis of the causes of discrimination takes us into an analysis of the attitude of hate."

No analogy can be perfect at every point. In India, the question raised by the well-meaning is not, "What can we do for these minority people so they won't be a problem?", but, "If only Pakistan would implement the Agreement as India has done, the situation would be so much simpler," as in effect Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru observed at the annual meeting of the Servants of India Society. We are not unfair in saying this because the Nehru-Liaqat Agreement is the chief restraining force on the excessive communalism of the majority whose advocates insist that it is a "last chance" even when they are restrained enough to acquiesce in it.

Thought For The Day

Until we are conscious shapers of our own destiny there can be no balanced, coherent goodness or beauty.. ..When we have mastered our own fate there won't be time for discussing "what is beauty?" One will be overwhelmed by the abundance of it.

—FRANK THOMSON.

CONTROLS ON PAPER, SALT AND CEMENT TO GO

Planning Commission's Talks

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 14.

The Planning Commission is presently engaged in discussing the future of controls over Paper, Salt, Cement and Petrol; it is learned here. Indications, however, are that the remaining controls over paper will be lifted during June and over Salt sometime in September.

Petrol will be derationed from July 1 at the port towns and within their thirty radius. The Government hopes to deration petrol in the interior by successive stages, commencing with an additional quota of ten per cent to be allocated to the States which will be given the sole discretion to distribute it amongst consumers in the way they regard it advisable. Paucity of tank wagons is the chief bottlenack in the way of immediate derationing. One hundred and fifty additional tank wagons are needed.

It is however hoped to construct the additional fleet of tank wagons by March next year, when complete de-rationing of petrol is envisaged.

Cement may be decontrolled by July. Production of Cement rose from 15,52,907 tons in 1948 to 21,62,425 tons in 1949. That production is still going up is evident from the producton figures for the last quarter of 1949 and the first quarter of 1950, the figures being 4,30,040 tons and 6,50,859 tons respectively.

A Conference of the representatives of Cement Manufacturers, it will be recalled, was held here in February this year to consider how far control could be relaxed in the light of improved supply position.

A proposal for the setting up of a common marketing organization for all the cement manufacturers in the country was considered. After prolonged discussion, the producers agreed to consider the question of forming a "combine" whose main function would be to take steps to enable each factory to produce to the maximum of its capacity and also to dispose of the entire production of the industry within a ceiling price to be fixed by the Government.

The draft constitution of the proposed organization is now under examination.

Paper and paper board production trends show similar encouragement to decontrol, their production rose from 97,905 tons in 1948 to 1,03,194 tons in 1949

SALT PRODUCTION

Tre following are the comparative figures in thousands of maunds of salt production in the first two months of 1948, 1949 and 1950.—

1948	3718
1949	4253
1950	4773

Salt production at Government factories, however fell from 1353 tons in January-February 1949 to 540 tons in January-February 1950. This is due to the late manufacturing season at Sambhar.

Two exports have carried out a geological survey of mines at Mandi for estimating the quality and quantity of rock salt available in those deposits. Their report is under examination.

Though production of salt in India during the current year is placed at about 707 lakh maunds against the country's demand of 648 lakh maunds, the Government of India has tentatively decided to import thirty lakh maunds of sea salt in 1950 It is expected that import of salt will be slowed down in 1951 and there will be complete suspension of imports by 1952. Monsoons last year damaged salt production Bombay last year, hence the additional precaution to de-control

SUGAR ISSUE

Simultaneously with the appointment of an investigator into the sugar muddle of last year, comes the report that the Government is seriously examining the question of decontrol of sugar. This should be considered in context of earlier report that sugar shortage may repeat itself this Autumn.

According to latest reports for the quarter ending May 15, total production since November 1 rose from 25,858,000 maunds in 1948-49 to 26,300,000 maunds in 1949-50 or an increase of 442, maunds. Unlike last year, there is no carryover of sugar in 1950. Indian Sugar prices continue to be considerably higher to those of the imported sugar. Due to exchange difficulties, however, import of sugar is banned and the Indian consumer cannot receive the benefits of free competition.

With a charge-sheet against the sugar manufacturers still under investigation and sugar stock prosition not so satisfctory as it was in 1949, any talk of decontrol, prima facia, appears to be premature. The views of the Planning Commissionfi which includes the ex-Chairman of the Tariff Board should have a great bearing on the subject.

The Tariff Board of whch Mr. G. L. Mehta was than the Chairman, had examined the case of sugar industry for protection in 1949-50. Planned economy is a sine qua non of Planning and controls are the corner-stone of planned econmy. In the nature of things, Planning Commission should be opposed to the general policy of decontrols.

PROHIBITION IS NOT PRACTICAL NOW!

Mahatab Expresses His View

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

MR. HARE KRISHNA MAHATAB, the Central Minister for Industry and Supply, today expressed the personal view that it was not a practical policy to introduce prohibition in the present circumstances.

Addressing a question and answer meeting organised by the Progressive Group of Bombay at the Greens Hotel this evening, Mr. Mahatab added that it was on account of this fact that he did not venture to launch on the prohibition programme in the Orissa state when he was the Chief Minister there. He hastened to make his position clear by stating that he agreed to the principle of Prohibition and he recalled that he had gone to jail many times for picketing liquor shops. He did not consider it advisable to introduce the programme in the conditions obtaining at present in India.

INDIA BETTER PLACED

Mr. Mahtab asserted that the position of India, compared to Russia in the first five years of the Soviet regime, or to France after the French Revolution, was better and he was confident that India would come to brass-tacks with the various problems and stabilise the situation within the next two years.

"What is needed today is an efficient and influential administration, not necessarily very powerful", he added. Power alone could not achieve everything, the Minister said.

PROVINCIALISM

Mr. Mahatab also warned the country against the growing danger of provincialism raising its head not only in politics, but even in trade, commerce and industry. He made this statement replying to questions regarding favouritism shown to parties in the issuing of import licenses. He said that the State Governments would favour persons from their own States, irrespective of the fact whether they were competent to ustilise the permits or not. Mr. Mahatab pointed out that the danger of provincialism was worse than that of communalism.

Replying to questions regarding the prevalence of corruption in the administrative machinery, Mr. Mahatab said that it was definitely on the decrease as the public were very vigilant.

Regarding complaints that the staff in the Textile Commissioner's office generally did not possess a thorough knowledge of textile problems, Mr. Mahatab said that he was thinking of a scheme to create a special cadre from which recruitment would be made for specialised jobs. He admitted that the proper persons were not being put in the proper jobs.

Rehabilitation Of E. Pakistan Refugees

(Continued from Page 6)

above through the Refugee Businessmens' Rehabilitation Board or the Rehabilitation Finance Administration to re-establish themselves in business or industry. Refugees having requisite qualifications have been helped in securing employment through the Regional Directorate of Resettlement and Employment. Lastly, there is adequate arrangement for giving vocational and technical training to refugee youngmen at Government cost to equip them for new avenues of employment.

REFUGEES' DUTY

Those who are in Government camps and who cannot be rehabilitated in any of the forms indicated above, have also been asked, after a certain period, to put their hands to something and earn a small amount although such earnings may not in the beginning represent a full measure of rehabilitation. The process of rehabilitation requires that the individual must not only earn a little but also should be employed in an occupation which is congenial to him and for which he is fitted. As already indicated, the majority of persons who were engaged in manual work before they came to West Bengal, found it easy to get themselves occupied in work of some form or other. The group which did no work before, particularly those who did no manual work nor were engaged in any mental persuits, are naturally finding it difficult to get themselves occupied in a sphere which would give them sufficient return for maintaining themselves and their families. These are the "problem people" for whom Government are considering newer methods of employment.

On May 5, West Bengal Government issued a Press Note indicating the steps that have been and are being taken for the rehabilitation of the refugees in West Bengal. Government are proceeding along the lines of a definite well-chalked-out programme, which, it is hoped, will effectively rehabilitate the refugees in the shortest possible time.

Stop Press

JERUSALEM ISSUE GOES BACK TO U.N. ASSEMBLY

LAKE SUCCESS, June 14 (PTI): The United Nations Trusteeship Council voted today to send the Jerusalem problem back to the General Assembly.

ELECTION OF MAHARASHTRA DELEGATES FOR NASIK

POONA, June 14 (PTI): The election of 137 delegates from Maharashtra to the Congress session at Nasik will be held on June 30. The result of the elections will be announced on July 2. Mr B. M. Gupte, M.L.A., has been appointed Returning Officer for the whole province.

SMUTS GIVES UP LEADERSHIP

CAPETON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): General Smuts, who is lying ill at his home near here, has given up his position as Parliamentary Leader of the United Party Opposition owing to his long illness, it was announced tonight.

No Chinese Red Threat To Hong Kong

HONG KONG, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Hong Kong's Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, does not think Honk Kong is threatened by invasion from Communist China.

Sir Alexander Grantham told reporters here before leaving for Britain on leave with Lady Grantham that he did not see why Communist China should not reconcile itself to Hong Kong remaining under British rule.

The threatened invasion of Formosa might take place this month or next, he said.

He thought reports that Russia was supplying arms and equipment to the Peking Government forces for an attack on Formosa were quiet true.

British firms in China, he said, were having a difficult very time, but he was hopeful of the outcome of discussions between the British Government and the Peking Government on the exchange of diplomatic representatives.

Pak Goodwill Mission To India Soon

KARACHI, June 14 (PTI-Reuter):—The Pakistan Muslim League has decided to send a goodwill mission to India to promote Indo-Pakistan amity, it was reliably learned here tonight.

Members of the minority communities will be associated with the mission, which will leave for India after the month of Ramzan.

PRICES MOVE TO LOWER LEVEL

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 14, (PTI-Reuter): The London Stock exchange showed hesitancy today and price movements were generally to slightly lower levels. Business in British Government stocks was checked by disposition to await terms of British coal stock to be issued as compensation for nationalisation of the collieries. An official announcement expected on Thursday.

Prices were widely one-eighth per cent lower on the day.

Interest in industrials was small and price levels were never really tested. Textiles, irons and steels were a few pence off, where changed.

A feature of the international section was a sharp rise in Canadian Pacific Common at 31 and 1/4 on rumours of an Alberta oil strike.

Rubber shares continued to be unsettled by commodity price changes and moved lower on a stream of small sales. Changes in oils were small and irregular. Gold shares showed a firm undertone despite the fact that early gains were not always held.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, June 14.

The following are today's quotations in the Madras share market at 4 p.m.:—

LOANS: Three percent Paper 97-8, three percent 1986 97-5, three percent 1970-75 99-14, three percent 1966-68 100, Government of Travancore three percent 1952-54 102-6, Government of Madras three percent 1956 100-10, three percent 1960 100-5.

BANKS: Travancore 14-8.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5-5, Cochin Malabar 5-4, Devashola 16, Nelliampathy 1-4-6, Nilgiri Tea 11-5, Ouchterloney 6-2, Peermade 59, Pullangode 1-5-6, Thirumbadi 2-6, Valkundam 7-11-6.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 136-8, Cambodia 11-2, Coimbatore 141, do. Pioneer 118-8, do Spg. 52-8, Dhanalakshmi 225, Lakshmi 73-8, Madura 36-4, Mettur 336-8, Radhakrishna 182, Rajalakshmi 72-8, Ranga Vilas 59, Trav. Rayons 4-1, Trichinopoly 14-2, Vasanta 108-8.

MISCELLANEOUS: F.A.C.T. 5-4, Mettur Chem. 5-8.

Ahmedabad Shares

(From: Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 14: With aggressive selling by bears the Ahmedabad market closed with a bearish sentiment. Fluctuation: Calico opened 249-8 highest 250-4 lowest 246-4, Arvind opened 770 lowest 759, Ambica opened 291 lowest 28-8, Deferred opened 1684 highest 1694 lowest 1676, New Shorrok opened 547 lowest 544. Closing quotations: Calico 247, Arvind 763, Ambica 290, Deferred 1676, Ashok 342, New Shorrok 545, Atul 29.

N. Y. Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, June 14 (PTI): Anaconda copper minings 32-1/4.
General Motors 98-1/4.
U.S. Steel common 36-1/8
U.S. Steel preference unquoted.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, June 14.

Previous Closing	33.00
Today's Opening	32.95
Difference	—.5
To-day's Closing	32.85
Difference	—.15

TEXTILE TALKS

(Continued from page 1)

next year was also discussed at the meeting. The consensus of opinion was that these prices should be raised, but the Government of Bombay were firmly opposed to any such increase on the ground of its repercussions on the cost of living.

The question of cloth distribution was also gone into in all its varying aspects. The general view was that the present system of allowing free sales of one-third of mills' total production should be continued, as the scarcity of cloth was only temporary.

EXPORT COMPETITION

The general cloth situation in the country with special reference to exports also came in for a detailed discussion. Several members expressed the view that the prospects of export of cloth would not be so bright next year and that India should be prepared to face a more severe competition from other countries.

The millowners strongly pressed for the restoration of the four per cent cut made in the textile prices in November last.

In his concluding remarks the Supply Minister stated that the Government of India would carefully consider the views exupressed by the Committee and would arrive at decisions at an early date.

Further inquiries indicated that the Textile Advisory Board had recommended to the Government of India an increase of Rs. 150 in the ceiling price of raw cotton. This recommendation was strongly opposed by the Bombay Government represented at the meeting by its Civil Supplies Minister Mr. Dinkerrao Desai. The Bombay Millowners' Association also expressed themselves against the proposal. The repesentatives of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association however suggested that the increase should be only Rs. 70.

REGULATE EXPORTS

The Board further recommended that the export of cotton textiles should be better regulaed than at present in order that the country may not suffer on account of the scarcity of coarse and medium varieties of cloth.

Addressing the All India Manufacturers' Association today, Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Industry and Supply Minister, Government of India, gave an assurance that he will do his utmost to help those who wanted to start new industries in the country.

The Minister expressed the view that controls were still necessary despite agitation for their removal from certain quarters. Public mentality was fickle and it was likely that those who clamoured for decontrol today "may ask for recontrol tomorrow."

Mr. Mahatab said that the controls which were introduced to check growing scarcity of essential commodities and for equal distribution, had now spread its Octopus-like tentacles, with the result that the time had come now to "impose controls on the existing controls."

Mr. Mahatab said that India was at present in a more critical condition than any other country. This was due to several post-war and post-independence problems which had cropped up in the country, and which were not anticipated by the leaders of the country. There was a growing sense of frustration and lack of mutual understanding among various conflicting interests. He appealed to the people for a wider perspective and a constructive and realistic approach to the problems facing them.

STATES NOT CO-OPERATING

The Minister complained that some of the States were not co-operating with the Government in following the fundamental policies laid down by the Centre, and in this connection instanced the example of different types of sales tax existing in different States and the levy of inland taxes on cloth controlled by the Centre.

Welcoming the Minister, Sir M. Vishvesvariar pointed out that the business community was very much discouraged by certain actions of the Government. He urged upon the Government the desirability of developing proper understanding between Government and industrialists.

SWIMMING TRAGEDY: Australian engineering officer Andrew Drydergh, a crew member of a quantas constellation aircraft drowned on June 13 while out with a swimming party.

Seth's Pocket For Rs. 250

KANPUR, June 14. (PTI-Reuter): How a pickpocket had purchased his victim, a seth of Bombay, for Rs. 250 at the Itarsi railway station from one of his colleagues who had been pursuing the seth from Bombay, was revealed by the accused when he was arrested by the Railway Police under Section 54/109 Cr. P.C.

It is alleged that the culprit was questioning the seth as to the amount the latter had with him. He was telling his intended victim that he had paid Rs. 250 for picking the seth's pocket between Itarsi and Kanpur but could not do so for want of opportunity. In the meantime, a policeman overheard the conversation and took the accused into custody.

The seth is said to have been carrying Rs. 12,000 including 57 guineas.

WOMAN STABS POLICE OFFICER TO DEATH

CALICUT, June 14, (PTI): A Sub-Inspector of Police, who was stabbed by a woman prisoner yesterday evening while she was being escorted by him to the place of trial, died in a Calicut hospital a few hours later.

The woman who is still in police custody, was involved in a trespass case along with a Muslim with whom she was alleged to be on intimate terms.

Both were arrested by the Sub-Inspector from the village of Parappanangadi and were being taken in a bus to Tirurangadi, 20 miles south of Calicut, for being produced before a Sub-Magistrate when the incident occurred.

While the bus was proceeding, it is alleged, the woman took out a big knife hidden in her sari and stabbed the Sub-Inspector. He was immediately rushed to the headquarters hospital at Calicut, where he died soon after admission.

The woman was overpowered by other passengers and handed over to another policeman along with the Muslim.

News BRIEFS

GUNS RECOVERED: The police claim to have recovered five guns found hidden in the fields of a village in Sattenapalle Taluk, Guntur District, on June 13. The guns were stated to have been lost when a violent mob, said to be Communist-led raided the Achempet police station (Guntur) on the April 15 last.

U. K.'S GIFT: Britain has made a gife to Australia of five destroyers built during the war. The Admiralty has announced that these warships, which were lent to the Dominion five years ago, are niw being permanently transferred to the Royal Australian Navy.

VISITS POSTPONED: The proposed tour of the two Central Ministers Mr. C C Biswas and Dr. A M Malik, to Maldah, Siliguri, Jalpaiguri and Cooch-Behar has been postponed on account of the breaches in the railway lines. They hope to visit these districts in the near future when communication facilities are restored.

CLOSED THE SHOP: Mr. Patrick Costello, New Zealand Charge d'Affairs in Moscow, left the Russian capitol on his way to London. His departure completes the winding up of the Dominion's Legation in Moscow. The British Embassy will in future represent New Zealand interests here.

79 DISPUTES SETTLED BY CONCILIATION

Figures For Bombay For April, 1950

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Seventy-nine industrial disputes between employers and workers were amicably settled through the intervention of Conciliators in the Bombay State in April last, 45 of these settlements being under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.

Settlement could not be arrived at in 62 cases, 14 of these being under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act. Proceedings in 56 other cases had to be wound up as in 30 cases the parties did not pursue the matter, in 11 cases the parties entered into agreements for reference of the dispute to the arbitration of the Industrial Court under section 58 (6) of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, in 12 cases the disputes were referred by the unions concerned to the arbitration of the Industrial Court under Section 73-A of the Act, while in the remaining three cases conciliation proceedings had to be stayed as the disputes were referred by the Government for decision to the Wage Board for the Cotton Textile Industry under section 86-C of the Act.

About 77 per cent of the total disputes that came up for conciliation under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act during the month, were from the cotton textile industry, while six per cent. each were from the silk textile and transport industries. The electricity industry contributed almost 5 per cent. of the disputes, and the remaining were from the sugar, textile processing and hosiery textile industries.

RETRENCHMENT

Proposals for retrenchment were outstanding among the causes leading up to 44 per cent. of the total number of disputes under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, while 33 per cent of the disputes arose over question of pay, allowance and bonus. Other miscellaneous causes such as leave, hours of work, etc., accounted for the remaining disputes.

Outside the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 71 per cent of the disputes arose over questions of pay, allowances and bonus, while employment, leave, hours of work and other miscellaneous causes were responsible for the remaining disputes.

In addition, intervention was successful in settling 66 individual complaints while 28 were withdrawn by the complainants. No settlement was possible in 44 other complaints. Sixteen agreements under section 44 and 41 settlements under section 58 of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act were registered during the month.

HOW EUROPEAN OFFICERS WERE KILLED

Approver's Evidence In Jessop Company Rioting Case

CALCUTTA, June 14. (PTI).

APPROVER (Akkas Ali) told the Special Judge Mr. S. N. Guha Roy, I.C.S., today how the employees of the company, in pursuance of their previous day's decision, killed the three European officers of the company and later threw their bodies into the furnace on February 26, 1949.

Examined by the Public Prosecutor, Mr. B. C. Nag, the approver (Akkas Ali) said that in pursuance of their earlier decision, the employees turned up for duty on the day of occurrence (February 26, 1949). Many of them were loitering about and were whispering among themselves.

FINAL INSTRUCTIONS

While taking tea in nearby stall, witness found Ramanath Mallik their President, coming to his department where the Works Manager, Mr. W. F. Howell, was holding a conference along with Mr. A. Dwyer, Assistant Works Manager, and Mr. H. Birchenough, Foreman. About quarter to eleven, final instructions were given to them by Ramnath. Ramnath, Rajkristo and others were armed with bombs.

Immediately thereafter when witness and others were taking their respective positions, a bomb was thrown and he heard the report of an explosion.

The approver said that A. Dwyer was first to come out after the explosion. He was hit by a bomb thrown by Ramnath and Dwyer fell down wounded. Accused Simon Ram rushed up to Dwyer and pressed him against the wall, while Ramnath beat Dwyer to death. Under orders from Ramnath witness and others carried Dwyer's body near the time office.

While proceeding, witness found that F. G. Turnbull, another foreman, was being beaten to death though he was imploring them to spare his life.

Witness found Abani Mitra and Moni Dutt, two other employees told that they had killed Brennon of that shop and had thrown his body into that furnace.

The hearing was adjourned.

CATTLE LIFTING ON THE BORDER

AMRITSAR, June 13 (PTI)

A party of Pakistani civilians, assisted by some armed men in police uniform carried out a cattle lifting raid last night into the Indian territory at Sonkhatra near here tree grazing cattle were killed.

The raiders made good their escape by the time the police reached the place.

The Indian police later lodged a protest with the Pakistan palice.

Import Control Policy

(Continued from page 1)

importation of penicillin, streptomycin and surgical appliances essential from both dollar and soft currency areas.

Motor cars in C K D (completely knocked down) condition will be permitted mainly from soft currency area. Some dollar CKD cars will also be allowed. Trucks in CKD condition may be imported from soft currency areas.

Imports from Switzerland and Czechoslovakia will be allowed in accordance with bilateral trade agreements entered into with those countries. Details of the articles to be allowed importation from those countries have been given in the public notice published on June 15, 1950, in the Gazette of India Extraordinary.

IMPORTANT CHANGES

The following are the important changes in the import licensing procedure for July-December 1950 as compared to the earlier half year.

Decentralisation of Licensing: For some time past it was felt that there was too heavy a concentration of import licensing work at headquarters in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports Accordingly, the possibilities of decentralisation of import trade control work (i.e. to have as much licensing work as possible disposed of at port towns) have been considered and it has been decided that Import Trade Controllers at the ports should be authorised to grant licences to a certain extent for certain items falling under Part V of the Import Trade Control Schedule. Some items have been completely transferred to ports while in respect of other items applications of established importers will be dealt with at the ports, while only actual user applications will be dealt with at headquarters.

II. Long term licensing scheme: In view of the generally expressed desire that import trade control should be planned for a longer period than the six monthly period adopted hitherto, the Government of India have carefully examined whether it is possible for them at present to enter into any commitments with respect to the period January-June 1951 for which licences would not normally issue at this stage Having due regard to the foreign exchange position of the country, it has been decided that formal commitments for the period January-June 1951 can be entered into in respect of substantial range of commodities. In respect of those commodities, two sets of licences will be immediately issuable, one in respect of July-December 1950 with a validity commencing with the date of issue, and another for January-June 1051 with a validity commencing on January 1, 1951.

III. Validity of Licences. Whilst licences will generally be valid for six months from the date of issue (as heretofore) or from January 1, 1951, as the case may be, it has been decided in the case of certain number of articles to permit the issue of licences **with a 12 month validity.**

BENGAL FLOOD

(Continued from page 1)

Works and Buildings Department is housed is reported to be in danger.

PRESS NOTE

West Bengal Government in the course of a says press note.

"As a result of torrential rainfall and heavy landslides, all road, telegraph or telephone communications with Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong have been cut off.

"The Government have, however, been receiving reports from local officers through the Government wireless, and information received up to the afternoon of June 13 was included in the press note issued yesterday. Since then further reports have been received by wireless. These indicate that there have been heavy land slides in Darjeeling, Kalimpong, and Kurseong towns as well as various points on the roads connecting these places with each other and with Siliguri. Nearly 18 inches of rain fell in a period of 24 hours. Land slides have also occurred below Oakdene, on Lebong Road, and a portion of the cart road has subsided between Ghoom and Darjeeling and between Toong and Sonada. Besides the houses which have collapsed due to landslides, several other quarters in Darjeeling town are also considered unsafe and residents of houses in such areas have been evacuated and given shelter in schools, colleges and offices. Prisoners have been evacuated from Darjeeling jail and removed to another place.

REGISTER SHIPS AT CHITTAGONG

East Bengal Order Causes Surprise

CALCUTTA, June 24. (UPI), The East Pakistan Government, it is learnt, have asked all Indian vessels plying on Pakistan water to have Chittagong registration.

The move has caused "surprise and concern" in the shipping circles here.

It is understood the Government of West Bengal has strongly protested against this move. It is further learnt they are asking the Government of India to take up this matter on higher level with the Central Pakistan Government.

More than 90 per cent of the ships plying on East Bengal rivers now have got Calcutta registration.

R

GOVT. CLOTH SHOP

GOVERNMENT CLOTH SHOP No. 9 at NARAYAN DHURU STREET, Nagdevi has now been SHIFTED to RUKMANI NIKETAN, RANADE ROAD EXTENSION, DADAR. Sales will commence from 15th June, 1950 at the new premises.

R

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY has published an Order in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 12th June, 1950, amending further the Schedule to the Bombay Drugs Control Order, 1949. Copies of the Order can be obtained from the Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay.

R

AMNESTY FROM LEGAL ACTION

IT IS NOTICED that foodgrains ration cards of persons who are dead or have left Bombay Rationed area permanently are not surrendered to the Rationing Authorities as required by the Rationing Regulations. Although these cards may not be used for obtaining rations, their presence on the registers of the Ration shop keepers is undesirable. It has, therefore, been DECIDED TO HAVE A SIX MONTHLY CHECK ON SUCH CARDS. Any persons possessing such cards should therefore SURRENDER THEM FORTHWITH TO THE RATIONING OFFICES BEFORE THE 30TH JUNE, 1950. NO ACTION WILL BE TAKEN IN RESPECT OF CARDS SO SURRENDERED.

IT HAPPENED IN THE 17TH CENTURY . . .

SHAH JEHAN BUILDS THE TAJ MAHAL

The Taj Mahal at Agra was built in the seventeenth century by Shah Jehan in memory of his wife, Mumtaz Mahal. It is a shrine of great beauty and has been a place of interest to millions of people.

Lloyds Bank also traces its history back to the same century and since its inception millions have visited the many branches of this bank for sound advice on financial transactions. Today, as yesterday, business men and private individuals know they can rely on the courteous and expert service offered by Lloyds Bank.

Let LLOYDS BANK look after YOUR interests 1677

80-30 LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, INCORPORATED

W. BENGAL NEWSLETTER

Panchayat Elections Not Fair

CHARGE AGAINST CONGRESS MINISTERIAL PARTY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, (By Air).

The Congress Panchayat elections are going on and have evoked some excitement. The Ministerial Congress Party are alleged by the Opposition to have been guilty of certain irregularities and the General Secretary of the Congress, Mr. Kala Venkat Rao is being blamed in this connection.

It is alleged among other things that nomination papers of candidates are being suppressed.

BISWAS HOPEFUL

Mr. C. C. Biswas, the Minority Minister, who has just returned to Calcutta after a joint tour in Eastern Bengal, is hopeful that the East Bengal Hindus can return to their own homes although general information available goes to show that the Hindus are unwilling to return.

The Indo-Pakistani trade pact has not been apparently given effect to at least in regard to jute business. Out of eight lakhs of bales of jute promised by Pakistan one lakh has already arrived and another lakh is on its way while arrangements are being made for the purchase of the third lakh It is worthy of notice that jute supplied to India is of a very inferior quality.

Another important factor which is likely to affect the Indo-Pakistani trade is the decision of the Pakistani Government to go through certain legislation, according to which all vessels plying in East Bengal rivers will have to be registered at Chittagong.

Hitherto these vessels were all registered in Calcutta. But the new arrangement is likely to be harmful to West Bengal for on occasions of emergency all the vessels might be detained in East Pakistan.

This will not only hamper trade but may be a source of anxiety from the point of view of security. The Joint Steamer Companies that have the largest fleet of inland is likely to be seriously affected by this new decision.

MUSLIMS' CONCERN

Swami Sambhudananda of the Ramkrishna Math, Khar, Bombay, has just returned to Calcutta after an extensive tour in Eastern Bengal. His main object was to wind up the Ramkrishna Mission stations as after recent troubles it is difficult for the mission to work. But the Swamiji has not yet taken the final step as even some Muslims in East Pakistan do not want the institutions to be closed.

The Swamiji in an interview, said that there were sections of Mohamedans in Eastern Bengal who were anxious to see that Hindus should return to East Pakistan.

CONGRESS ELECTIONS IN W. BENGAL

Postponed In 1,000 Panchayats

CALCUTTA, June 13 (PTI): Elections to about 1,000 primary Congress Panchayats in West Bengal, out of a total of about 4,500 have been postponed under orders of the All-India Congress Committee for alleged irregularities in the scrutiny of nomination papers. it is learnt.

The order affects elections in 33 centres throughout West Bengal. Besides this, elections in Central and North Calcutta Congress Districts, due to start today, were suspended as a result of interim injunctions issued yesterday by the Calcutta High Court restraining the Congress executives from holding them. Elections were, however, held in the Burrabazar and South Calcutta District Congress areas in which 92 candidates were returned uncontested.

Similar injunctions were also issued against Congress authorities in Howrah and returning officers in Burdwan Town.

Elections in other centres in mofussil areas began today. Altogether, 244 returning officers have been appointed throughout West Bengal to conduct these elections which will end on June

Hand Shake Makes History

SECUNDERABAD, June 14 (UPI).—For the first time in the history of Hyderabad, a Minister of the State shook hands with a jawan.

Hon'ble Sri V. B. Raju, Minister for Labour and Customs, visited the Customs Commissioner's office yesterday. The Minister shook hands with the officers and a jawan who happened to be on duty there

Export Of Raw Wool Likely To Be Stopped

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 14: The Government is thinking of placing an embargo on the export of raw wool. Judging from export figures there should be no shortage. Exports during 1949 amounted to about twenty-five million lbs, against an estimated annual production of about fifty-five million lbs. India's difficulty lies in obtaning the proper quality at reasonable prices.

Paddy Seeds Washed Away

KARWAR, June 14, (PTI): Heavy rainfall here in the first week of June have caused damage to the paddy in some four or five villages of Karwar Taluka. The paddy seeds were washed away by the rainwater and the agriculturists approached the Government to provide them with paddy seeds. The Government in response, have advanced them about 175 bags of paddy.

BAHAWALPUR FOR DELHI PACT

BAHAWALPUR, June 13. (UPI): Speaking at a largely attended meeting held here on Monday morning to give a reception to the "Phir Basao" goodwill mission from India, Mr. Alakhdam Hassan Mahmud, Education Minister of Bahawalpur, assured that his Government, like the governments of other provinces was determined in making the Nehru-Liaquat agreement a success.

Mr. Hassan, who is also the leader of the Bahawalpur Assembly Muslim League Party, the only party in the State, said that the people of Pakistan were solidly behind the pact.

The Minister thought, when genuine goodwill and friendliness existed between the peoples of India and Pakistan, there was no reason why solutions of trade deadlock, canal water, evacuee property and other outstanding issues, could not be found.

LIAQUAT SETS EXAMPLE

Amidst cheers, Lala Bhimsen Sachar complimented the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan for magnanimity and prudence in signing the Delhi Pact. "When peace of the world is at stake," he said, "Stalin and Truman cannot decide who should go to the other's country. Here in this sub-continent your Prime Minister has set an example for statesman of the world by shedding false pretension of prestige and by going to Delhi on Pandit Nehru's invitation, despite bitterness and recrimination prevalent at that time.

REDUCE MINING OF COKING COAL

Committee's Views

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 14: The Committee on metallurgical coal has made its report to the Government of India, it is learned. The Committee holds that although metallurgical coal reserves in India are not very large, the position should not in any way be called desperate. The Committee has despelled the earlier apprehensions that these coal reserves with their present rate of consumption may not last beyond forty years.

The Committee is inclined to agree with the Coalfields Committee of 1946 and has placed the exhaustion dateline at one hundred years.

The situation, however, should give considerable anxiety, if the two Steel Plants were installed in India.

The Committee endorses the views of the Coalfields Committee that "the use of good Coking Coal should be restricted, and its use by the Railways and by industries other than Steel and for bunkers and exports should be prohibited."

The Coalfield Committee, it will be recalled had stated that "restrictions on use and production cannot be imposed until the output of other coals has been raised sufficiently to replace good coking coal." The Committee, while recommending a drastic reduction in mining of coking coal, has made proposals for increasing the output of other coals.

30 Per Cent Rise In Power Alcohol Production

(From Our Special Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, June 14: There are fourteen power alcohol distilleries functioning in the Indian Union with a total installed capacity of 7,61,966 bulk gallons per month.

The anticipated production of power alcohol during the quarter ending March 31, 1950, is estimated at 14,97,068 against the actual production of 11,46,142 bulk gallons in the quarter ending December 31, 1939, showing a 30 per cent rise in production.

B. N. R. Workshop Strike Ends

NAGPCR, June 14 (UPI): The two-week old of the employees of the Kharagpur B. N. Railway Workshop came to an end today, when 8,600 workers of the Kharagpur Workshop resumed work following an assurance given by the Railway Administration that most of their grievances would be looked into and dealt with as expeditiously as possible after normal conditions had been restored. About 6,000 workers called on duty yesterday.

Searches In Cuttack

CUTTACK, June 14 (PTI).—The police raided on Saturday last a house in the outskirts of the town, described as the "underground provincial headquarters" of the Communist Party. During the search, the police are understood to have seized a large quantity of party literature, although some of the records had been burnt before the police arrived. One person was arrested in this connec-

MUSLIMS COMING BACK TO INDIA

5,000 For U. P.

KARACHI, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): The first batch of 5,000 Muslim refugees who are being repatriated to India according to the agreement with the Government of India will only include the refugees from Uttar Pradesh. Permits for such refugees are being issued by the High Commissioner of India in Karachi.

The cases of the return of refugees from places like Madhya Pradesh, Delhi, Rajasthan, Bombay and Madras would be decided in due course it was learnt.

CONTROL UNGINNED COTTON

INTUC Representative's Proposal

AHMEDABAD, June 14 (PTI): Mr. S.R. Vasavada, representative of the Indian National Trade Union Congress who met in Bombay Minister for Industry and supply, Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, to discuss the textile problems, told P.T.I. that prices of kapas (unginned cotton) should be controlled" to make the control on cotton and cloth effective."

"Prices of kapas should be fixed per cent higher than the parity price of foodgrains to induce cultivators to grows cotton in preference to foodgrains", Mr. Vasavada added." cow.

President Has A Boat Ride

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): President Rajendra Prasad went on a trip on the river Jamuna about six p.m. today. On arrival at the Delhi power-house landing Ghat he was received by Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Deputy Commissioner of Delhi who conducted him to the motor launch.

The President, accompanied by Mr. Rameshwar Dayal and his personal staff, sailed down the river for about two and a half miles.

The party returned to the landing ghat at 7-30 p.m. and the President left with his personal staff for Government House.

A Civilization Honoured

PARIS, June 14.

FIVE finely bound copies of the new French translation of Mahatma Gandhi's autobiography were handed yesterday to Indian Ambassador Sardar Malik by French President Vincent Auriol.

The copies are for President Rajendra Prasad, Premier Jawaharlal Nehru, Deputy Premier Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Devadas Gandhi and the Ambassador himself.

M. Auriol commented: "It is Indian civilization that we are honouring today by serving the principles of one of India's dearest sons, one of the principal heroes of humanity. His main work has become a world classic."—PTI-Reuter.

PEACE PROSPECTS BRIGHT

Field Marshal Slim's View

MELBOURNE, June 14, (PTI-Reuter): Field Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff who is in Australia for defence talks at the invitation of the Commonwealth Government arrived in Melbourne today.

"Prospects of world peace are better today than at the time of Munich", Field Marshal Slim told reporters.

"It cannot be over-emphasised that the world depends more on British Commonwealth than ever it did—not less as some people imagine", he said.

"We need closer co-operation and understanding between all British Commonwealth nations and much greater pooling of our resources. Am I satisfied with what we have done? As a soldier, I am never satisfied".

Field Marshal Slim will confer with service chiefs here this week and next week he will go to Canberra to see Prime Minister R. G. Menzies and service Ministers.

NEHRU IS A FRIEND OF THE COMMONWEALTH

'Malaya Tribune's' Reply To Critic

SINGAPORE, June 14, (PTI).

"WHEN India won her freedom and might have gone her own way, it was Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who kept her within the British Commonwealth of Nations. Was this the act of an enemy?". The Chinese-owned "Malaya Tribune" gave this reply editorially today to a letter published in a Singapore British-owned newspaper yesterday, criticising the Singapore Government for spending any public funds on Pandit Nehru's visit.

The writer of the letter, signing himself as "Colonial", said that the present public utterances of Pandit Nehru made it abundantly clear that "Mr. Nehru is hostile to the British Crown and to the British colonial administration in Asia."

VICTORIAN

The "Colonial" continued: "Pandit Nehru will doubtless address public gathering in Singapore, but it is too much to expect that he will show any more moderation than in the past. Therefore, as a loyal subject of the King and a colony tax-payer, I ask why Government is welcoming this antagonist of the empire and why public moneys are being wasted in his entertainment".

The Malaya Tribune added in its comment on this letter: "Colonial, as his pseudonym implies, stopped thinking in the reign of Queen Victoria or perhaps even earlier. The majestic march of history through the two great and bloody wars for freedom has left his undisturbed."

The British-owned "Singapore Free Press" today published a full page of Pandit Nehru's pictures under the heading "Singapore Salutes Pandit Nehru". Pandit Nehru has travelled widely in the last two years and pictures record his meetings with many of the world's great men", said the letterpress.

Pandit Nehru To Visit Kuala Lumpur

SINGAPORE, June 14 (PTI).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will visit the Malayan Federal capital Kuala Lumpur on June 19. Announcing this Mr. John A. Thivy, India's representative in Malaya, said today that the Prime Minister would leave Singapore on June 19 morning by an Indian Air Force plane and will spend a few hours at Kuala Lumpur where he will be the guest of the High Commissioner for Malayan Federation, Sir . Henry Gurney

Pandit Nehru is also likely to meet Indians at an Indian Association at Kuala Lumpur after which he will fly to Medan and Penang.

The Prime Minister and the Party will take off from Penang for Rangoon on the morning of June 20.

Ex-Minister Kidnapped

RANGOON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Saw Sein Tin, former Minister of Agriculture and Forests in the rebel GGovernment of Karen leaders Saw Ba Gyi in Toungoo, has been seized by Karens and carried away to an unknown destination, it was officially stated here

He was touring the interior of the Toungoo district to urge Karens to surrender when some of them, evidently disapproving his policy, seized him and carried him away.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

A Contribution To World Peace

OTTAWA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter). Mr. Lionel Chevrier, Canadian Minister of Transport, told delegates to the seventh Imperial Press Conference today that "the contribution you are making in binding this great family of nations in closer ties is unquestionably also a notable contribution to the cause of world peace."

Mr. Chevrier opened a disoussion on communications, which featured the first business session of the conference.

He said: "It has been said that the main mission of the Press is to interpret peoples to each other, and races to each other, and classes to each other."

Commenting on the penny rate for Press traffic within the Common wealth, Mr. Chevrier said: "A comparison of the 1938 traffic with 1949 shows conclusively that the lowering of Press rate has resulted in a great impetus to the spread of news within the Commonwealth."

RADIO FEATURES TO BE EXCHANGED

India's Suggestion Accepted

FLORENCE, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—An Indian resolution for mutual exchange of radio feature programmes between member states of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation was accepted by the programme budget committee of the organisation here yesterday.

The resolution, which had been suggested by All-India Radio, was submitted by Sardar Khushwant Singh, Press Attache to the Indian delegation at UNESCO's general conference here

Mr. Khushwant Singh mentioned the enormous strides made by the Indian broadcasting system since the independence of India, but added that there was need for exchange of feature programmes written by contemporary American and European playwrights with those produced by Indian broadcasters.

Red Plot Uncovered In Brazil

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Press reports here said today that the Brazilian military secret service had uncovered a plot of Communists outlawed in Brazil to "force a coup d'etat" in the country.

HELICOPTER TO THE RESCUE

3 Men Saved

BAHREIN, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—A helicopter rescued three men who had drifted for eight hours in the water without lifejackets after an Air France Skymaster, caught in a Persian Gulf monsoon, crashed off Bahrein today with the loss of 45 people.

Surface craft rescued three others of 51 on board the aircraft when it dived into fourteen feet of water in very rough weather while on the 7,800 mile flight from Saigon to Paris.

The three rescued by helicopter were suffering from exposure and had superficial cuts. Those picked up by surface craft were more seriously injured.

Six victims, all drowned, were recovered.

NEW JET FIGHTERS FOR U. S.

Production Begins

NEW YORK, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Assembly lines at the Lockhead Aircraft Factory at Burbank, California, are to be devoted exclusively within the next few weeks to the production of the latest jet fighter, it was announced today.

The new plane which is to go into production for the armed forces is the Lockhead F-94 a development of the F-80 "Shooting Star" and is the Air Force's first all weather jet fighter.

Equipped with radar for flying and fighting regardless of darkness and weather, it will be the first United States Air Force jet fighter capable of round-the-clock defence of the United States when it goes into operational use.

A substantial number has been ordered, it was stated. Details of its performance were not given.

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Canada Wants To Revive It

OTTAWA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Canada is pressing the other western powers to find a way to get going again the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, now bogged down by the Soviet refusal to work with Chinese Nationalist delegates.

She wants to bring it back to a discussion of international controls.

Mr. Lester Pearson, Canadian External Affairs Minister disclosed this in a statement to the House of Commons External Affairs Committee, in which he expressed his approval of the recent peace mission of Mr. Trygve Lie United Nations Secretary General to London, Paris and Mos-

BIG THREE MINISTERS TO MEET AGAIN

WASHINGTON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Plans are being made for the Foreign Ministers of Britain, France and the United States to meet in New York in August or September before the United Nations General Assembly session.

A State Department spokesman said the meeting would be a followup of the meetings of the three Ministers in London last month, when it was agreed they would meet again this year.

Stalin Receives Finnish Prime Minister

MOSCOW, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Marshal Stalin last night received Finnish Prime Minister Urho Kekkonen, now in Moscow to sign a Finnish-Soviet trade agreement.

The subject of their talk was not disclosed.

3 Die Of Sunstroke

LUDHIANA, June 14 (PTI).—Three persons died of sunstroke at Ladhowal, near here, last Saturday, according to a report received here.

ECONOMIC RECOVERY WITHIN 3 YEARS

Red China Leader's View

HONG KONG, June 14, (PTI-Reuter).

CHINA'S Mao Tse-tung said in a speech released here yesterday that a fundamental change for the better in China's financial and economic situation would take three years or a little longer.

The Communist Leader's first public speech since he returned from signing the Chinese-Russian treaty in February, was made on June 6 before the Seventh Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party of which he is chairman.

"The present international situation is favourable to us", Mao said. "The world front of peace and democracy headed by the Soviet Union is more powerful than it was last year."

The possibility of a third world war still existed, but he claimed that "the forces fighting to check the danger of war are growing".

The Communist leader admitted that the Chinese Nationalists were still active on the mainland as 'guerillas and secret agents".

The "liberation" of Tibet and Formosa, he added, still constituted a "serious task".

Speaking of industry, Mao said it was necessary to improve relations between public and private enterprises and between labour and capital. The early elimination of capitalism was impossible, he said.

YUGOSLAV PROTEST TO RUSSIA

Shipping Held Up

BELGRADE, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Yugoslavia yesterday protested to Russia, in a note handed to the Soviet Embassy here, against "new violations of the 1948 conventions on Danube navigation."

The note said Russia was creating serious obstacles to Yugoslav shipping on the Danube by holding up Yugoslav vessels at Vienna pending issue of transit permits for that part of the river lying in the Russian zone of Austria.

WEST GERMANY IN COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Parliament Vote

BONN, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—The Western German Parliament last night voted for entry into the Council of Europe.

The vote was West Germany's first concrete step toward accepting an invitation to join the Council as an associate member. The final reading was fixed for Thursday. After that, if the Bill is passed, it becomes law as soon as it is signed by President Theodore Heuss.

Opponents of the bill were the Social Democrats, the Centre Party, Communists and two members of the extreme right.

Dr. Adenauer, the Chancellor, declared amid applause that the Schuman plan would do away once and for all with the century-old strife between France and Germany.

AUSTRALIAN DOCKERS STRIKE

Protest Against Bill

MELBOURNE, June 14, (PTI-Reuter): Thousands of Australians turned up for work as usual today despite instructions from Communist Trade Union leaders to stop work as a protest against the Federal bill to dissolve the Communist Party now before the Parliament.

Dockers obeyed the call however and Australian ports were idle.

ASIA IN THROES OF REVOLUTION

Shocking War On, Says Romulo

NEW YORK, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Asia is in the 'throes of a political, social and economic revolution" and has become "one of the principal battlegrounds of the cold war," according to Brigadier General Carlos Romulo, the Philippine's Foreign Minister.

In an address at Manhattan College here he said: "There is no country in Asia which is not actively involved to some extent in this conflict. In several of them the issue is long past the academic stage. It is not a cold war, but a shocking war that is being fought in some of the key areas of Asia today."

In the final reckoning, he added the contest between the forces of democracy and those seeking to undermine and destroy it, would be decided not on the moral but the military plane.

INDONESIA ELECTED TO I. L. O.

61st Member-State

NEW DELHI, June 13. (PTI): The United States of Indonesia was today elected to be a member of the I.L.O. by the 33rd session of the International Labour Conference at Geneva, according to an announcement by the I.L.O., Indian Branch here. Indonesia will thus be the 61st member-State of the organisation.

Addressing the conference, Indonesian Labour Minister Dr. Wilopo congratulated Mr. Jagjivan Ram India's Labour Minister on his election as President. He said that an Asian President would undoubtedly make his delegation feel more at home in an international meeting. He thanked Assistant Director-General Mr. Rao whose 'valuable advice did much to pave the way to Indonesia joining the I.L.O.'

Dr. Wilopo said that one of the most urgent problems facing Indonesia was the establishment of equitable labour conditions for both industrial and agricultural workers and the need for improving the income security of numerous small-scale farmers and independent craftsmen. He stressed that the contrast between nighly-paid persons occupying leading positions and low-paid workers in the same undertaking could no longer be tolerated.

TECHNICAL AID TO BACKWARD NATIONS

India Demands Priority

LAKE SUCCESS, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. R. R. Saksena, Indian delegate to the United Nations technical assistance conference, has expressed the hope that India would receive priority in any aid plans for underdeveloped territories.

He told the conference: "This is not the place to discuss the actual method of operation of the programme, but we do hope a country like India, in which production can be speedily stepped up if certain bottlenecks were removed, would receive priority of consideration.

"Even though economically underdeveloped, we are at a stage when our industrial and agricultural system can be made to respond very quickly to any stimulus which it may receive.

"Not only would an upturn in economic activity in India be beneficial to the people of India themselves, but it would be equally beneficial to our neighbours in Asia and to the world at large.

"The underdeveloped countries of the world would remain largely at the receiving end till such time as the expansion and improvement of their economy permits them to assume a large share of the burden." Mr. Saksena said.

UNSATISFACTORY

"As I have pointed out, economic conditions are far from being satisfactory in India, and we have had in addition to meet heavy expenditure on the purchase of food, settlement of refugees, and on various projects which have been launched to effect an improvement in the standard of living of the people.

"Despite these difficulties my Government has decided to make a contribution of 250,000 dollars payable in equivalent rupee currency."

Mr. Saksena quoted figures comparing the aid received by Europe in comparison with the East. During four years since the war, Western European countries had received help equalling over 27,000 million dollars.

He added: "No comparable programme has been set up or is contemplated for the underdeveloped areas. International Bank loans to these areas have amounted to less than 200 million dollars, while Export-Import Bank loans, mostly to Latin American countries, has been at the rate of 100 million dollars a year. These figures tell their own story."

ROME, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—Hugo Koblet, 24-year-old Swiss Rider, won the 2,500 miles round Italy Cycle classic which ended here yesterday He is the first foreigner to win in the 33 years history of the event G Dartali, the Italian age, was the runner-up, with another Italian Alfredo Martini third.

ACHESON COMMENDS SCHUMAN PLAN

Says It Holds Promise Of Great Era

DALLAS (Texas), June 14, (PTI-Reuter): The United States Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson today described the Schuman plan and the European Payments Union as holding "the promise of a great new era in Europe".

In a speech at the Southern Methodist University here, Mr. Acheson outlined the impressions of the world situation which he brought back from his visits to London and Paris last month.

Mr. Acheon described the decisions made by the North Atlantic powers in London to build up their defence forces, but emphasised that the economic aspects of the programme of strengthening the free world were of equal importance with the military aspects.

He said: "The States of Western Europe and the North Atlantic community must have the economic strength required to fulfil their security commitments and to provide a proper standard of living for their people.

"To have this they would have to increase their productivity, open new trade channels and markets, provide for the conversion and balancing of their currencies provide for additional sources of capital investment, and for assistance to under-developed areas.

VITALITY

"The vitality and the initiative reflected in M Schuman's proposal, and the energy with which it is being developed, are manifestations of the new tone in Europe.

'Its spirit indicates a European determination to work hard towards its own recovery and security".

Speaking of Russia, he said: "There is a prior condition which we must fulfil in order to have successful and meaningful negotiation with the Soviet union.

"That conditions is for the Soviet leaders to be convinced they cannot profit from a policy of expansionism".

INCREASED LONG LIQUIDATION IN TATA STEELS

Mill Shares Also Decline

BOMBAY, June 14.

The local Stock Exchange was quiet today with mixed trading. Professional operators were cautious and the market in the absence of any important business failed to display any definite price tendency.

It appears that professional operators are carrying most of the long interest and shorts having covered their urgent needs, the market is left alone. The market tendency is still upward and any good news is likely to induce increased buying.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened steady at Rs. 1690 and improved at Rs. 1695 but declined at Rs. 1687-8 on renewed liquidation. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 330 and after declining at Rs. 329, improved at Rs. 331. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 29-15 and ruled steady around Rs. 30.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 982 and declined at Rs. 971 and steadied at Rs. 975. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 301 and after declining at Rs. 299 steadied at Rs. 300. Nagpurs opened at Rs. 235 and steadied at Rs. 234.

Scindia shares opened at Rs. 10-15 and ruled quiet at Rs. 10-14. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 511 and after declining at Rs. 502 on profit-taking rallied at Rs. 507 on renewed buying support. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 256.

Later on there was increased selling and Tata Steel Defds after declining at Rs. 1675 steadied at Rs. 1682-8. Ordinary shares after declining at Rs. 328 steadied at Rs. 329 while Bombay Dyeings declined at Rs. 967-8. Tone of the market was quiet on long liquidation.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	967 8
Kohinoor Mills (1)	297 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	249 0
Central India Mills (6)	233 0
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	221 0
New Great Eastern (8)	130 0
Indore (8-3)	108 12
Gokak Mills (12) XD	237 0
Century Spinning (15)	233 12
Indian Bleaching (8)	151 0
Finlay Mills (15)	240 0
Swan (20)	306 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	160 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	217 8
Meyer (12)	80 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11 8
India United Defd.	1-11-6
Madhusudan (15)	180 0
Podar (9)	126 8
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	329 0
Tata Steel Defd. (84-15)	1677 8
Tata Steel 2nd. Pref. (7-12)	144 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	154 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	502 8
Belapur	229 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	10-11-6
Shivrajpur (1-8)	35 8
Premier Construction	90 0
Tata Chemical	11 9
Tata Oil (2)	44 4
Indian Iron (0-12)	29-15-6
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 0
British India Corp. (0-2)	8-9-6
Indian Copper	2-3-9
Wimco	215 0
Alcock	286 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	152 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1400 0
Tata Power (25)	1507 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 4
Phoenix (9)	138 2
Indian Mfg. (40)	2950 0
Kuria XD	105 0
Colaba (12)	104 8
New City (11)	172 4
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury (12)	613 12
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 8
Mysore Defd. (04)	151 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (13-8)	150 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	625 0
Vishnu Coton (8)	191 4
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (9-8-0)	16 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	43 4
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S (2-5)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar Mills	255 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116 4
Ahmedabad New XD	87 12
Surat Electric	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 2
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	151 4
Bombay Suburban New	146 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1850 0
Imperial Bank P (10-12)	460 0
Central Bank	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	84 4
Bank of India XD	178 0
Union (0-3)	7 7
Baroda (2-3)	125 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	44 12
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 4
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (1-7)	63 4
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	39 4
Universal	9 0
B I C (1)	17 8
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	211 4
Bombay Burma New (5)	171 4
Burma Petrol	1 8 3
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	312 8
Port Canning (3)	52 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	52 -
Mukund Iron	4 6
Dena Trust (0-12)	13 0
Alembic (15)	138 2
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Waichand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	129 6
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Manamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	53 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 10
Andhra Valley (7)	1207 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1311 4
Hydro Electric (7) XD	130 10
Bombay Steamer (6)	212 8
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 0
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	127 8
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 3
National Rayon	75 12
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 13
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref.	4 4
Phalton	92 8
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan X R C D	105 0
Osmanshahi XR CD	120 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Service	3 8
Air India	59 0
Hind Motor	5 6
Indian Steam	6 9

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 14.

MILLS

Apollo 2-12.
B. Dyeing 981-4 83-2 62-8 68-12 67-8
C. India 235-8 33-8 34-8 33
Century 233-12
Colaba 93 90
Finlay 245 40
Gokak 248 39 40 34 39 37
I. U. Defd. 1-11-6
I.U. Ord. 11-8
Indore 108-12
Khatau 145-10
Kohinoor 301 1-8 299, 300-8 296 97-8 97
Model 150
Mysore 151-4
New Great 133 30
Srinivas 162-8
Podar 126-8
Simplex 222-8 21
Svadeshi 253 54 50-8 52 48-8 50 49
Tata Mills 43-4 43 43-4
Vishnu 191-4
B. Steam 211-4
Scindia 11 10-13-6 10-15 10-11-6

BANKS

Baroda 125
Central 83-4 83
Central New 83-4
Imperial Old 1857-8 50
Imperial New 462-8 60
India 178-8 78
Union 7-6
U. Commercial 44-8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 116-4
Andhra 1400
Suburban 151-4
Surat 132-8 31-4
Hydro 152-8
Power 1507-8

STEELS

New India 63-12 64 63-4
B. Steel 21 20-13 21
I. Iron 30 29-14 30-1 29-14-6 29-15-6
Tata Defd 1692-8 90 93-12 82-8 95 75 82-8 77-8
Tata Ord. 330-4 31 29-4 32 27-8 29-4 29
Tata 2nd Pref 144 44-4 44

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 285 86-4
A.C.C. 155-12 55-4 55-8 54-8 55 54-12
Belapur 230 29
B. B. Old 512-8 3-2 6-14 2-8 3-12 2-8
B. B. New 171-4
B. B. Petrol 1-8-9 1-9 1-8-3
B.I.C. 8-8-6 8-9
I. Copper 2-4 2-3-6
Port Canning 53
P. Construction 91 91-8 90-12 91 38-8 90
Shivrajpur 35-8 35-4 35-8
Tata Chem. 11-11 11-9
Tata Oil 44-8 44-4
Dena Trust 14 13 (Ex Div)
Walchandnagar 130 29-6
Wimco 212-8 15

SPECIAL

All India Gen. Ins. 7-8
Josts's Engineering 50
Bombay Steam Debenture 91-14

GOLD AND SILVER

Increased Selling And Pofessional Support

BOMBAY, June 14.

The Bombay Bullion Exchange was quiet on increased selling pressure in view of increased arrivals and poor offtake. However professional operators being heavily long are supporting the market on all important setbacks to save themselves from possible heavy losses. They control the situation and the next settlement remains quoted at a discount of Rs. 2/4.

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 185-12 and declined at Rs. 185-2 on renewed selling but rallied at Rs. 185-8 on professional speculative buying. Ready Mint Silver was quoted at Rs. 185-6.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114-4 and sharply declined at Rs. 113-10 on increased liquidation. Thereafter the market recovered at Rs. 114-2 on short covering influenced by rally on Silver prices. Ready Gold was quoted Rs. Rs. 114-8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75.

Final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	183	4	0
Forward	184	0	0
Ready Gold	113	6	0
Forward	113	2	0

PRODUCE MARKET

Dull Trading

BOMBAY, June 14.

The produce market was dull today with buyers remaining uninterested on reports of good rains in upcountry: Naturally with utter absence of demand quotations were down as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ready	Rs. 44	4	0
Bold ready	44	4	0
Madras Coromandal	44	0	0
Oil Bombay Mills	23	4	0
Oil Ucountry Mills	22	9	0
Oil July	22	13	0
LINSEED—			
Bold ready	37	2	0
Small Satna	36	0	0
Bold July	37	8	0
Oil	21	2	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Bold	26	8	0
Ready	28	2	0
Madras quality	28	7	0
July	28	12	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 14

3 per cent Conversion	97	4	0
2 1/4 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	2	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	0	0
3 per cent 1963-55	101	8	0
3 per cent 1957	101	6	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	1	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	6	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	93	13	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960-70	109	14	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	100	8	0
4 per cent 1958-68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99	12	0
2 3/4 per cent C P 1961	97	2	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1980	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	10	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	8	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-55	100	8	0
3 per cent G. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.-W.-F 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U P 1901-68	99	8	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98	8	0
4 per cent BPI long dated	109	8	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109	12	0
5 per cent Bombay Muni 1959	113	8	0
6 per cent B. P. B. 1954	113	0	0

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, June 13

2 1/2 per cent British Consols	£71 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	95 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960-90	108
3 1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec. 1, 1952	93 7/8
Chartered Bank of India	9 9/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	79 1/2
National Bank of India	32 1/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,533 shares.

American Markets

Alternate Flurries Of Hedging And Covering In Cotton

BUYERS LIGHTEN LOTS IN WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, June 13.

Modest opening declines were sharply extended reflecting increased hedges together with profit-taking and stoploss selling. Liquidation was partly induced by more favourable growing conditions in the cotton belt and prospects for temporary subsistence of export covering in futures after the June 15th ECA deadline.

A recommendation by Senator Thomas that growers redeem their 1949 cotton loan before July 31st was possibly a contributing factor. Prices fluctuated erratically reflecting alternate flurries of hedging and short covering. A prominent spot house was a seller of near July against purchases of 1950 October believed to represent transferring of hedges. Final trade buying of nearbys was presumably against export business and some replacement demand. The market closed steady with sales at about 300,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK

July	33.74
October	33.00
December	33.00
March	33.03
Middling spot	34.81

NEW ORLEANS

July	33.49
October	32.89
December	32.88
March	bid 32.91
Middling spot	33.80

October highest 33.12 at 10-30, lowest 32.83 at 11.36 a.m.

WALL STREET MARKET

Prosperity On Sound Base

NEW YORK, June 13.

Numerous buyers were inclined to lighten commitments to allow corrective forces some play. Such other selling as materialised was sufficient only to push prices to losses mostly upto one dollar or so under the leadership of assorted steels, motors, rails, oils, farm implements aircrafts and chemicals. Constructionist sentiment continued cheerful with the Secretary of the Treasury declaring current prosperity rests on a sound base and there has been no important volume of speculation in the stock or commodity markets.

The earlier mentioned constructionists sentiment was translated into more positive action and most sections rallied from the lows. The final hour, however, still found prices showing a mild predominance of mostly fractional declines.

The rail average actually touched a new high for 1950 aided by an exceptional four point advance in Atchison to a new top of 120-3/4. The buying was associated with revival of rumours that Atchison stock might soon be split. The rally failed to hold and in some divisions new lows for the day followed. The market finished with a predominance of declines ranging to one dollar or more. The market closed heavy.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph 159-1/4 ex-Div.
Amerex Holding Co. 34-1/2.
Anaconda Copper 32-3/8.
Chase National Bank 38-7/8
Firestone Tyre 65-1/2.
General Electric 49-5/8.
General Motors 98-1/8
Ingersol Rand 66 bid.
International Nickel 28-5/8.
National City Bank 47-3/4.
N. Y. Central Railroad 13-7/8.
Sinclair Oil 27-5/8.
Socony Vacuum Corp. 20-3/8.
Texas Corp. 71.
Union Carbide 49-3/4.
U. S. Smelting and Refining 37-7/8.
U. S. Steel 36-1/2.
Western Union 27-3/8.
U. S. Steel highest and lowest trading prices were 37 and 36-1/4 respectively.

Volume of business on Wall Street was 1,780,000 shares.

Amsterdam Irregular

AMSTERDAM, June 13:

The market opened slightly irregular but later plantations scored a good advance particularly sugars while rubbers and tobaccos also closed above yesterday's closings. Internals were slow and hardly maintained. Shippings were a better market but were generally inactive. State loans were steadier.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA June 12.

KARNAK: July 74.00+125, Nov. 72.90+110, Jan. 72.65+85.

ASHMOUNI: June 140.00+1000, Aug. 128.00+2200, Oct. 62.05+160.

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, June 14.

Tata Ordinary 328, Tata Deferred 1,675, Indian Iron 29-12, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-11, Bombay Dyeing 965, Central India 232, Gokak 238, Kohinoor 298, Simplex 221, Swadeshi 250, Tata Power 1505, Associated Cement 155, Belapur 230, Bombay Burma (Old) 502-8, Scindia 10-11, Central Bank 83-8, New India 63-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 144.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, June 14.

120 Ready Japan	7	4	0
150 Ready Japan	6	6	0
120 Ready Italy	6	4	0
150 Ready Italy	6	0	0
150 D. Box July	1170	0	0
July opening	1105	0	0
Highest 1190 lowest	1040	0	0

Pepper Market Closed

BOMBAY, June 14.

As a result of a heavy decline in prices of pepper, a state of emergency has developed and the market remained closed.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Nervous Fluctuation

CHICAGO, June 13:

Prices fluctuated nervously party reflecting unsettled conditions in other commodities. Ideal weather conditions in the grainbelt brought increased pressure on wheat. Exporters and flour mills, however, supported wheat representing covering against sale of cargo of wheat to Holland as well as sales of 110,000 sacks of flour to the government agency for shipment to Greece. The news that the ECA granted Italy 7,100,000 dollars to buy United States bread grain of which 6,283,000 for wheat and the balance for flour attracted attention.

WHEAT QUOTATIONS

July	2.11
September	2.12-1/2
December	2.15
March	2.16

N. Y. Pepper Weak

NEW YORK, June 13

The spot pepper market was weak and brokers report offerings as low as 1.03 dollars per pound. The weakness is attributed to increased offerings of pepper from Indonesia as a result of substantially improved crop prospects in that country. Following are today's closing prices: Black pepper: Spot 1.03 asked. Old Contract: June 1.05 nominal, July 1.10 asked, August 1.10 nominal and September 1.10 nominal. New Contract: June 1.05 asked, July 1.10 nominal, August 1.10 nominal and September 1.10 nominal. White pepper spot 2.25 asked.

London Pepper Easy

LONDON, June 13

The pepper market was again easier but prices were not fully tested. Black Lampong, June/July, was indicated at 8sh. and White Muntok at 14sh. 3d. shipping weight with White Sarawak at 14sh. 6d., delivered weight per pound c.i.f., basis ports. Malabar afloat was quoted at 1,000 shillings.

London Bullion

LONDON, June 13

Silver spot and forward 63 1/2 pence.
Gold Bars Fine per ounce £12-8-0

Paris Bourse

PARIS, June 13:

Early selling attributed to unsettling domestic political news slackened later today and the bourse steadied in broader dealings. Industrials finished with some improvement in forwards while steels were the best feature in a generally satisfactory spot market. Internationals were quiet. Rentes were more unsettled with the three per cent perpetual sharply lower.

Brussels Stocks Recover

BRUSSELS, June 13:

Prices rallied strongly in late dealings after early quiet irregularity which had prompted a belief that the market was taking a breathing spell after the recent firmness. Rubbers were unsettled by the lower commodity price but joined in the final recovery.

N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, June 13:

Demand contracted in the open market and further cuts in buying are generally expected. The turnover approximated 125,000 ounces at unchanged level.

N. Y. Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, June 13: Stock Exchange opening prices: Anaconda copper mining unquoted, General Motors 98-3/4, U.S. Steel Common 36-3/4 U.S. Steel Pref. 145-1/4.

New York Cotton

NEW YORK, June 13 (PTI-Reuter): New York cotton opening October 33.11.

T. T. New York on London previous closing 2,79-7/8/2.80-1/8.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, June 13; London silver spot and forward 63-1/2d.

Gold bars fine per oz. £12-8-0.

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on New York 2,7987/2.8012

Singapore Quiet

SINGAPORE, June 12:

The pepper market was quiet with Black Lampong at 440 dollars per picul and White Muntok at 765 both 10 lower.

London Copra And Oil Dull And Easy

LONDON, June 13.

The Copra market was dull and easier. Philippines bulk, June/July, was quoted at 187 dollars and Straits/Dutch East Indies fair merchantable at £81 delivered weight both par ton c.i.f.

The Cocoanut Oil market was quiet with Straits in drums quoted at £120 and in bulk at £117, Ceylon in drums at £119 1/2 and in bulk at £114 all per ton c.i.f. June shipment.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 14.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435
Banks Buying T T Rs 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate doi 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10 63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Dl. 89.40-90 London/Japan Cross Rate Fcs 10-65-85 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/-.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate doi 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate doi 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 2 23-12.26
London Discts 3 Mos 11/16 p.c
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Easy

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Feeling In Buying

CALCUTTA, June 14.

A slightly better feeling was in evidence in the more speculative shares on renewed buying operations. Other shares remained more or less unchanged. Following are today's final transactions upto 3 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent India Government loan 1963/65 10/4 3 per cent India Government loan 1970/72 99-13 4 per cent India Government loan 1960/70 109-6 small lot.

COTTONS: Elgin Mills Pref. 161 New Victoria Mills Ord. 2-3 New Victoria Mills Pref. 4 Small odd lot.

COALS: Bengal 515 Bhalgora 8-4 Bharat 6-10 Burrakh 13-13 East Indian 35-4 Guzdar Kajora 7-4 Jogta 2-11 New Beerbhoom 15-4 New Manbhoom 23-12 Parasea 3-7 Sendra 127-4 Talcher 27-1.

JUTES: Budge Budge 161 Dalhousie 157 Odd lot Ganges 271 Howrah 28-10 India 155 Kanknarrah 161 Small lot National 24-2 Nellimarla 31-6 Presidency 8-5 Rameshwara 8-7 Reliance 20-1.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 27-3 Christien Mica Defds. 4-14 Consolidated Tin As. 14 Ind. Copper Corpn. 2-4 Tavoy Tin As. 9.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaites 7-12 Indian Iron and Steel Ord. 30 Indian Standard Wagon 75 Jessops 15-7 Kumardhubi Engineerings 7-12 Marshalls 7-13 Steel Corpn. of Bengal Ord. 207-4 United Iron As. 14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 6 Sone Valley Cement 6-6 Calcutta Electric 15-4 New Asiatic Insurance 4-11 Aluminium Corpn. 67-4 Bic 8-8 Cal. Tramways 17 Dunlop Rubber 44-12 Hoare Miller 154 Indian Cables 53-8 Ind. Wood Products 34 XD Ivan Jones 5-6 Jardine Henderson 152 National Tobacco 19 Tide Water Oil 17-7 Bengal Paper 52-4 C T Indian Paper Pulp 155 Orient Paper 36-3 Titaghur Paper 39-4 India Steamship 6-8.

SUGARS: Buland 10-5 Carews 8-4 Mohini 2-3.

TEAS: Dufflaghur 33-14 Moheema 6-8 Patrakola 202 Small lot Pussimbing 10-2 Teen Ali 21-4 Teesta Valley 25-8 Tengpani 217-2

INDEX NUMBERS OF SECURITY PRICES

(BASE: 1938—100)
ALL INDIA

Group and Sub-group	Week Ended 4-6-1949	6-5-50	27-5-50	3-6-50
GOVT. AND SEMI-GOVT. SECURITIES				
Govt. of India Loans	101.48	100.85	100.88	100.92
Indian States Loans	100.51	98.83	98.86	98.85
Municipal, Port Trust and Improvement Trust Loans	97.83	97.23	97.23	97.23
GROUP INDEX	101.37	100.73	100.76	100.80
FIXED DIVIDEND INDUSTRIAL SECURITIES				
Electricity	79.4	80.0	80.1	80.1
Cotton	154.2	149.9	148.4	149.8
Jute	104.9	88.8	89.7	89.7
Coal	111.8	105.0	104.0	103.2
Iron & Steel	90.1	92.8	92.8	92.9
Sugar	124.0	102.8	104.7	105.4
Paper	108.7	99.2	99.2	99.2
Plantations	115.6	111.6	113.4	114.1
GROUP INDEX	105.54	100.49	100.97	101.09
VARIABLE DIVIDEND INDUSTRIAL SECURITIES				
Banks	122.8	120.9	120.7	121.2
Insurance	126.9	125.0	125.6	125.1
Investment Trusts	185.4	162.5	163.9	164.0
Electricity Companies and Tramways	82.8	85.7	85.4	85.2
Shipping & Other Transport Companies	104.4	88.1	85.9	85.7
Railways	91.4	90.6	91.2	91.3
Plantations	127.6	136.6	145.9	145.9
Cotton, Woollen & Silk	157.6	157.1	154.4	153.7
Jute	95.1	80.1	84.0	82.9
Coal	108.5	110.6	112.0	112.2
Mining & Oil	56.7	62.2	64.8	63.7
Iron & Steel	118.6	148.7	145.8	145.5
General Engineering	136.6	164.1	164.9	164.6
Sugar	117.4	111.2	110.2	109.8
Breweries	100.4	100.0	98.5	97.5
Chemicals	150.9	163.6	163.5	164.6
Paper	86.8	114.8	119.3	120.3
Cement	112.4	129.5	127.2	127.4
GROUP INDEX	114.27	118.07	118.86	118.50
REGIONAL				
REGION AND GROUP				
BOMBAY				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	100.83	100.01	100.04	100.09
Fixed Dividend Industrials	97.4	99.7	99.7	99.8
Variable Dividend Industrials	124.2	133.8	131.5	131.4
CALCUTTA				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.67	101.11	101.12	101.17
Fixed Dividend Industrials	115.0	99.6	100.0	100.0
Variable Dividend Industrials	107.9	106.7	108.8	108.3
MADRAS				
Govt. and Semi-Govt. Securities	101.56	101.04	101.07	101.09
Fixed Dividend Industrials	119.9	115.7	118.0	118.7
Variable Dividend Industrials	134.5	140.9	141.7	141.8

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

Russia's New Budget: 18.5% For Defence

SMALLER SURPLUS THIS YEAR

MOSCOW, June 14. (PTI-Reuter).

MARSHAL STALIN, members of the Politburo, and most of the diplomatic corps in Moscow last night heard Soviet Finance Minister Arseni Zverev present his 1950 budget, which provides 70,940 million roubles for defence.

The rouble allocation for defence represented 18.5 per cent of the total budget.

The budget was presented at a joint session of the two houses of the Supreme Soviet, the Soviet of the Union and the Soviet of Nationalities.

The budget provides for an income of 432,000 million roubles and expenses of 427,900 million roubles—leaving a balance of 4,100 million compared with a surplus of 24,700 million last year.

Finance Minister Zverev explained that the small surplus in 1950 was due to a lowering of wholesale and retail prices.

The Finance Minister said the main part of the budget was aimed at development of the national economy, a further rise in national culture, and raising of the living standards of the people.

He stated that the gross output of the entire Soviet industry in 1949 was twenty per cent up on the preceding year.

EXPEL S. AFRICA FROM U. N.

Call To All Nations

NAIROBI, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): The executive committee of the East African Indian National Congress yesterday called on "all democratic nations and particularly the independent countries of Asia and Africa" to take steps to have South Africa expelled from the United Nations "until South African non-European communities are given full citizenship rights".

The committee passed a resolution condemning the South African Government for pursuing its apartheid (social separation) policy by proceeding with its Group Areas Bill.

The resolution also welcomed the announcement by the Government of India of its refusal to proceed with the proposed Round-Table Conference between the Indian, Pakistan and South African Governments.

APARTHEID WILL END FRICTION

Dr. A. L. Geyer's View

LONDON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): Dr. A. L. Geyer, newly appointed South African High Commissioner in London, said yesterday that there could be "no greater fallacy" than to imagine that the British democratic system could be extended to all peoples, irrespective of their stages of development.

"At least for many years to come, the white man will have to remain the ruler of South Africa, in the interest of the Bantu themselves no less than of South Africa as a whole", he added, when speaking at the London South Africa Club.

Dr. Geyer said he believed the policy of separateness, wisely applied, offered the prospect of decreasing, not increasing friction.

A Challenge, Says Scott

LONDON, June 14 (PTI-Reuter).—The Reverend Michael Scott, campaigner for the rights of Africans, said in a sermon at St. Paul's Cathedral yesterday that South Africa's policy of apartheid was a challenge to the Christian faith.

Even at this late stage, the Christian churches could "achieve a miracle" and could prevent the disaster of apartheid, he said.

'QUAKE SHOCK

POONA, June 14, (PTI): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre about 415 miles away from Poona was recorded by the seismographs in the Meteorological Office at Poona at 9-56 a.m. today.

No Witch Hunts In Canada

OTTAWA: Prime Minister Louis St. Laurent of Canada recently declared himself against outlawing Communism, and a House of Commons vote supported this stand.

During the Communist debate in the Commons, Mr. St. Laurent said that some interesting anti-Communist experiments are being attempted at the present time in Australia, South Africa, Malaya and India.

"We shall be interested", he said, "in seeing what are the effective results of that method. There are other things being practised across the border (in the United States), a sort of witch hunt. I do not think that has created a very favourable impression on our Canadian public."

Wagner Festival Planned Again

BAYREUTH.—Wieland and Wolfgang Wagner, grandsons of the composer, Ricjard Wagner, have announced here that the Wagner festical will again take place in traditional form this year. It will start on July 27.

The festival will open with Beethoven's ninth symphony, conducted by Wilhelm Furtwa engler. Wagner's Parseval, the Meistersinger, and the Ring of the Nibleungs, will follow.

Dr. Moritz Kloenne, President of the Society of the Friends of Bayreuth, where Wagner lived and worked during the latter part of his life, said the financial problem of the festival was settled by an initial fund of 400,000 marks (£33,000 sterling) allocated by the Society.—PTI-Reuter.

SLIM HOLDS OUT A THREAT

Evacuation Of British Troops From Egypt

CAIRO, June 14, (PTI-Reuter): The Cairo weekly "Akher Saa" said today that Field Marshall Sir William Slim, chief of the Imperial General Staff, in his recent defence talks here threatened Egypt with the evacuation of British troops.

Egyptian officials who took part in the talks, according to the weekly, said Marshal Slim repeated his "threat" several times, mentioning "Israeli ambitions and "the seriousness of the international situation."

RAIN-MAKING: NEW STYLE

MANDALAY—Local, damsels helped to break a heat wave that had afflicted the people here for some weeks.

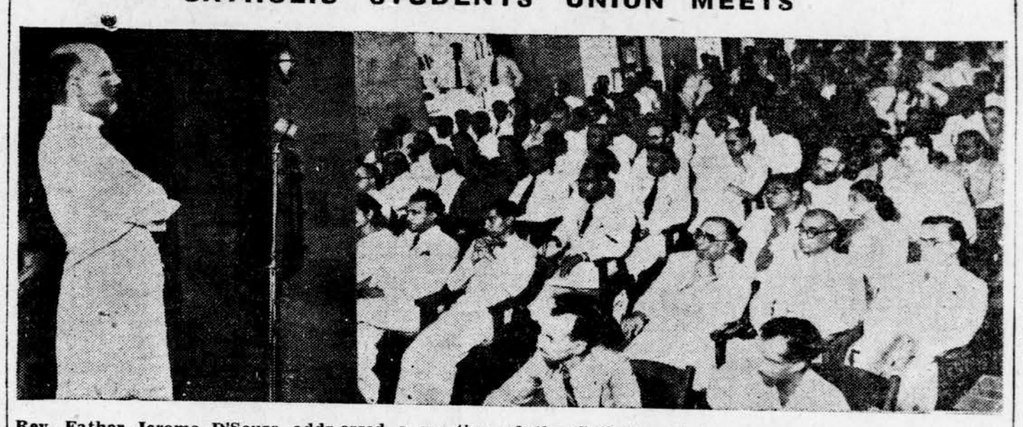
They did not scatter ice pellets from the air. Their formula was simple a tug-o' war to the accompaniment of misic.

Before the girls had returned to their homes, a strong breeze swept over the town. This was followed in the early hours of the morning by a smart shower making the town delightfully cool.—PTI-Reuter

No Truck With Israel

GENEVA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): The Governments of Egypt, Lebanon and Syria have told the Palestine Conciliation Commission that they could not accept its proposal for mixed Arab-Jewish committees until Israel agress to implement the United Nations resolution on Palestine refugees, it was learned here.

CATHOLIC STUDENTS' UNION MEETS



Rev. Father Jerome D'Souza addr essed a meeting of the Catholic Students' Union at St. Xavier's College Hall on Wednesday.

INDIA'S ROLE IN U. N. ASSEMBLY

J. D' Souza On Why She Does Not Join West

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The great part played by India in the United Nations General Assembly and his own contribution in making America understand this country better was explained by Fr. Jerome D'Souza, Principal of the Loyola College, Madras, and one of the members of the Indian Delegation to the UN General Assembly, this evening.

Speaking under the auspices of the Catholic Students Union at the St. Xaviers Hall, Father D'Souza gave a detailed account of the proceedings at the UN Assembly and referred to the wise and effective stand taken by this country in debates regarding colonial administration and on the ticklish question of war and peace.

As for the cleavage between East and West, Father D'Souza observed that India's role was that of a neutral, she having no time, energy nor means to enter into any conflict.

He himself had explained to the number of Americans, whom he had the pleasure to meet and who always asked him why India was not throwing her lot with the Western Allies, that India was essentially passive, following truly in the footsteps of Gandhiji who always believed in non-violence. He also told that India had a great role to play in the international field and that by her non-violent stand. she hoped to impress upon other nations the only way to peace.

DIXON VISITS TOWN NEAR POONCH

Muslim Citizens' Reception

POONCH (Jammu), June 14, (PTI): Thousands of Muslim inhabitants greeted the United Nations Kashmir Mediator, Sir Owen Dixon, with cries of "Jai Hind" and "Sher-e-Kashmir Zindabad" when he paid a brief visit to Mandi, fourteen miles from Poonch, yesterday.

Sir Owen travelled by jeep over a narrow, winding, rugged track to reach Mandi. The citizens of Mandi, inhamited pre-dominantly by Muslims, hurriedly cleaned up the streets and shops, erected four improvised archways and lined up on both sides of Mandi Bazar to receive him.

Sir Owen told them through an interpreter that he had come all the way from Australia to settle the Kashmir dispute and he was confident of the success of his mission of peace for the people of Kashmir State.

The citizens wished him all success in his task. Later in the evening, Sir Owen was the guest of honour at a dinner at the Indian Army officers' mess at Poonch.

Sir Owen left Poonch this morning for Murree across the "cease-fire" line.

THE DAILY TREK

CALCUTTA, June 14, (PTI): During the past 24 hours 6,698 Hindus and 1,758 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 5,71 Hindus and 3,792 Muslims left, according to a West Bengal Government press note issued tonight.

During the same period the note adds, 111 Hindus and 62 Muslims arrived and 67 Hindus and 73 Muslims left by air.

'Food Problem In India Not Due To Rising Population'

AMRIT KAUR'S VIEW

LONDON, June 14. (PTI-Reuter).

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR India's Health Minister, told a press conference here today she was "not terribly worried" about India's increasing population.

She did not think that India's food problem was acute mainly because of the growing population. In any case they could judge the impact of population on the country only after the correct census figures were available.

The Government of India were now worried over many other bigger things, she said. They wanted social reforms that would help them to overcome many difficulties.

Asked about the Government's attitude to birth control to limit population, she said that birth control was not practicable in India on a national scale in the present conditions.

There was also a deep-rooted prejudice against it in the mind of the average Indian. But there were other methods of coping with the population problem. She suggested that raising the marriage age for instance would be one very healthy way of limiting the family.

Asked her opinion about the National Health Insurance Scheme in Britain, she said: "I am quite sure that it is the right thing for every country".

She hoped that India would be able, in course of time, to adopt the same system, profiting by any mistakes made in Britain.

REFUGEES' CLAIMS

Mode Of Application For Forms

NEW DELHI, June 14.

Claim forms for displaced persons will be available on payment after June 26 at all head post offices. But in Bombay and Delhi, forms will be available at all post offices.

Forms are available in five languages and may be filled in any of these languages.

Prescribed fees must be paid along with the claims in the manner specified.

Arrangements have separately been announced for D.Ps. who have gone abroad.

Imprisonment or fine or both have been prescribed for those filing exaggerated or duplicate claims. Such persons will forfeit all rehabilitation benefits.

As a period of three months has been provided for filing claims, do not rush with your forms in the first few days.

ADD WATER AND GET BUTTER

STOCKHOLM--A group of Swedish dairies have evolved a butter powder which does not turn rancid in hot weather.

He powder, made from milk by a secret patented process, turns into ordinary butter when mixed with water.

The dairies hope to export their product to the tropics and other areas where food is hard to keep.—PTI-Reuater

FREE INSIDE HIS HOUSE

Laik Ali Case Arguments

SECUNDERABAD, June 14 (UPI).—In the Mir Laik Ali Escape Case, which came off today in Secunderabad, side by side with the trial of the Laik Ali Cabinet Ministers at Trimulgherry, Rao Bahadur Rajaram Iyer, Advocate-General, replied to the defence arguments that the order of the Inspector-General of Police, Hyderabad, restricting the ex-Premier's movements to his house was 'ultra vires' of the Indian Constitution and, therefore void.

The Advocate-General, who would continue his arguments tomorrow, countered the defence by pointing out that the restriction of the movements of Mir Laik Ali was not "repugnant" to Article 22 of the Constitution of India, inasmuch as Mir Laik Ali's case was not a case of arrest. It was merely a case of prevention to secure public safety.

The ex-Premier, he said, occupied the same house where he was staying before; his wife and children lived with him; he had the use of six to seven servants; his relations and friends visited him frequently although with permission; he was allowed access to his agents looking after his properties—farms and lands; his personal physician visited him whenever he desired to see him; he received monies from his agents and actually received Rs. 26,000 from Arifuddin, A-1 4.

In short, he added, inside the house, his movements were free. There was, however, restriction on his movements outside. There his movements were subject to permission of the Inspector-General of Police.

This could not be called by any stretch of imagination a negation of freedom of movement, necessitating his being produced before a magistrate or commissioner as required under Article 22 of the Constitution.

The Advocate-General had not finished his reply to the defence claim under Article 91 of the Constitution when the court rose for the day.

USE OF SOLDIERS DURING STRIKE

Condemnation By British Trade Union

BLACKPOOL (Lancashire), June 14. (PTI-Reuter): The National Committee of the powerful British Amalgamated Engineering Union condemned the use of servicemen to break official industrial disputes by 27 votes to 25 today.

The resolution referred to the Government's practice of introducing troops as strike-breakers as "gross interference in matters which should be settled by negotiations by the parties concerned."

Money For War Victims

FLORENCE, June 14 (PTI Reuter): Mrs. Kushwant Singh wife of the Press Attache to the Indian delegation at the United Nations, Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation conference here, yesterday collected money from UNESCO delegates to help Italian child victims of the war.

She was helped by Miss Urmila Sankatullah, an Indian Government scholar in Florence.

They both collected over 300,000 lire.

A SULTAN VISITS "JUMNA"

Cocktail Party Given

PORT SWETTENHAM, June 14: His Highness the Sultan of Selangore, one of the premier states of the Malayan Federation, yesterday visited I.N.S. "Jumna", leader of the Indian Navy's 12th frigate flotilla, radios V. C. Natarajan, P.T.I. Special Correspondent.

Captain B. S. Soman, Flotilla Commander, received the Sultan on board the INS "Tir" which was lying alongside.

A salute of 17 guns was fired in honour of the Sultan who was also provided with a guard of honour.

Captain Soman introduced Commander G. Mohan, Officer Commanding I.N.S. "Krishna", and Commander David, Officer Commanding I.N.S. "Tir", to the Sultan.

Later, the Sultan attended a cocktail party given by Captain Soman and officers of the flotilla to prominent persons of Port Swettenham and Kuala Lumpur.

The guests included members of the Malayan Indian Congress, members of the Sultan's family and officers of the Malayan Federal Government.

Earlier, the Indian citizens of Klang, a town about four miles from Port Swettenham, gave a reception to officers of the frigate flotilla.

A party of officers and ratings visited a rubber plantation and oil palm factory, about 12 miles from here.

The ratings spent about an hour going round various establishments and were shown the processes in the production of rubber and manufacture of palm oil.

Best Flour, At A Price

OHAWA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): A Government spokesman said yesterday that Canada could supply Ceylon with "the best flour in the world" if she was willing to pay for it, the Canadian press reported.

He was commenting on an announcement in Colombo that Ceylon had stopped all further purchases of Canadian flour until Canadian suppliers could guarantee "good quality".

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

CONFESSION, says Devere Allen, used at one time to be regarded as good for the soul; now in certain places it is recognized as a way of preserving one's body. We must congratulate ourselves on the fact that here at any rate it is still regarded as good for the soul, even when it is felt that what is good for the soul will secure material benefits which would otherwise evade one.

For some time now I have been reading so much of the confessions of others, big and small, that I have shown, I think, considerable resistance in not succumbing to the temptation even though the Editor has been good enough to place this space at my disposal. The trouble is that no one seems happy at the thought of my making a clean breast of things; most of them fear that my confessions will implicate them more than "confess" me. And—well, I suppose they have guilty consciences. I have always believed that confessions which only concerned oneself without embarrassing others, are not worth the paper they are printed on. But it will be dishonest to say that this holds generally true. There is, I have learnt, a positive virtue in being able to say, "I have sinned". After all, man is no vegetable and why should he try to camouflage himself as one?

Therefore, let me begin by saying, "I have sinned"—not in any big way because somehow I am so unlucky in the big things that I lose invariably and the fear of being found out has cramped my style. Maybe, I was so long only in the process of acquiring the necessary training for greater things that may be in store. But, let all who are big-way sinners and eager to find company, realize that I have served my apprenticeship. Who knows, this might cause Opportunity which has evaded me so far consistently with undisguised contempt, to cast a more kindly eye in my direction. Then, no doubt, my importance will rise with the increase of the sinning.

For the moment, let us content ourselves with this moderate confession. As my memory glances back over the barren past of a monotonous existence eked out mostly at a typewriter, there are one or two peaks that stand out. I am not thinking of the couple of tops and two dozen marbles or so which I took over from the Master's table of confiscated goods; I am not thinking of the things that I acquired in suburban trains and in long distance journeys, nor even of the things that I did not take when I could; I am not thinking even of the bargains I bought off the streets and sold at a higher price to greater mugs who trusted me. All these were in the day's work and the most honest of us can, if he chooses, match them from his own life; besides, honesty forces me to admit that I have been as often, to say the least, mulcted in "costs" as it were.

Then, what you will ask is all this pother about? You can keep on asking. But, if a plain unvarnished confession is not enough, then it is not worth going into further.

POSTAL UNION COMMITTEE EXPELS KMT

FIRST U. N. AGENCY TO GIVE RECOGNITION TO RED CHINA

NEW DELHI, June 14 (PTI): India has been aked to investigate ways of prolonging the life of jute bags which carry all international mails.

This information was given here by Mr. H. L. Jerath, Deputy Director General, P. and T. Department, who recently returned from Montreux where he had gone to represent India at the meeting of the Executive and Liaison Commission of the Universal Postal Union. He also visited the international stamp exhibition, London, to study the preservation and arrangement of stamps with a view to applying them in this country.

Mr. Jerath said that one of the most far-reaching decisions that was taken at the conference was the expulsion of the representative of Nationalist China and the recognition of the Republican delegate as the sole representative of China.

This move which was made by Czechoslovakia was seconded by India and it was a bold decision in view of the fact that this was the first agency of the United Nations to recognise Republican China on the grounds that it was the Government in charge of the postal administration of the country.

Another important item that was raised at the meeting was the question of air mail transport charges and it was decided to hold a special conference with the representatives of the International Air Transport Association in Cairo in January 1951 to discuss the question of conveyance of mails by air and payment of conveyance charges to air companies. The recommendations of this conference will be presented to the next session of the Executive and Liaison Commission which will meet at St. Galle in Switzerland on May 21, 1951.

India has been one of the original members since 1874 of the Universal Postal Union.

Kisans Arrested In Nepal

PATNA, June 14 (PTI): Sixty kisans were arrested in Parasi Bazar in Palhi District in Nepal on Saturday last, according to a report received here by Mr. B. P. Koirala, the Nepali Congress leader.

Food Precautions In Switzerland

BERNE, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): The Swiss Government has ordered that the emergency food stocks, to be laid up by every Swiss household in case of war, must be assembled by the end of September.

For the two-month period which the Government estimates food imports would be cut off by a European war, each household must hold stocks including seven pounds of sugar, four pounds of cooking fats and twelve pounds of rice, flour or oats.

HEADACHE OVER JORDAN

League's New Move

ALEXANDRIA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): The Political Committee of the Arab League last night laid down a new line of policy which it hoped would solve the dispute with Jordan overthe incorporation of Arab Palesteine, it was learned from a usually reliable source.

Though Azzam Pasha, League Secretary General had earlier announced that the Political Committee reached no decisions, the sourse claimed the Committee had rejected an Iraqi plan to "shelve" the Jordan problem.

The new move, it was understood, was to ask Jordan herself to present a compromise proposal acceptable to the other six members of the League, on the annexation of Eastern Palestine.

Unwanted Weeds

SOFIA, June 14 (PTI-Reuter): A "rigorous" weeding-out process in the Bulgarian Communist Party has been announced by Prime Minister Valko Chervenkov.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe She Was A Hat-Check Girl

By BUD FISHER

WHAT'S THAT?
IT'S A CHECK FOR THE MONEY I OWE YOU, MUTT!
CHECK? DO YOU ALWAYS SIGN YOUR CHECKS WITH X's?
SURE! I ALWAYS SIGNED MY NAME WITH AN X—
THEN WHEN I GOT A GOOD JOB I SIGNED MY NAME WITH TWO X's
BUT THIS CHECK HAS THREE X's
YEH, I'M GONNA GET MARRIED AND MY GIRL THINKS I SHOULD HAVE A MIDDLE NAME!

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